B·S·A
Prices GREATLY REDUCED
Wellington Cycle & Motor Co. Hornby Rd., Fort, B'bay.

The Bombay Chronicle

B·S·A
PRICES
Greatly Reduced
Wellington Cycle & Motor Co.
Hornby Road, Fort, BOMBAY.

FOUNDED BY SIR PHEROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

VOL. XIII NO. 228— BOMBAY SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 26 1925 ONE ANNA

ANOTHER WEEK! AT PUBLIC REQUEST !! ONE MORE WEEK!!!

Krishna Film Co's. Super-Production with Gorgeous Splendour

"CHANDHRA-KANT"

OR

"FILIAL DUTY, SELF-SACRIFICE AND SEARCH OF MAGIC JEWEL"

WILL BE SCREENED AT

KRISHNA CINEMA

USUAL TIME AND MODERATE RATES

DUBASH THEATRE (New Charni Road.)

SHIPPING.

THE SCINDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LTD.

FORTNIGHTLY SERVICES BETWEEN:

1. Rangoon, Bombay, Karachi, via Malabar.
2. Rangoon, Madras, Colombo.
3. Calcutta and Karachi via Coast Ports.
4. Rangoon, Calcutta, according in demand.

For freights and other particulars apply to:—

Messrs. NAROTTAM MORARJEE & CO. Agents, Ballard Estate, BOMBAY.

BANKING.

THE PUNJAB NATIONAL BANK LIMITED.

ESTABLISHED 1895.

	Rs.
Capital Authorised	1,00,00,000
Capital Issued	50,00,000
Capital Subscribed	50,00,000
Capital Paid upto 30-6-25	30,80,305
Reserve Fund	25,60,000

HEAD OFFICE: LAHORE.

Amritsar	Hoshiarpur	Multan City
Amballa City	Hyderabad (Sind)	Montgomery
Amballa Cant.	Jullundur	Okara (Dist. Montgomery)
Bombay	Jammu	Peshawar City
Cawnpore	Jhelum City	Peshawar Cant
Calcutta	Karachi	Patiala
Delhi	Kasur	Quetta
D. I. Khan	Lahore City	Rawalpindi
Ferozepore	Lyallpur	Sargodha
Gujranwalla	Ludhiana	Sialkot
Gojra	Meerut City.	Sim'a
Hafizabad		Srinagar

London Agents:
THE MIDLAND BANK, LTD.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened and interest allowed at 3 per cent. from January to June and 2½ per cent. from July to December, at Bombay on a minimum daily balance of Rs. 500 to Rs. 1,00,000.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for 12 months and shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS.—Sums as low as Rs. 10 received and interest allowed at 4½ per cent. per annum.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS and CASH CREDITS.—The Bank grants accommodation terms to be arranged against approved securities.

CHEQUES, HUNDIS, BILLS, etc., of outstations are bought, collected and discounted.

For other particulars and rules of business apply to—

R. J. KHANNA, Manager.

THE BANK OF INDIA, LD.

ESTABLISHED 7TH SEPTEMBER, 1906.
(Incorporated under the Indian Companies Act VII of 1882).
HEAD OFFICE.
ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY
BRANCHES: Calcutta & Ahmedabad.
LONDON AGENTS:
THE WESTMINSTER BANK, LTD.
CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED... Rs. 2,00,00,000
CAPITAL PAID-UP ..... Rs. 1,00,00,000
RESERVED FUND ..... Rs. 74,00,000

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest is allowed on daily balances from Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2 1/2 per cent. per annum from January to June and at 2 per cent per annum from July to December. On sums exceeding Rs. 1,00,000 interest is allowed by special arrangement. No interest will be allowed which does not amount to Rs. 3 per half year.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Deposits are received fixed for one year or for shorter period at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK ACCOUNTS opened on favourable terms. Rules on application.

A. G. GRAY, Manager.

BANKING.

ALLAHABAD BANK LTD.

ESTABLISHED 1865.
Affiliated to the P. and O. Banking Corporation, Limited.

	Rs.
Authorised And Subscribed Capital	40,00,000
Capital Called Up	35,50,000
Reserve Fund	44,50,00

Head Office: CALCUTTA.
Branches and Sub-Agencies:

Allahabad	Fyzabad	Moradabad
Allahabad City	Gorakhpur	Mussoorie
Amritsar	Hapur	Muttra
Bareilly	Hathras	Nagpur
Benares	Jhansi	Naini Tal
Bombay	Jubbulpore	Patna
Cawnpore	Lahore	Rae Bareli
Cawnpore City	Aminabad Park	Raipur
Chandausi	Lucknow	Rangoon
Dehra Dun	Lucknow City	Shahjahanpur
Delhi	Lyallpur	Sitapur
Etawah	Meerut	

CORRESPONDENTS.
In all the principal towns throughout India.
LONDON BANKERS:
The P. and O Banking Corporation, Ltd.
The National Provincial Bank Ltd.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS.
Opened free of charge.
FIXED DEPOSITS.
Received for long or short periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.
SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS.
Small sums received. Copy of rules can be obtained on application.
Government Paper and other securities purchased and sold the custody thereof undertaken and interest and dividends realized.
Loans and Cash Credits granted.
Currency Notes of any circle. Cheques and Hundies are received for credit in Fixed Deposit Account free of charge.
Banking business of every description transacted.
Copy of rules may be had on application at Head Office and at any of the Branches.
Passenger Letters of Credit are issued available for use on board P. and O. British India Steam Navigation Company (Home Line), and Orient Steamers, at Ports of call at the Offices of the Agents of the P. and O. Steam Navigation Company and British India Steam Navigation Company and at any Office of the P. and O. Banking Corporation, Ltd.

T. L. FOREMAN, Agent, Bombay Branch.

Allahabad Bank Building, Apollo Street, Bombay.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK LIMITED.

(REGISTERED IN LONDON.)
(ESTABLISHED 1880.)

	Yen.
Subscribed Capital	100,000,000
Paid-up Capital	100,000,000
Reserved Fund	83,500,000

HEAD OFFICE—YOKOHAMA.
BRANCHES:

Batavia	Karachi	Saigon
Bombay	Kobe	Seattle
Buenos Aires	London	San Francisco
Calcutta	Los Angeles	Samarang
Canton	Lyons	Shanghai
Changchun	Manila	Singapore
Darien	Nagasaki	Shimonoseki
Fengtien	Newchwang	Sourabaya
Hamburg	New York	Sydney
Hankow	Nagoya	Tientsin
Harbin	Osaka	Tokyo
Hongkong	Peking	Tsinan
Honolulu	Rangoon	Tsingtau.
Kai Yuan	Rio de Janeiro	Vladivostock

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved customers and interest is allowed at the rate of two per cent. per annum on daily balances of not less than Rs. 1,000 provided that the amount of half-yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year or shorter period on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.

I. WASHIO, Manager, Hornby Road, Bombay.

Post Box No. 207.

BANKING.

THE SHILOTRI BANK, LTD.,

Shilotri Bank Buildings, Tamarind Lane .. .. .. FORT, BOMBAY
Branches :—GIRGAUM and POONA CITY.

Assets exceed Rs. 40,00,000/-

SAVINGS BANK 5% p. a.

INVESTMENTS mainly in or against Government of India Securities.
GOVERNMENT OF INDIA SECURITIES Bought and Sold promptly.
ADVANCES GRANTED against Gold and Government of India Securities.

DR. PRABHAKAR S. SHILOTRY, M. A., PH. D.
Managing Director

THE EASTERN BANK, LTD.
(Incorporated in England).
HEAD OFFICE:
4, CROSBY SQUARE, LONDON, E.C. 3
BRANCHES:

Amara	Colombo
Baghdad	Hillah
Bahrein	Karachi
Basrah	Madras
Bombay	Mosul
Calcutta	

Authorised Capital	.....	£2,000,000
Paid-up Capital	.....	£1,900,000
Reserved Fund	.....	£ 300.000
Reserved Liability of Shareholders	.....	£1,000.000

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:
J. S. Haskell, Esq., Chairman.
Sir J. Legh-Wood, K.B.E., C.B., C.M.G.
Deputy Chairman,
Sir Percy Wilson Newson, Bart.
J. H. Batty, Esq.
G. Bromley-Martin, Esq.
Emile Francqui, Esq.
Capt. R. E. Sassoon, M.C.
BOMBAY COMMITTEE:
A. J. Raymond, Esq.
Sir Dinshaw Maneckjee Petit, Bart.
Narottam Morarji, Esq.
BOMBAY BRANCH:
Corner of Hornby Road and Churchgate Street.

INTEREST will be allowed on Fixed Deposits for one or two years at rates to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and Fixed Deposits received for shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

INTEREST allowed on Savings Deposit Accounts at 4 per cent. per annum. Copies of the Rules may be obtained on application.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE purchased. Loans and Credits granted on approved security and every description of Banking and Exchange Business undertaken. Purchases and Sales of British and Foreign Securities effected on usual terms.

L. F. TUCKER, Manager.

THE UNION BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED,

Subscribed Capital	... Rs.	1,19,70,000
Paid-up Capital	... Rs.	59,85,000

CURRENT ACCOUNTS.—Interest allowed at 3 per cent. per annum from January to June, 2½ per cent. per annum from July to December.

FIXED AND SHORT DEPOSITS received Rates to be ascertained on application.

SAVING BANK.

Interest allowed at 4½ per cent. Withdrawals twice a week.

Every description of Banking Business transacted.

Managing Agents,
THE CENTRAL BANK OF INDIA LIMITED,

INSURANCE.

OF INTEREST TO AN INTENDING ASSURER.

Extract copy of the letter dated 10-8-18, Karachi from UDHARAM JETHMAL, to the Managing Agents of:—

NATIONAL INDIAN LIFE INS. Co., Ltd., (Calcutta)
—ESTD. 1907—

A SOUND & PROGRESSIVE LIFE OFFICE

"I might here mention that the deceased was insured with several Companies BRITISH and INDIAN amongst which—YOURS HAS BEEN THE FIRST TO SETTLE THE CLAIM for which I am obliged."

The above letter vouches the ACTUAL TREATMENT experienced at the hands of the "NATIONAL INDIAN" in settlement of claims with wonderful promptitude.

DO NOT RISK

the payment of your Assurance, being unnecessarily delayed, but ASSURE IN THE OFFICE WHICH IS SHOWN TO BE "THE FIRST TO SETTLE."

For prospectus of Agency please apply to:—

BEHERAY & SONS
Chief Agents, Bombay Presidency,
265, Hornby Road, BOMBAY.

LIFE INSURANCE IS A NECESSITY.

DO INSURE YOUR LIFE WITH THE

INDUSTRIAL & PRUDENTIAL ASSURANCE CO., LTD.

(Head Office: 2, Rampart Row, Fort, Bombay.)
A PURELY INDIAN CONCERN
MANAGED BY INDIANS.
Apply for particulars to:—
Messrs. JIVANLAL DASTUR & CO.
Secretaries and Managers.
Telephone No. 1220.

INSURANCE.

THE

Rs. 100

Guaranteed Option Policy

ISSUED BY THE

EMPIRE OF INDIA

LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.
(Established 1897.)
IS THE LATEST AND BEST SCHEME
FOR MAKING PROVISION FOR ONE'S OLD AGE & FAMILY
PROSPECTUS ON APPLICATION
Head Office: 214, Hornby Road, Bombay. *Allum, Bharucha & Co., Managers.*

SURE MALARIA (AGUE) CURE.

Prof T. K. GAJJAR'S IONIC REMEDIES

AGUE MIXTURE .. for Malaria and Dengue; Curative
GERMICIDE .. a valuable preventive for Plague, Cholera, etc.
FEVER DROPS .. best for all Fevers, and cheaper than Quinine.
LIVER SOLUTION .. best reliable antiseptic, purgative.
Cologne Water, Embrocation, Tooth Powder, Ringworm Ointment, etc., also be had.

FREE TO POOR PATIENTS.

For further particulars write to:—

M. J. GAJJAR, M. A., F. C. S.

PROF. GAJJAR'S IONIC PHARMACY, KHETWADI MAIN ROAD, BOMBAY.

CAREERS

OPEN TO

YOUR BOY

MEDICINE
LAW
BUSINESS
BANKING
ACCOUNTANCY
ENGINEERING
INSURANCE
FINANCE
COMMERCE

Descriptive pamphlet showing how to arrange for his future issued free by the ZENITH LIFE ASSURANCE CO., LTD, 123, Esplanade Road, BOMBAY.

EYE TROUBLES

of any kind—Iritis, Stye, Watery Eye, Cornea Ulcer, redness etc. Even Cataract Glaucoma Granular lid cured without knife by our Cocoanut Brand "Lotus Honey"—genuine and purest in market. Cure guaranteed, Trial Solicited. Dram Rs. 2-8. 2 Drams Rs. 4-0. Ask free particulars to—
NEW FORMULA Co., B. and C. OFFICE Kandi, Bengal, India.
Tele: "Ulcer," Kandi.

THE ONLY INVESTMENT WHICH DOES NOT DEPRECIATE IN VALUE IS A

Life Assurance Policy

INSURE WITH

THE BOMBAY LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

67, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay.

AMRUTANJ

is the last word in th
for aches and pains.
of increasing sales
fact

AMRUT

Is the only
used in millio
certainly

CU

aches,
stiff
bru
ba

TAKE ADVANTAGE OF SPECIAL

CONCESSION RATES

IN OUR

CLASSIFIED SHORT

ADVERTISEMENT COLUMNS.

ON and from 1st June, 1925 our harges for Short Advertisements are as under:—

HALF ANNA

PER WORD

Minimum Twelve Words.

CLASSIFIED ADVTS.

Readers' Private Short Advertisements are inserted in these columns at the following rates:—

HALF ANNA PER WORD.

CASH MUST ACCOMPANY ORDER.

The full name and address of the advertiser is required, not necessarily for publication.

Advertisers who do not wish their names and addresses published will be given a Box number. The words, Apply Box No ..... Advertisement Department, "Bombay Chronicle," to be paid for.

Replies to advertisements cannot be forwarded, but can be obtained at the office on production of the voucher.

Answers to advertisements should be addressed as follows:—Box Number..... Advertisement Department, "Bombay Chronicle" Office, Bombay.

Unclaimed replies to advertisements, are destroyed after one month.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

...NTED—Men, knowledge of Bombay ...ets and wards, experienced campaigning Bombay section. Apply 2nd floor, Thacker and Co., Ltd., Building, Daily 11 to 12 a.m.

A24184

WANTED—YOUTHS to learn Shorthand and Typewriting. Reduced Fees. STANDARD TYPEWRITER CO., 39, Hornby Road, Bombay.

A R17...

WANTER—ACTIVE AGENTS with good references or surety in cash, to sell ...lon Gems, in India, Burma and foreign ...tries, liberal terms. E. A. S. ...TTA PARUMAL, Gem Merchant, ...iya Kandy Ceylon.

R1823

...ESPECTABLE and EN... GENTLEMEN to re... Chief Agents for The East ... Company, Ltd., for ... For terms etc., ...ETARIES, at 65, ...bay.

...M.

...Wa... an... 20

SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED—A DRAUGHTSMAN for a local Mill. Salary Rs. 50. Apply with testimonials to Box No. 1006, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."

A R1868

WANTED—A SHORTHAND TYPIST. Pay Rs. 50-60. Madrasee preferred. Apply Box No. 1007, Advt. Dept. "Bombay Chronicle."

A R1873

SITUATIONS WANTED.

AN experienced man seeks EMPLOYMENT for Japan, have control over Japanese language and market for over ten years. Write Box No. 1009, Advt. Dept. "Bombay Chronicle."

B R1877

WANTED—TUITIONS by a long experienced matriculated LADY TEACHER. Terms moderate. Please apply Box No. 1004, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."

B R1858

ENERGETIC GUJERATI GRADUATE, Fifteen years' experience as Teacher and Head Master wants SITUATION as Tutor, Companion or Secretary. For Terms Write to Box No. 1010 Advt. Dept. "Bombay Chronicle."

B R1882

ENERGETIC experienced well-connected youth desires going out of India as Secretary, Tutor or in business line. Terms very moderate. Please communicate with Box No. 1008, Advt. Dept. "Bombay Chronicle."

B 24165

HOUSES & FLATS TO LET.

TO LET—SHOPS FLATS and ROOMS for respectable Parsee and European families; Goverdhandas Mansions, Sopari Baug Road, Parel. For particulars see MISTRY on the premises.

C R1848

TO LET.—FLATS on upper and ground floors at Motlibai Street. Apply S. V. MISRI, 146, Nagdevi Street, Bombay 3.

C R1876

AVAILABLE immediately large airy 2nd floor, 78, Frere Road, opposite Prince's Dock, for office or European residential purposes. Apply Box No. 997, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."

C R1840

TO LET FLATS with spacious drawing room, bedrooms and bathroom, electric and gas fittings, at 135, Lamington Road, near Lal Chimney. Apply to GULABCHAND DEVCHAND, 16, Apollo Street, Fort.

C21125

TO BE LET—A specious GODOWN in Police Court Lane, behind Evans Fraser and Co. Write for particulars to THE MILL SUPPLY CO., 67, Tamarind Lane, Fort.

C R1872

TO LET—GODOWN, ROOMS, HALL, for Office use. "Abba Building" Carnac Road. Apply HAJEE MAHOMED ABBA & CO., Jackria Musjid, Bombay.

C R1824

ROOMS TO LET of a newly-built House, at Andheri. Only eight minutes' walk from the Station. Rent Rs. 13 per month. See BHAIDASBHAI. C/o. Bhicka Cullianji and Co., Chemists Shaikh Memon Street, Bombay 2.

C R1861

TO BE LET—Independent GROUND FLOOR, consisting of four rooms, best airy water tap inside, few minutes from station. Rent Rs. 45. Apply G. A. KULKARNI, 218, Khar Road or 67, Tamarind Lane, Fort.

C R1871.

TO BE LET—For HINDUS only. GROUND FLOOR of an AIRY BUNGALOW at Chaupatty, behind Wilson College. Apply DHIRAJLAL GHELLABHAI, Chaupatty.

C R1859

HOUSES, FLATS WANTED.

WORLI (Bombay—WANTED immediately small place, ROOMS with compound, must be cheap. Write NAGU c/o "Bombay Chronicle."

D R1864

FRUITS, FLOWERS, SEEDS

FINEST KULU APPLES—Fresh Walnuts, 11 lbs. basket for Rs. 5 inclusive of packing and postage. V. P. P. to all parts of India. Agent, ARAMGARH ORCHARDS, Kulu, Punjab.

R1788

MOTOR AND ACCESSORIES

...OR SALE—English Park Victoria and ... Wolseley 15, (4-5 seater car), good as ... Apply KHANSAHEB, c/o Messrs. ... Dinshaw, 121, Medows Street.

R1874

EDUCATIONAL.

THE KALKADEVI SHORTHAND AND TYPEWRITING INSTITUTION—Established 1898—The most successful and therefore the best. Testimonials from Members of Parliament and other Europeans, etc., etc. Subjects:—Book-keeping and Accountancy, Typewriting, Shorthand and Shorthand speed classes and all other commercial subjects. Excellent results every year. Special arrangements for Ladies. Managing Proprietor, GOPALDAS LALDAS, Princess Street Corner, Kalkadevi Road, Bombay.

ENROLMENTS for LONDON CHAMBER OF COMMERCE Examinations of May & CORPORATION OF ACCOUNTANTS' Examinations of June, 1926, will cease from 15th September, 1925. Brilliant Results secured every year, including Teachers Diplomas and Distinction certificates. Fees moderate. Prospectus from the PRINCIPAL, ALEXANDRA COLLEGE OF COMMERCE, Bhesania Building, Hornby Road, Bombay.

M.

INSTITUTE OF COMMERCE, Shorthand and Typewriting, No. 485, Kalkadevi Road, teaches Pitman's Shorthand and Typewriting under experts by their two months' special Course. Open from 8 a.m. to 7-30 p.m., Special arrangements for speed classes and for ladies Apply for prospectus.

M

BOOKS AND STAMPS.

AMERICAN STYLE LETTER HEADS printed with American Types. Design book free. TAJ PRINTING WORKS, opposite Hongkong Bank, off Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay.

L R1880

AMERICAN MAGAZINES:—Let's quote on your favourite magazines—you'll be surprised at our present very low prices! AMERICAN ADVERTISING SYNDICATE, 20F Tamarind Lane, Fort, Bombay.

L R1881

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST, STOLEN OR MISPLACED.—Scrip No. 286 for 25 Ordy. shares Nos. 14731/55 registered in my name in the Clive Mills Co., Ltd. of Calcutta, is lost, stolen or mislaid. Any body having any title to or interest in the same is hereby asked to communicate same to the Company within 15 days from the date hereof, on expiry of which application will be to the Company for issue of a duplicate scrip. (Sd.) RUKHAIABAI SHAIKH MAHAMADALY. Date 14-9-1925.

P.B. R1875

MACHINERY, TOOLS, Etc

WANTED—One SECOND-HAND BOILER, 30 feet by 7 feet with 125 lbs. pressure immediate delivery. Apply THE NEW PRINCE OF WALES PRESS CO., LTD., Home Street, Bombay.

K 24143

ICE MACHINES.—B. M. Katpitia, 46, Homji Street, Fort, Bombay. Post Box 759, supplies economical Ice Machines with latest improvements.

K R1878

TWO WET DOUBLERS FOR SALE—For immediate sale in excellent working condition. Two (2) Wet Doubling Frames (Scotch system) by Messrs. Platt Bros., Ltd.; year 1910 5" lift, 3½" gauge and 2¼" dia. of Ring, containing 296 spindles in each frame. Apply to:—THE RAJPUR MFG. CO., LTD., Ahmedabad.

K 24144

PHOTOGRAPHY

PHOTOGRAPHS.

Photographs of general interest are invited from readers from all parts of India for publication in "The Chronicle." Preference will be given to topical photographs on subjects of political, general, engineering, scientific or other interest. Accepted photographs will be paid for on publication, at usual rates.

The Editor undertakes no responsibility for the return of unaccepted photographs, but every endeavour will be made to return rejected photographs, accompanied by stamped addressed envelope.

All photographs must be sent to the

EDITOR,
"Bombay Chronicle,"
Medows St., Fort, Bombay.

SPORT.

'RACING WRINKLES'—How to win at racing. Showing how to make every bet a stonewall certainty, Re. 1. "Long odds." A system that never loses. Is fully explained. It is impossible to lose. Every bet a winning one, Rs. 5. KING AND CO., Booksellers, Hornby Road, Bombay.

S 24154

TRADE ANNOUNCEMENTS

NIK-KO SMOKERS' TOOTH-PASTE—This tooth paste is specially prepared for smokers but it is equally good for non-smokers also Obtainable from PARAB and CO., and KOWSER PERFUMERY Co., Parkboy Building, No. 2, Princess Street, Bombay and also from all Leading Merchants

T 24163.

PROPERTY FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Very fertile and healthy village of Umber, Talooka Chawrashi in Surat District, only two miles from Sachin Rly. Station and close to the sea. Best opportunity for the safest and lucrative investment. For further particulars apply Box No. 998, Advt. Dept. "Bombay Chronicle"

G R1850

R-U.—Intending to invest your money in good established business? If so then you must see personally or Communicate immediately with the Proprietor of The JAIPUR ART STUDIO, 1st Floor, Chotalal Building, opp. Telegraph Office, Kalbadevi Road, Bombay, 2. The owner is willing to give it up by sale of the concern or on hire. Full particulars on interview.

G RR1879

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE AND WANTED.

TYPEWRITER PRICES EXCEPTIONALLY REDUCED—Write or call for Price List. Oliver No. 5, Rs. 80; 9, Rs. 125. Remingtons 10 and 11, Rs. 110 upwards. Also Corona 3, Latest Improved Model, and Corona 4 (Four Bank Keyboard). American Factory Rebuilt as New Remington Visible Typewriters at Second-hand Prices. Do investigate. STANDARD TYPEWRITER CO., 319, Hornby Road, opposite Petit Institute, Fort, Bombay.

N

TYPEWRITERS FOR SALE.—New Yost No. 20, Foolscap or Brief Size, Rs. 200; Oliver 3, Rs. 60, Brief 70, Empire 1, Rs. 75. Remington 10, Rs. 125 to 200, Brief Rs. 140 to 200; Gujerati Rem. 120, Mahrati 125, Visible, Rs. 190; Corona 3, Rs. 85 to 125. Rem. Portable, Rs. 145; Corona, Improved, New, 195. Corona Four, Rs. 225; NICOLLS & COMPANY, Typerite Experts, opposite Petit Institute, Hornby Road, Bombay, Telephone No. 21223.

N WS

GLOBE'S TYPEWRITER BARGAINS:—

	Rs.
Corona latest Improved Model, New	195
Corona Four (Four-bank Keyboard), New	225
Remington Portable, New	234
Fox Portable (Shop-soiled)	125
Senta Portable (German), New	150
Underwood 5 Rs. 100, Remington 10 from	180
Empire No. 1 with Back spacer (Fine) ...	160
L. C. Smith Brief Size Rs. 85, Hammond Multi	85
Rebuilt Typewriters: Remington 10 and 11 and Oliver 9 and 11. Exceptionally low prices. Ribbons Carbon Papers. Repairs to All Makes.	

THE GLOBE TYPEWRITING CO., 24, Churchgate Street, Fort, Bombay

T

PROFESSION.

BOON to devitalised males. Pure Mercury Pill Rs. 20, each lasting months. Write VAIDYA PRABASHANKER R Ghatkopar, Thana.

P R1870

CORRECTLY PREDICTED who should stand 1st Class 1st in the last L.L.B. Examination. Ask him who has the honour. N. PURUSHOTTAM, Fortune Reader, and Evil Counteracter, Kothari Mansion, opp General Post Office. Trial Form Free on application.

MEDICAL FACULTY STRONGLY RECOMMENDS PSYCHOTHERAPY for your nervousness, sleeplessness, dyspepsia, palpitations, sexual, mental and other chronic disorders. DR. THAKORE, Laud Mansion, Churni Road Station.

P R1841

FREE TREATMENT FOR LEPROSY (Under Special Diet.)

FREE SAMPLE PACKETS OF THE Infallible remedy for Leucoderma or White Leprosy to prove its efficacy and to show that the disease is not incurable as supposed. It never fails. The sample packet will be enough to produce wonders in only one inch spot. Write for it at once, per V.P.P. for As. 6 to meet the cost of its transmission. Details of infallible remedies for Constipation, Dyspepsia, etc., etc. PANDIT KRIPARAM (Specialist in Leprosy,) 8, Nandibagan Lane, Salkhia (Howrah).

N.B.—"Leprosy and its Treatment," A guide to cure Leprosy. Price Re. 1, postage As. 5 extra.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

GOVERNMENT ANNOUNCEMENTS, Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

	per column inch per insertion.
1st Insertion ...	Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion ...	Rs. 5-8-0
3rd Insertion ...	Rs. 4-8-0
4th and Subsequent Insertions	Rs. 3-8-0

Mofussil advertisers are requested to send remittance in advance and state clearly, whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the classified short advertisement column.

SANDALWOOD SALE NOTICE.

GOVERNMENT AUCTIONS OF SANDALWOOD.

THE following quantities of sandalwood, more or less, will be sold by Auction on the dates and at the places given below:—

	Approximate quantity.	Place of sale.	Date of sale.
	Tons.		
Coorg sandalwood.	300	Fraserpet.	25-11-1925
Madras sandalwood	200	Satyamangalam	2-12-1925
Madras sandalwood	300	Tirupattur.	7-12-1925
Madras sandalwood	50	Vellore.	9-12-1925.

NOTE.—Fraserpet is 55 miles by road from Mysore. Satyamangalam is 42 miles by road from Coimbatore and 39 miles by road from Erode junction on the South Indian Railway. Tirupattur and Vellore are railway stations on the South Indian Railway.

For terms of sales and details of classes and quantities apply as under:—

Coorg sales.—The Chief Forest Officer, Direction Division, Coorg.

Satyamangalam sales.—District Forest Officer, North Coimbatore.

Tirupattur sales.—District Forest Officer, West Vellore

Vellore sales.—District Forest Officer, South Vellore.

(Sd.) D T. BARRY.
Conservator of Forests, V. C.
Coimbatore,
Dated 19th September, 1925.

24152

WANTED.

CLERKS for the Office of the Commissioner of Police, Bombay. Pay Rs. 60-4-100-5-160. Only those who have passed the Matriculation or the School Final or the School Leaving Certificate Examination or any higher examination of the Bombay University need apply. Those knowing typewriting by the touch system "IN ADDITION will be preferred.

Intending candidates should send in their applications IN THEIR OWN HANDWRITING addressed to the Deputy Commissioner of Police for the Port, Head Police Office, Bombay, BEFORE THE 2ND OCTOBER, 1925, stating their caste, age educational qualifications and speed in typewriting. They should also submit copies of their Examination certificates and certificates of moral character and social standing from two respectable persons.

M. J. GILES,
Dy. Commissioner of Police for the Port
Head Police Office:
Bombay, 22nd September, 1925.

C24137.

NOTICE

GWALIOR RACES
AUTUMN MEETING 1925.
24TH, 26TH AND 28TH OCTOBER.

OWNERS and TRAINERS are reminded that FIRST ENTRIES for all Races at the Meeting will CLOSE at 12 noon, on WEDNESDAY, 30th September, 1925.

G. B. MARRIOTT.
Lt.-Col.
Secretary, Gwalior Races.

Telegraphic Address:—
"GHORDAUR", Gwalior.

C24027

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

CONSIGNEES of cargo per OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA'S steamer "CELEBES MARU," are herby informed of the steamer's arrival on the 25th of September, from Japan, Singapore, Penang, and Colombo and are requested to send their Bills of Lading to this office for counter-signature without delay. No survey will be held on cargo damaged or in doubtful condition unless a written application is received by the undersigned within seven days after the date of discharge and for cargo in bags within three days after discharge. No survey will be held on bag cargo in single gunny. Messrs. Ericsen and Richards, Company's Surveyer will be attending docks every morning to survey damages. Cargo removed from the Landing Shed or warehoused is not entitled to survey. The Bills for claims are requested to send this office within one month from the date of steamer's arrival otherwise they will not be entertained.

MANAGER,
Osaka Shosen Kaisha.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

BHAVNAGAR STATE RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

THE PUBLIC ARE HEREBY INFORMED that with effect from 1st October, 1925, the following changes in the train service of this Railway will be introduced:—

From Bhavnagar to Wadhwan Jn.

PRESENT.

Passenger	Dep. 5-15	Arr. 11-40
Mail	Dep. 10-30	Arr. 15-50
Passenger	Dep. 18-00	Arr. 0-30

PROPOSED.

Passenger	Dep. 4-15	Arr. 10-30
Mail	Dep. 9-15	Arr. 14-30
Passenger	Dep. 19-10	Arr. 1-35

From Wadhwan Jn. to Bhavnagar.

PRESENT.

Passenger	Dep. 3-10	Arr. 9-30
Mail	Dep. 13-40	Arr. 18-50
Passenger	Dep. 17-40	Arr. 23-45

PROPOSED.

Passenger	Dep. 2-30	Arr. 8-30
Mail	Dep. 14-50	Arr. 20-00
Passenger	Dep. 17-40	Arr. 23-30

An additional Passenger train will be run between Dhola Junction and Botad in connection with the Gondal Railway Mail train to and from Upleta for the convenience of through passengers travelling via Dhandhuka to Ahmedabad and beyond, connecting with Gujarat Mails and also a Local train each way between Wadhwan Junction and Botad as follows:—

31 DOWN.

Wadhwan Jn.	Dep. 11-5
Botad	Arr. 13-37

32 UP.

Botad	Dep. 14-12
Wadhwan Jn.	Arr. 16-45

A through train each way will also be run between Bhavnagar and Mahuva, one leaving Bhavnagar at 15 hrs. 15 mts. and reaching Mahuva at 3 hrs. 15 mts. next morning and the other leaving Mahuva at 4-30 and reaching Bhavnagar at 14 hrs. 15 mts. These trains will take the place of the existing trains which run in connection with the Up Mail from and to Dhola Jn.

The Train service on Sihor-Palitana, Dhola-Dhasa, Dhasa-Mahuva, Botad-Jasdan and Botad-Dhandhuka will also be revised so as to suit the Main Line trains.

These alterations can be seen from Notices and Sheet Time Tables to be exhibited and from Pocket Time Tables sold at stations.

(Sd.) S. R. IYER,
Traffic Superintendent,
Bhavnagar State Railway.
Bhavnagar Para,
Dated 21st September, 1925.

C24161

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

THE THROUGH TRAIN SERVICE on the Broad-gauge System of this Railway will be revised on and from THURSDAY, the 1st October, 1925.

The following are the important changes:—

(1) The Gujarat Mail now running between Colaba and Viramgam will run to and from Ahmedabad only.

TIMINGS.

Down.

Colaba	Dep. 8 45	P.M.
Ahmedabad	Arr. 7 30	A.M.

Up.

Ahmedabad	Dep. 8 50	P.M.
Dadar	Arr. 7 5	A.M.
Grant Road	Arr. 7 20	A.M.
Colaba	Arr. 7 40	A.M.

NOTE:—On the morning of the 1st October, the Down Gujarat Mail will terminate at Viramgam, as the Kathiawar Mail will be running too late to connect with the Metre-gauge trains for Kathiawar.

(2) The present Kathiawar Express running between Colaba and Viramgam will be cancelled. A second Mail called the "Kathiawar Mail" will run instead between Colaba and Viramgam.

TIMINGS.

Down.

Colaba	Dep. 9 5	P.M.
Viramgam	Arr. 10 10	A.M.

Up.

Viramgam	Dep. 7 15	P.M.
Bandra	Arr. 8 6	A.M.
Grant Road	Arr. 8 25	A.M.
Colaba	Arr. 8 42	A.M.

(3) The Passenger Trains Nos. 25 Down and 26 Up now running between Baroda and Ahmedabad will be extended to Viramgam.

TIMINGS.

Down.

Baroda	Dep. 7 5	A.M.
Viramgam	Arr. 1 3	P.M.

Up.

Viramgam	Dep. 2 23	P.M.
Baroda	Arr. 8 13	P.M.

(4) An additional train will run between Surat and Bulsar.

TIMINGS.

Up.

Surat	Dep. 9 15	A.M.
Bulsar	Arr. 11 15	A.M.

Down.

Bulsar	Dep. 4 55	P.M.
Surat	Arr. 6 55	P.M.

(5) The Down Passenger leaving Baroda at 6-55 p.m. will leave Baroda at 5-30 p.m. arriving Godhra at 9-35 p.m.

E. TREVOR ROBINSON,
General Traffic Manager.

C24098

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 11 April, 2017

PUBLIC NOTICES.

THE BOMBAY ELECTRIC SUPPLY AND TRAMWAYS CO., LTD.

PAYMENT OF AD-INTERIM DIVIDEND ON ORDINARY SHARES.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the ORDINARY SHARE TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 3rd to the 9th day of October, 1925, both days inclusive, for the preparation of Ad-interim Dividend Warrants at the rate of Rs. 2/8 per share for the half-year ended 30th June, 1925, payable on the 23rd October, 1925, to Ordinary Shareholders of this Company whose names stand on its Register on the 3rd day of October, 1925.

Intimation as to change of address should be notified to the Company immediately.

By Order of the Board,
A. M. MASANI,
Assistant Secretary.

Bombay, 25th September, 1925.

C24158

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.

POONA RACES

THE dates of the Poona Autumn Meetings have been altered by the Turf Club as follows:—

1st Meeting on Thursday, October 1st, instead of Saturday, October 3rd.

2nd Meeting on Saturday, October 3rd, instead of Wednesday, October 7th.

3rd Meeting as at present on Saturday, October 10th.

2. 1st, 2nd and 3rd Class Special Express trains will therefore run on the 1st, 3rd and 10th October, 1925, instead of on the dates previously notified.

D. A. FENTON,
Chief Transportation Superintendent.
Bombay, 22nd September, 1925.

24138

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

MESSRS. JHAVERY & CO., Solicitors, High Court, have REMOVED to "YUSUF BUILDING," 1st Floor, Esplanade Road, Fort.

24168

LEGAL NOTICES.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

SUIT NO. 2458 OF 1925.
(Short Cause)

ARDESHIR NANABHOY MOOS...Plaintiff.
Vs.
FRAMJEE PEROZSHAW..... Defendant.

To,
FRAMROZ PEROZSHAW, Esq.,
The Defendant abovenamed.

TAKE NOTICE that the above suit has been filed against you in which the Plaintiff's claim is for the recovery of the sum of Rs. 3,777-3-4 and interest on Rs. 1,000/- at 9 per cent per annum from the 5th day of August, 1925, till judgment costs and interest on judgment.

AND ALSO TAKE NOTICE that you are summoned to appear in the High Court, Bombay at the hearing of the said suit on TUESDAY, the 6th day of October, 1925, at 11-15 (A.M.) (S.T.), and that in default of your appearance on the said day the suit will be heard and determined in your absence.

Dated this 25th day of September, 1925.

CAPTAIN & VAIDYA,
Plaintiff's Attorneys.

C 24160.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT FORT WILLIAM IN BENGAL

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

Suit No. 180 of 1925.
HARIBALLAV DAS
vs.
ATMARAM BOLAKIDAS.

To
ATMARAM BOLAKHIDAS,
The Defendant above-named.

WHEREAS the above-named Plaintiff has instituted this suit in this Court against you for recovery of the sum of Rs. 6,103/4/0 being the amount due for principal and interest on a promissory note executed by the Defendant in favour of the Plaintiff as in the plaint mentioned and also for costs. You are hereby required to cause an appearance to be entered for you in the Office of the Registrar of this Hon'ble Court within 16 days and to file your written statement within 28 days from the date of this publication and to appear before this Court in person or by an advocate duly instructed by an Attorney of this Court to answer the Plaintiff's claim on the day the case is set down for hearing upon which date you must be prepared to produce all your witnesses and all documents in your possession or power upon which you intend to rely in support of your case. And take notice that in default thereof the suit will be liable to be heard and determined in your absence.

Dated the 22nd day of September, 1925.

(Sd.) LESLIE & HINDS,
Plaintiff's Solicitors,
6, Hastings Street.

(Sd.) N. GHUTTUCK,
Master.

C24162

LEGAL NOTICES.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

SUIT NO. 688 OF 1917.

BANSILAL MOTILAL ..... Plaintiff.

vs.

GOVINDLAL BANSILAL and others ..... Defendants.

PURSUANT to the Consent Decree made in the above suit and bearing date the 12th day of October, 1922, and the Order, dated the 14th day of February, 1924, the following immoveable properties will be sold by Public Auction at the premises under the directions of the Commissioner of this Honourable Court.

LOT No. I (Duncan Road property) on SATURDAY, the 26th day of September, 1925, at 4-30 p.m. (Standard Time.)

LOT NO. II (Haines Road property) on SATURDAY, the 3rd day of October, 1925, at 4-30 p.m. (Standard Time).

LOT NO. III (Parel Tank Road property) on SUNDAY, the 4th day of October, 1925 at, 4-30 p.m. (Standard Time).

PARTICULARS.

LOT NO. I.

All the right title and interest of the parties to the above suit in all that piece or parcel of land or ground (formerly of quit and ground rent tenure but since redeemed) with the messuage hereditaments and premises situate, lying and being at Duncan Road, without the Fort of Bombay, in the Registration Sub-district of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 214 square yards or thereabouts and registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 1756, New No. 8887, Old Survey No. 1297, New Survey No. 4757 and Cadastral Survey No. 3550, Bhuleshwar Division and assessed by the Bombay Municipality in C Ward No. 7327, Street No. 53 at 59 and bounded as follows:—that is to say, on or towards the East by sweepers passage, on or towards the West by Duncan Road, on or towards the North by the property of Lukmanji Moosaji and on or towards the South by the property formerly or now of Pandu Ramji.

LOT NO. II.

All the right title and interest of the parties to the above suit in all that piece or parcel of Fazendari land or ground with the messuage tenements sheds or buildings standing thereon situate, lying and being at Haines Road, without the Fort and in the Registration Sub-district of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 2350 square yards or thereabouts and registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue with other land under New No. 13691, New Survey No. 2/3461 (part) and Cadastral Survey No. 1816 of Byculla Division and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under E Ward Nos 1049-50, Street Nos. 1-2, Ward No. 7054, Street No. 97-99, and Ward No. 7055, Street No. 101-105 and bounded as follows that is to say, on or towards the East partly by the property of Dwarkadas Lalloobhoy, partly by the property of Ali Mahomed Gulam Hussein partly by the property of Gangadas Dayabhai and partly by the property of mosque, on or towards the West partly by Haines Road and partly by the property Vithal Sakharam Pandhare, on or towards the North partly by the property of City Improvement Trust and partly by the property of the mosque and on or towards the South partly by Haines Road and partly by the property of Shakoo Ratansi and partly by the property of Dwarkadas Lalloobhai.

LOT NO. III.

All the right, title and interest of the parties to the above suit in all that piece or parcel of land of Government toka land or ground with the messuage tenements chawls and bungalow standing thereon situate, lying and being at Parel Tank Road, without the Fort and in the Registration Sub-district of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 23890 square yards or thereabouts and registered as to a portion thereof in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 101, New No. 14242 Old Survey No. and New Survey No. 1-2/2483 and as to remainder thereof under Old No. 127, New No. 14302 and New Survey No. 1/2476 and Cadastral Survey No. 426 of Parel-Sewri Division and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under F Ward No. 2479 (1), Street No. 1173, Ward No. 2479 (1a), Street No. 1173aa Ward No. 2479 (2), Street No. 1173 (a), Ward No. 2479 (3), Street No. 1173 B, Ward No. 2479 (4), Street No. 1173 C, Ward No. 2479 (5) Street No. 1173D, Ward No. 2480, Street No. 1174 and Ward No. 2481, Street No. 1175, and bounded as follows that is to say, on or towards the East by the property of the Tata Hydro Electric Power Supply Co., Ltd., on or towards the West partly by Parel Tank Road and partly by the property of Haji Jan Mahomed Allarakhia, on or towards the North by the property of Karsondas Govindji and on or towards the South by the property of Haji Jan Mahomed Allarakhia.

For further particulars and conditions of sale application should be made at the office of the said Commissioner or at the office of Messrs. MERWANJI KOLA and Co., Attorneys for the Plaintiff abovenamed at No. 14K, Hammam Street, Fort, Bombay.

Dated this 10th day of March, 1925.

(Sd.) H. H. WADIA,
Commissioner.

C23921.

AMUSEMENTS.

WEST-END

TO-NIGHT—THIS WEEK.
SPLENDID UNIVERSAL ATTRACTION DRAMA

"THE MEDDLER"

5 RTS—FEATURING THE ONE AND ONLY FAVOURITE

WILLIAM DESMOND

in a hurricane picture of fast action, lightning romance and strong suspense.

Laughs and Thrills follow each other in the gallop. Backed by the famous ranch riders and a great supporting cast.

"THE MEDDLER"

as a bold, bad bandit, he was a commercial failure, but as a thief of women's hearts, he was a wow!

THE PROGRAMME INCLUDES THE
INTERNATIONAL NEWS
and a 2-Reel Roaring Screaming Century Comedy

SPEAK FREELY

featuring Davies Marion as the "Wife on loan."

TO-NIGHT: 3-30, 5-20; 7; 8-45 and 10-30 p. m. (S. T.)

WEST-END

CINEMA—NEW CHURNEY ROAD.

WELLINGTON

TO-NIGHT—THIS WEEK!
A SUPERB METRO PICTURE

"THE MODERN SALOME"

6 Reels—starring the pretty favourite screen artiste

HOPE HAMPTON

A Twentieth Century Version of the famous story of all the Ages.
A modern New York flapper girl imitating her sister of the Biblical fame

"THE MODERN SALOME"

She, a young damsel, beautiful yet penniless, was deserted by her fiancee, and dreading to face poverty and drudgery, She accepted the Matrimonial offer of a man, whom she did neither love or like. She began flirtations with all the young men she came in contact with and woe begone to him who dared resist her charms. See

HOPE HAMPTON
AS

"THE MODERN SALOME"

in this gorgeous Metro Production.

Scenes of gorgeous splendour are very lavishly reproduced here—the mode of life of the "Upper Ten" of New York are vividly portrayed in all their majestic grandeur—

A PICTURE YOUR FAMILY MUST SEE
The Programme includes a 2-Reel Roaring Century Comedy

"SLICK ARTICLES"

TO-NIGHT: 3-30; 5-15; 7; 8-45 and 10-30 p. m. (S.T.)

WELLINGTON

CINEMA—DHOBI TALAO.

At Public Request ! ! !
Another Week ! One More Week ! !
Krishna Films Co.'s Super-production with gorgeous splendour

"CHANDRA-KANT"

OR

"FILIAL DUTY, SELF-SACRIFICE & SEARCH OF MAGIC JEWEL"

Will be Screened at

KRISHNA CINEMA

DUBASH THEATRE,
NEW CHURNEY ROAD.
USUAL TIME & MODERATE RATES.

IMPERIAL

presents
TO-NIGHT AND THIS WEEK
KOHINOOR FILM COY.'S
Social Production

FORSAKEN LOVE

DAILY FOUR SHOWS:
at 5, 7, 9 & 11 P. M.
EXTRA SHOWS
On Sat., Sunday & Holiday at 3 P. M.

TO-DAY ! TO-NIGHT ! !
3-30, 5-30, 7, 8-45 and 10-30.
Prices:—Rs. 2, Re. 1, As. 12, As. 8, As. 4, and As. 3 Including Tax.
FINAL WEEK ! CHAPTERS 8, 9, & 10.
PATHE SERIAL

"LEATHERSTOCKING"

featuring
EDNA MURPHY and HAROLD MILLER.
See Hurry Hairy plans to take Judith, even against her will.
WHO WILL SAVE JUDITH?
Programme includes 2 Reels, most laughable Pathe Comedy

"ASLEEP AT THE SWITCH"
Featuring—BEN TURPIN.

GLOBE CINEMA Sandhurst Road.

WONDERFUL DELINEATION WITH AMAZING ACCURACY.

Professor PANDIT MOTILAL, F.B.I.M.S (London), Scientific Astrologer and Palmist, Secretary, British Institute of Mental Science (Incorporated by Act of Parliament) Central India Branch Mhow, C.I. Examines Horoscopes, undertakes all Astrological works, delineates Palms, Questions answered. Advice on health, business, betterment, Marriage, Friends, Courtship, etc. at reasonable fees. Charges for one year in detail Rs. 3. Brief reading of your life Rs. 5. Full character reading Re. 1. Send time, date, month and year of birth or time of writing letter to above address. Trial solicited. Testimonials highest from Civil and Military officers.

B1434

PATHE CINEMA

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE.

Warner Bros present
The Spirit of Broadway—
Blase, beautiful, cynical, childish, ever young, ever gay, intoxicating as the spirit of youth.
A tragedy of laughter—
A comedy of tears which starts when the sun goes down and the lights go up—
The playground of the World—
BROADWAY after DARK
FROM THE PLAY BY OWEN DAVIS
With
Adolphe Menjou, Anna Q. Nilsson, Carmel Myers, Norma Shearer, Edward Burns and Willard Louis.
DIRECTED BY MONTA BELL
A SIERRA RAIN PRODUCTION

PATHE GAZETTE: PATHE PICTORIAL.

TIME :— 6, 8 & 10 P. M. Matinee To-day & To-morrow at 4 p.m.

POPULAR PRICES.

CINEMA MAJESTIC

GIRGAUM,

Presents from TO-DAY—THIS WEEK.

Hindoostan Cinema Film Co's Mythological

SUPER PRODUCTION

"SANT JANABAI"

EVERY INDIAN FAMILY MUST SEE THIS PICTURE.

It is worth seeing and not missing

TIME AND RATES AS USUAL.

THE KING OF ALL TONICS.
ANANGA PROBHA

Yakuti is par excellence, a medicine in bringing about a healthy tone in the prostrated nerves and in rectifying the seminal disorder. For increasing the retentive capacity, for imparting strength to the weak this is a tonic and stimulant of the first quality. It is prepared from Gold, Makaradwajras and other richest and indigenous ingredients. Price Rs. 10 for 1 Phial of 30 Pills. An external liniment has got no equal in regenerating stimulating the nerves and by increasing the Strength of the seminal fluids. Price Rs. 15 for one tola.

Rajvaidya Narayanji Keshabji
177 (B), Harrison Road, Calcutta.

The "Ideal" for the Home & travelling. Descriptive Catalogue FREE.

ANNAPURNA COOKER

The new Model can Cook more Rice & Iddalys Large Stock can be seen at our Agents at BOMBAY. G. S. RANADE & CO., GIRGAON.

—or—

ANNAPURNA COOKER CO.
P. O. Basavangudi.
(Bangalore City.)

AUCTION SALES.

BENNETT & CO.
120, Apollo Street, Fort.

WEEKLY AUCTION SALE.

THIS DAY SATURDAY, the 26th Sept., 1925 at 3-30 p.m. (S. T.) Messrs. BENNETT AND CO., will sell by Public Auction at their rooms a quantity of grey and coloured piecegoods etc.

AT 2-30 P.M. (S. T.)

1 second-hand rubber-tyred victoria.
1 second-hand rubber-tyred vis-a-vis.
1 second-hand rubber-tyred brougham.
1 second-hand rubber-tyred office shigram.
1 Bay Arab horse in harness.
1 Waler horse in harness.
1 Chestnut Country-bred gelding.

TO-MORROW SUNDAY the 27th September 1925, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.) Messrs BENNETT and CO., are instructed to sell by Public Auction at "Woodland" Pedder Road, Cumballa Hill, very valuable handsome made to order household furniture of the latest design by Wimbridge, Devji Canji, also old carved blackwood furniture, rich glass, crockery and platedware, sliding dining table, arm and without arm chairs, sideboard and dinner wagons, rich carpets, drawing room Chesrterfield sofas and easy chairs, drawing room suite, fancy cabinets, table ornaments, writing tables, glass door book and silver cases, reclining sofas, phonograph, easy chairs, low chairs, hat-stands, one complete white painted bedroom suite, single and double bedsteads, mirror almyrahs, dressing and wash hand tables, dressing chest of drawers, cloth and gown presses, teapoys, ice box, teapoys, meat safes, cupboards, aluminium utensils, etc., etc.

The property of Rustom, P. J. Taliarkhan, Esq., and others.

Catalogues are published and the property on view.

AUCTION SALE OF (COUNTRY DAMAGED) UGANDA COTTON.

Messrs. BENNETT & Co., will on WEDNESDAY, the 30th September, 1925, sell by Public Auction at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.), at Sewri Cotton Depot on account of the concerned:—

8 full pressed bales Uganda Cotton Country damaged lying at Sewri in Mr. Wadia's godown No. 13.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

BENNETT AND CO.

BYREN & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE MADE TO ORDER HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, AT THE PREMISES OF EDULJI COOVERJI PATEL, LAMINGTON ROAD, OPP. N. POWELL & CO., SUNDAY, THE 27TH inst. 2-30 P.M. (S.T.)

By order of the Parties concerned Messrs. BYREN & CO., are instructed to sell by Public Auction Sale, rich dining room tables, chairs to match, Large and small dumbwaiters. Meat safe, Teapoys, Rich Drawing room Leather lined Chesterfield suites, cabinets, Single & double doored almirahs, wirg glasses, etc.

1 Seven seater 6 Cylinder Mitchell Motor Car, brand new.

1 Excelsior H.P. Solo Motor Cycle brand new.

1 Seven seater 6 Cylinder Mitchell Motor

BYREN & CO.

GANDHI & CO.

Auctioneers And Commission Agents
No. 72, Medows Street, Fort,
Telephone No. 24927.

GOOD OPPORTUNITY TO CLUBS, BILLIARD ROOMS & FURNITURE DEALERS.

AUCTION SALE OF A FULL SIZE BILLIARD TABLE COMPLETE WITH LIGHTS, CUES, BALLS, ETC., BY JOHN ROBERTS.

SALE TO-MORROW SUNDAY, THE 27TH INSTANT AT 4-30 P. P.M. (S.T.)

On SUNDAY, the 27th instant at 4 p.m. (S.T.) Messrs. GANDHI and CO., Auctioneers are instructed to sell by Public Auction at No. 305, Chowpatty, First Floor, by the side of Messrs. A. Vjenelli.

1 Full size Billiard Table Champion by John Roberts complete with lights about a dozen cues, a set of balls and all other requisites.

1 Billiard Room Bench.

The above is on view.

GANDHI & CO.,
Auctioneers.

TAILORS & COMPLETE OUTFITTERS
J. Dias & Bros
173, PRINCESS ST.
BOMBAY.

Palm Beach suits, complete Rs. 29/-
Silk suit complete Rs. 45/-
White office suit Rs. 12/-
Office white trousers Rs. 4/

SHIPPING.

P. & O. BRITISH INDIA
(Incorporated in England.)
MAIL & PASSENGER SERVICE.

P. & O. SAILINGS TO PLYMOUTH AND LONDON CALLING AT MARSEILLES.

All Passengers are required to be in possession of passports.

Date.	Steamers.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons.
26th Sept.	RANPURA		16,585
3rd Oct.	RAZMAK	MONGOLIA x	16,504
10th "	CHINA		7,952
17th "	RAZMAK	MOOLTAN x	20,847
24th "	RAWAL-PINDI		16,100
31st "	RAZMAK	MALWA *	10,941
7th Nov.	RANCHI		16,100
14th "	RAZMAK	MALOJA x	20,837
21st "	KAISAR-I-HIND		11,430
28th "	RAZMAK	MANTUA *	10,902
5th Dec.	RANPURA		16,100
12th "	CHINA	NALDERA x	15,953
19th "	DEVANHA		8,151
26th "	RAZMAK	MOREA *	10,919
1926. 2nd Jan.	RAWAL-PINDI		16,100
9th "	RAZMAK	NARKUNDA x	16,227
16th "	RANCHI		16,100
23rd "	RAZMAK	MACEDONIA*	11,089
30th "	KAISAR-I-HIND.		11,430
6th Feb.	RAZMAK	MOOLTAN x	20,847
13th "	RANPURA		16,585
20th "	RAZMAK	MALWA *	10,941
27th "	RAJPUTANA		16,100
6th March	RAZMAK	MALOJA x	20,837
13th "	RAWAL-PINDI		16,100
20th "	RAZMAK	MANTUA*	10,902
27th "	RANCHI		16,100
31st "	CHINA†		7,952
3rd April	RAZMAK	NALDERA x	15,993
10th "	KAISAR-I-HIND		11,430
17th "	RAZMAK	MOREA*	10,919
24th "	RANPURA		16,585
1st May.	RAZMAK	NARKUNDAx	16,227
8th "	RAJPUTANA		16,100
15th "	RAZMAK	MACEDONIA.	11,089
22nd "	RAWALPINDI		16,100
29th "	RAZMAK	MOOLTAN	20,847

x Through steamers from Australia, have limited accommodation for passengers from India.

*Through steamers from China, have limited accommodation for passengers from India.

† S. S. "China", 31st March, extra Steamer at following reduced rates:—

1st Saloon to London £ 80, £ 70, & £ 60.
" " " Marseilles " 72, " 62, & " 56.
2nd Saloon to London £ 54, and £ 52.
" " " Marseilles " 50, " " 48.

The difference in passage rates is according to the position of the cabins.

Very Special berthing arrangements have been made to increase the comfort of passengers proceeding by the 'China.' on the 31st March 1926

BRITISH INDIA SAILINGS
Bombay to Port Said and Plymouth.

Date about	Steamers.	Tons
12th Nov.	MERKARA	8,285
26th "	MADURA	8,975
10th Dec. 1926	MARGHA	8,278
14th Jan.	WARFIELD*	6,060
4th Feb.	Cargo Steamer	
18th "	Cargo Steamer	
18th Mar	DO ALA	8,441
8th April	MARGHA	8,278
29th "	DUMANA	8,427
20th May	WARFIELD*	6,060

* Cargo Vessels only; will not convey passengers.

P. AND O. SAILINGS, BOMBAY TO JAPAN VIA COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE, HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI.

P. AND O. SAILINGS TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA AND JAPAN.

Date.	Steamers.	Tons.	Connecting at Colombo for Australia with
9th Nov.	SOUDAN	6,696	NARKUNDA
24th "	SICILIA*	6,813	
22nd Dec.	DELTA	7,022	MONGOLIA

*Will not convey passengers.

BRITISH INDIA SAILINGS.
TO AFRICA, KARACHI, PERSIAN GULF, TUTICORIN, COLOMBO, MADRAS, CALCUTTA AND RANGOON.

Date about	Steamers.	Destination.
26th Sept	CHAKLA	Karachi and Kathiawar. Costports
28th "	VITA	Karacchi and Kathiawar Costports
30th "	KARAGOLA	East & S. Africa.
30th "	BARODA	Busrehvia Karachi & P. Gulf Ports.
2nd Octr.	VASNA	Busreh via Karachi

There will be sailings for Karachi on Mondays, Wednesdays, Fridays and Saturdays every weeks. Local passengers for Karachi can only proceed by the Friday sailings when accommodation is not required for passengers ex the P. and O. Mail steamer or through passengers to Busreh.

Terms and Rates of Freights and Passage may be arranged with

MACKINNON MACKENZIE & CO.
Ballard Road, Fort, Bombay.

DISTRIBUTED GRATIS and POST FREE
BOYHOOD'S PERILS AND MANHOOD'S CURSE.

An invaluable guide and companion for the young and the old, man and woman, married and unmarried to attain health, pleasures of youth and long life. Must be read and re-read by everybody. Apply BEHAR CHEMICAL WORKS, BHAGALPUR.

MURDER AT KHAR.

RESIDENTS' DEMAND FOR BETTER POLICE & LIGHTING ARRANGEMENTS.

An emergent meeting of the residents of Laxmi Nagar, Khar and surrounding areas was convened at 9 p.m. on Tuesday at "Shanti-Sadan" under the presidentship of Mr. T. P. Munim-Solicitor, to protest against the lack of police arrangements in Khar, as a result of which a young dhoby boy was murdered by some ruffian who was attracted by some gold ornaments on his person.

Mr. Hiralal Desai briefly told the meeting as to why this emergent meeting was convened and emphasised the extreme lack of police and lighting arrangements which have been responsible for such a brutal murder. Realising that such inadequate police and lighting arrangements would go to further accentuate such crimes, Mr. Desai had sent a telegram to His Excellency the Governor of Bombay, with a view to bring presure upon the police authorities and Bandra Municipality to take active steps to combat these difficulties.

Mr. S. H. Jhabvala moved and Mr. G. A. Kulkarni supported the following resolution which was unanimously adopted:—

"This meeting of the residents of Khar protest against the lack of Police arrangements in the place as a result of which cases of theft and murder have begun to happen. It is of opinion that should the present slackness of arrangements continue, there is a great danger to the lives of the residents.

"This meeting, therefore, requests the Government and police authorities to immediately supply the much-needed want of an efficient police thana by adding the number of the existing constables to guard the lives and properties of the residents of Khar."

Mr. N. B. Damania moved and Mr. Pradhan supported the following resolution:—

"This meeting is strongly of opinion that insufficiency of lighting arrangements along the roads at night time is also responsible for such occurences and therefore, urgently requests the Bandra Municipality to put up Kitson lights at all junctions and ordinary lamps at short distances along the roads."

"This meeting further authorises the committee of the following gentlemen to see the Bandra Municipal Officer in respect of lighting arrangements and to agitate in the press for getting the grievances properly redressed:—Mr. S. H. Jhabvala, Mr. C. B. Kora, Mr. G. A. Kulkarni and Mr. Hiralal M. Desai."

The meeting terminated with a vote of thanks to the chair.

PERSIAN NEWS IN BRIEF.

Last week the Prime Minister added two more ministers to his Cabinet. Shahzada Firoz Mirza has been given the portfolio of Justice while Aga Shukrullah Khan is made the Home Minister. It is now known that all the defects which are to be found in the administration of justice will be removed and that the administration of justice will become a reality in the eyes of Persians as well as foreigners.

Aga Ayatullah Haji Sheikh Abdun-Nabi, who enjoyed a unique position amongst the maulvis of his age, died on the 21st Moharram. He was the pupil of the late Ayabullah Shirazi and the late Murtaza Ansari. He lived a very chaste life and had dedicated his life to the service of the Musalmans. The Prime Minister had called on him during his illness. All the shops of Shamiran were closed in his honour and there were about 20,000 persons with his funeral. He was buried at the shrine of Hazrat Abdul Azim by the side of the late Ayatullah Haji Mulla Ali ("Wafan").

WONDERFUL SPECIFIC FOR
ASTHMA

RADICAL AND SURE CURE
of 26 years' fame all over the world.
Letter No. of the firm 37369.

To,
Messrs. K.P. RAY, & J.P. RAY BROS
Dept. No. 5, Benares City.

Dear Sirs,

I am in receipt of your letter as well as the packet of Advertisement, and beg to inform you that I am suffering from Asthma from 12 years.....I request you to send the medicine through V.P.P. for one week only.....I have also received a letter from Mr Bazul Karim, Retired Magistrate of Hooghly who advised me to use your medicine.....

Yours sincerely,
SARAN SINGH,
Care of Aya Singh Vaid, Lahore.
24-6-20.

Note.—Testimonials are sent free. Full amount is to be refunded if radical cure is not effected.

(18)

RARE OPPORTUNITY
FOR
BOMBAYITES

THE UNIVERSAL ASTROLOGICAL and STATISTICAL BUREAU

CONSULTATION FREE OF CHARGE FOR MEMBERS ONLY.

For Non-members Consultation charges, SPECIALLY REDUCED from Re. one to five only, according to the number of Questions.

RATES and CLASSES OF MEMBERSHIP.

Rs. 25/- per annum for a general forecast for a year and of monthly events for the same period.
Rs. 50/- per annum forecast of all monthly events in details for one year.
Rs. 100/- per annum for full forecast with minute details and dates of each event during the year.
Rs. 500 and upwards per annum for Indian Princes, Chiefs and Potentates and Joint-Stock Companies.

MEMBERSHIP LIMITED TO 1,000.
LIST WILL CLOSE SHORTLY.

In addition Members of all classes will be entitled to a general forecast of events for five years to come.

We possess numerous testimonials from Royal, Political, Social and such other Celebrities. Predictions fulfilled.

Deaths of DESHBANDHU DAS, MAHARAJA OF GWALIOR. Election of President Hindenberg. Recent earthquakes in Japan and America.

THE MUMTAZ AFFAIRS.

Hours of consultation Daily from 12 noon to 5 p. m.
At 11, Albert Building, Hornby Road, (3rd Floor), 'Phone No. 21228.

AN ABSOLUTE "IT"!!
A DRINK FOR THE GODS!
The marvellous Product of the Age!
YOU WILL HAVE IT TO-MORROW.

The most delightful sweet refreshing Ærated Drink Science has ever Produced

For the Strong and Weak—for the Rich and Poor—for the Big and Small ALIKE.

The "LIQUID LIFE"
WILL BE HERE, THERE, EVERYWHERE
—IN HOTELS, CLUBS, RESTAURANTS, IRANI SHOPS—
TO-MORROW AND HENCEFORTH

Only 2 Annas a bottle.
DUKE'S ELIXIR
Only 2 Annas a bottle.

BOMBAY COTTON MARKET.

BOMBAY MARKET.

COTTON.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

Sept. 25.

To-day Reuter reported a nominal change in New York futures; whilst 2 to 5 points lower has been reported in Liverpool. Messrs. M. & B. Stern have received the following cable dated 24th inst. from their Liverpool firm:—

"Do not look for much change at "present, but think cotton in neighbour- "hood 12.00d. a reasnable purchase."

Messrs. Umrigar and Vesugar's New York friends Messrs. A. Norden and Co. cable under date 24th inst. as follows:—

"General feeling turning bearish. Rains "lowering grade in Texas and Oklahoma, "prefer purchase."

In accordance with a steadier tone reported in New York futures the Marwari Bazar opened a rupee and a half higher with Broach April/May at Rs. 424 1/2 and advanced a rupee on buying by prominent Marwari Shroffs. Selling by Offices caused prices to depress temporarily to Rs. 424 but improved later on to Rs. 426 1/2 on renewed buying by Shroffs and the Market closed at Rs. 426 at 4 p.m. At Cotton Green the market opened at Rs. 425 1/2 and closed steady at Rs. 427 on buying by Commission Houses. Marwari Shroffs were buyers for Oomra.

Oomra January opened at Rs. 409 and gradually advanced to Rs. 411 1/2 on buying by Japanese Houses and Shroffs and closed at Rs. 410 3/4 at 4 p.m. Bengal January was quoted Rs. 362 nominal.

Our market for ready cotton remained dull yesterday and the demand was very poor.

COTTON GREEN CLOSING QUOTATIONS

Bombay, Sept. 25, 6 p.m.

Fully Good Broach April/May	426½
Fully Good Bengal Dec./Jan.	363
Fine Oomra Dec./Jan.	411½

EAST INDIAN COTTON ASSOCIATION.

Bombay, Sept. 25.

Fully Good Broach April/May	426
Fully Good Bengal Dec./Jan.	362
Fine Oomra Dec./Jan.	411

RECEIPTS.

Bombay, Sept. 25.

The following are the receipts of cotton produce etc., for the 24 hours ending 6 p.m. on 23rd September 1925:—

Cotton	534 Bales.
Wheat	2,992 Cwts.
Linseed	3,985 ,,
Rape, etc.	12 ,,
Gingellyseed	619 ,,
Poppyseed	Nil
Groundnuts	1,433 ,,
Castorseed	4,230 ,,
Rice	3,323 ,,
Myrabollams	Nil
Cottonseed	728 ,,
Mowraseed	Nil
Gram	485 ,,
Juwar	Nil ,,
Masur	Nil
Barley	Nil
Bajri	Nil
Coal	704 Tons.

COTTON.

Liverpool, Sept. 24

Total Day's Sales at Liverpool 8,000 Bales.

Total Day's Sales on Spec. and for Exp 100 Bales.

Total Day's Sales of East Indian 250 Bales

Mid. American Spot.—Universal standard fair request 12.84

Egyptian F. G. Sakellaridis 28.00

New York 11 a.m.

(As known in Liverpool at closing time.)

October	23.38
January	23.05
March	23.30

New York Noon Call—

October	23.37
January	23.07
March	23.33

New Orleans 10 a.m.—

October	22.89
January	23.01

OPENING TONE AND PRICES.

Liverpool, Sept. 25.

Oct.	12.52	+.07
Nov.	12.38	+.05
Dec.	12.40	+.06
Jan.	12.38	+.06
Mar.	12.42	+.06
May	12.45	+.05
July	12.37	+.04

EGYPTIAN.

Nov.	22.65	+.05
Jan.	21.95	+.10

London, Sept. 24.

Exchang eBelgium 111.03.

Exchange Athens 332.50.

CLOSING PRICES.

Liverpool, Sept. 24

Cotton Delivery Mid. Uplands G. O. C. Liverpool.		
September	12.52	—.08
October	12.45	—.05
November	12.33	—.06
December	12.34	—.05
January	12.32	—.04
February	12.32	—.03
March	12.36	—.03
April	12.35	—.03
May	12.40	—.02
June	12.34	—.01
July	12.33	—.01
August	12.21	—.01
September	12.07	—.01

Tone:—Quiet but steady.

ADDITIONAL QUOTATIONS.

Liverpool, Sept. 24

Scinde, Good	9.65
Scinde, Fully Good	10.05
Scinde, Fine	10.45
Bengal, Good	9.75
Bengal, Fully Good	10.15
Bengal, Fine	10.55
Oomra, Good	10.45
Oomra, Fully Good	10.85
Oomra, Fine	11.25
Broach, Good	10.80
Broach Fully Good	11.20
Broach Fine	11.60

EGYPTIAN COTTON—CLOSING PRICES

Liverpool, Sept. 24

September	23.35 unchgd
October	22.80 —.30
November	22.60 —.35
December	22.10 —.35
January	21.85 —.25
February	21.75 —.25
March	21.60 —.25
April	21.55 —.25
May	21.50 —.25
June	21.45 —.25
July	21.40 —.25
August	21.35 —.25
September	21.25 —.25

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.

London, Sept. 24.

"Owing to the fact that the United States Daylight Saving Bill will terminate 26th and 27th instant, and the Summer Time Act will remain in operation in this country until 3rd and 4th October, the Directors of the Liverpool Cotton Exchange have decided that from Monday 28th instant until Friday 2nd October, the Cotton Market will be opened at 10-0 a.m. and closed at 4-30 p.m. each day."

AMERICAN MARKETS.

New York, Sept. 24.

COTTON:—

Day's Receipts at all U. S. Ports 47,000
Day's Exports to Great Britain 1,000
Day's Exports to Continent 3,000

Futures at New York:—

October	23.37+.03
January	23.05+.03
March	23.29+.01
May	23.60+.02

Spot Cotton at New York 23. 65 unchgd.
Spot Cotton at New Orleans 22.92+.05

Futures at New Orleans:—

October	22.90+.03
January	23.01+.02

Fair Rio Coffee (No 7 quality) 20 3/4
Demand Bills 4.84.12
Silver: Foreign mined 71 1/8

AMERICAN COTTON—CLOSING PRICES

New York, Sept. 24.

Futures at New York—

October	23.37+.03
January	23.05+.03
March	23.29—.01
May	23.60+.02

Liverpool, Sept. 24

Cotton Delivery Mid. Uplands G. O. C. Liverpool.		
October	12.45	—.05
January	12.32	—.04
March	12.36	—.03
May	12.40	—.02

WIRE OF MESSRS. A. NORDEN AND CO.

Messrs. Ratilal and Co. Cotton Brokers and mommission Agents, Cotton Cabin, Mumbadevi, Bombay received the following cable from their New York fritnds Messrs. A. Norden and Co.:—

NEW YORK, Sept. 24.

"General feeling turning bearish. We prefer purchase."

WHEAT.

London, Sept. 24.

Barletta Russo—63½ lbs. 50/9 Sept.-Oct. sellers.

Rozario Santa Fe—62½ lbs. 51/6 Sept.-Oct. sellers.

Tone:—Dull and easier.

Australian 54/6 Sept.-Oct. nominal.

Choice White Karachi 50/- Dec.-Jan. sellers.

Soft Red Karachi 55/6 Sept.-Oct. nominal.

Tone:—Dull and easier.

SEEDS.

London, Sept. 24.

Linseed Argentine (La Plata) fair demand quiet trade:—

£19½ Sept.-Oct. sellers £19 3/16 Oct.-Nov. paid sellers.

£18 5/8 Jan.-Feb. paid.

Cottonseed Bombay £9/- Sept.-Oct. nominal inactive

Castorseed Bombay £21¼ Sept.-Oct. sellers, quiet and cheaper sellers.

Linseed Bombay £21⅛ Sept.-Oct. nominal.

Rapeseed, Ferozepore, Usual Bold, per ton £21¼ Sept.-Oct. sellers.

Rapeseed, Toria, per ton £21½ Sept.-Oct. option park paid.

Rapeseed, Yellow Guzerat, per ton £23 Sept.-Oct. sellers.

Rapeseed, Brown Cawnpore, per ton £20 7/8 Sept.-Oct. sellers.

Tone of Rapeseed:—Rather dearer and little doing.

Yellow Cawnpore £23¼ Sept.-Oct.

LINSEED.

London, Sept. 24.

Linseed Calcutta Pure Basis Bags S/O sellers £ 21 1/2

Tone—Slow demand at 21 1/4 Buyers rather easier prices buyers holding off

Raw Linseed Oil Naked Spot Net—

October/December sellers 39/4 1/2

January/April paid 39/3

TEA DIVIDENDS.

London, Sept. 24.

Ceylon Tea plantations has declared interim dividend of 20 per cent. and New Dimbulla has declared for the year of 50 per cent.

London, Thursday, 24th Sept.

The Bank of England Returns for the week ending yesterday show the following results:—

Total Bullion £160,700,000 Dec. £400,000.
Public Deposits £17,400,000 no change.
Other Deposits £114,500,000 Inc. £3,500,000.
Govt. Securities £36,900,000 Dec. £1,100,000.
Other Securities £75,400,000 Inc. £4,000,000.
Notes & Gold £37,500,000 Inc. £200,000.

The Bank Reserve is 828.5 per cent. of the Liabilities.

SHARES.

London, Sept. 24.

Hongkong Bank £135½.
Chartered Bank £19 7/8.
National Bank £46⅜.
P. & O. Bank £9 7/8.
Eastern Bank £6½.

SHARE MARKET.

Bombay Sept. 25

LOCAL BANKS.	Paid up Rs	Last Divid.	Quotatio Rs.
Bank of India	50	3	69 8
Baroda	50	4	73
Central Co-operative	50	7½	50
Central	25	1½	22 2
Eastern	£5	9 p.c.	10
Imperial	500		1412 8
Imperial Contributory	125	10	362 8
Union	78	—	3 3

CEMENTS AND MANGANESE COMPANIES

Sindi Portland Cement Co.	10	—	5 12
Central India Mining	10	4-8y	27
Indian Cement O.	250	—	21 4
Katni Cement O.	100	—	22 8
Katni Cement D.	40	—	90
Punjab Cement O.	10	—	1 12
Shivrajpur	10	8—0	46

RAILWAY COMPANIES.

Ahmedabad Prantej	500	12 p.c.	800
Amritsar Pattis	100	10 p.c.	132
Central Provinces	100	7½ p.c.	113
Dhond Baramati	100	6 p.c.	85
Guzerat	100	5 p.c.	80
Hoshiarpur Doab	100	5 p.c.	80
Larkana	100	5 p.c.	71
Mandra Bhon	90	5 p.c.	69
Pachora Jamner	100	5 p.c.	73 8
Sara Sirajgunj	100	5 p.c.	76
Sialkot Narowal	100	5 p.c.	93
Sind Linght	100	6 p.c.	152 8
Tapti Valley	500	8 p.c.	625 8 +D
UpperSind Light	100	4 p.c.	70

STEAMER COMPANIES.

Bombay Steam Navigation O.	250	—	75
Bombay Steam Navigation P.	200	—	155
Scindia Steam	30	—	6 9

ELECTRIC UNDERTAKINGS.

Ahmedabad Electricity	100	5 p.c.	83
Andhra Valley O.	1,000	—	470
Andhra Valley P.	1,000	—	782 8
Bombay Tramways O.	50	4	89 0
Bombay Tramways P	50	7 p.c.	59 8
Tata Hydro-Elec. O.	1,000	30	736 4
Tata HydroElec. P.	1,000	7 p.c.	835
Karachi Electricity	100	6	92
Surat Electricity	100	—	57 8
Tata Power O.	1,000	—	317 8
Tata Power P.	1,000	—	490

PRESS COMPANIES.

Akbar	500	—	475
Fort	475	—	200
Harvey & Sabapathy	500	90-35	1000
Indian Cotton	125	20	201 4
Manmad Manufacturing	250	—	205 x D
New Berar	500	80	800
New East India	1,000	—	2500
New Mofussil P.	400	40	640
New Prince of Wales	500	61	815
Volkart U. P.	500	50	670

MISCELLANEOUS COMPANIES.

Alcock Ashdown	100	—	105
Belapur Co. Ltd.	75	—	10
B. Burma T. Corporation Old.	125	7-8	362 8
B Burma T. Corporation New	80	5	90
Burma Corporation	10	0-6	11 8
Bombay Uganda	80	4-12	40
British Burma Petroleum	—	—	4 12
Indo-Burma Petroleum.	Sh. 8	—	
Jest Engineering	100	225	250
Mckenzie	50	7-8	75 +D
New Union Flour Mills	100	30 p.c.	320
Port Canning	100	—	30
Sardar Carbonic Gas	1,000	50	600
Tata Iron Pref. 1st	100	—	45
Tata Iron Pref. 2nd	150	6 p.c.	89
Tata Iron Defd.	100	—	24 8
Tata Iron and Steel Co.	30	—	41 4
O.	75	—	11
Thacker	50	—	150
Telephone	50	1	20

INSURANCE COMPANIES.

Empire of India Life	50	22-8	650
Jupiter	15	—	4 4
New India	25	1-0	12 12
Oriental Life	50	30 p.c.	725
Vulcan	10	6 ans	2

MILLS.

Ahmedabad Advance	100	12	380
Alliance	100	—	40
Apollo	50	—	8
Asur Virjee	100	—	4
Berar Manfg.	200	30	300
Bombay Cotton O.	500	15	305
Bombay Cotton P.	10	8 p.c.	5
Bombay Dyeing etc.	250	50	760
Bombay Industrial	100	—	10
Bombay Woollen	100	—	70
Bradbury	250	10	350
Bradbury P.	250	7 p.c.	200
Broach Fine Counts	250	—	30
Century	100	20y	333 12
Central India O.	100	16	447 8
Central P.	500	5 p.c.	410
Ceylon	100	—	40
Colaba Land & Mill	100	7-8y	90
Coorla	100	7	140
Crescent	100	6	1-5
Currimbhoy	250	—	310
David	500	—	350
Dawn	250	40	525
Damond O.	100	—	11
Ei D. Sassoon United O.	10	— 0	14 0
E.brahimbhoy Pabaney	250	15y	235
Edward Sassoon	200	—	120
Elphinstone O.	100	—	22
Emperor Edward	500	—	306
Fazulbhoy	250	25	767 8
Finlay	100	20	130
Framjee Petit	1,000	—	560
Globe	100	—	41 4
Gokak	100	7	95 10 +D
Gold Mohur	100	—	15
Hindoostan	1,000	100	1037 8
Indian Bleaching, etc.	100	10	191 4
Indian Manufacturing	1,000	*75	80 0
Indore-Malwa United	100	*22-8	346 4
Indian Woollen	50	—	4
Jamshed O.	250	—	70
Kastoorchand	500	—	55
Khandesh	1,000	200	2300
Khatau Makanjee	100	6	80
Kilachand	25	—	3 12
Kohinoor	500	—	965
Lakshmi Cotton	1,000	350	4625
Madhorao Scindia	100	—	22 8
Madhowji Dharamsi	100	—	80
Madras United	250	15	450
Maneckjee Petit	1,000	100	2740
Mathuradas	100	—	90
Meyer Sassoon	500	—	105
Morarjee Goculdas	1,000	60	22'0
Model Mills, Nagpur	250	—	135
Mysore	50	5	110
New City of Bombay	100	10	190
New Great Eastern	200	10y	247 8
Osmanshahi (100)	75	—	67
Pearl	250	12	398 12
Phoenix	100	15	419
Planet	100	—	10
Premier	100	—	50
Sassoon Cotton	100	—	23 12
Sassoon Silk	500	—	460
Sholapur	1,000	1000	9250
Simplex	250	—	95
Sir Shapurji Broacha	100	—	57 8
Standard	500	100	1225
Swadeshi	100	18	421 4 +D
Swan	100	50	181 4
Tata Mill O	500	—	57 8
Vishnu Cotton O	500	90	1460
Vishnu P.	500	35	575
Western India Spng.	1,000	40	500

SHARE-MARKET FLUCTUATIONS

Bombay, Sept. 25.

Ahmedabad Advance				360
Bombay Cotton				300
Bombay Dyeing	748-12	753-12	748-12	760
Century	333-12	337-4	332-12	339-12
Central India	445	450	445	447-8
Colaba Land				9
Crescent	180	185	180	185
Edward Sassoon				120
Fazulbhoy	757-8	772-8	757-8	767-8
Finlay				120
Globe				41-4
Gokak				95-10
Indian Bleaching				191-4
Indore Malwa	345	351-4	345	350
Kohinoor				965
Madhowjee				80
Mathuradas				90
Meyer Sassoon				98-12
Mysore				110
New Great	245	250	245	247-8
Pabaney				235
Pearl	390	401	390	398-12
Phoenix				410
Simplex				90
Swadeshi	420	425	420	421-4
Swan Mills				181-4
Tata Mill				57-8

MISCELLANEOUS

Alcock				105
Bombay Steam				75
„ Tram Co., Ord.	90	91-4	90	91-4
Bundi Cement				6-12
Indian Cement				22 8
Central India Mining				27
Katni Cement Ord.				22-8
Shivrajpur				45
Tata Hydro	736 4	745	736-4	742-8
Tata Iron & Steel, Ord.				11
Tata Iron & Steel, Def	42-8	42-8	39-6	41-4

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

Bombay, Sept 25

	Rs. a
3½ per cent. Rupee Paper	68 15
4 per cent. Conversion Loan 1931-36	86 12
5 per cent. War Loan 1929-47	96 12
5 per cent. Loan (Tax Free) 1933	100
5 per cent. Loan (Tax Free) 1945-55	99 15
5½ per cent. War Bonds (Tax Free) 1925	103 0
6½ per cent. War Bonds (Tax Free) 1928	105 8
6 per cent. Bonds (Tax Free) 1926	101 6
6 per cent. Bonds (Tax Free) 1927	102 4
6 per cent. Bonds (Tax Free) 1930	104 4
6 per cent. Bonds (Tax Free) 1931	104 12
6 per cent. Bonds (Tax Free) 1932	105 4
6½ per cent. Bombay Development Loan (Tax Free) 1935	109 2
4 per cent. Port Trust 1974	76 12
4 per cent. Municipal 1974	75 0
4 per cent. Improvement Trust 1974	76 0
6 per cent. Port Trust 1930	101 6
6 per cent. Municipal 1929-49	101 6
„ 1954	102

Tone of Market:—Market steady but quite.

COLOUR MARKET.

Sept. 25.

We have to report a dull and easy market. Alizarines met with some demand only in small packing. Napthols saw good business at the ruling rates. Miscellaneous section is quiet.

Quotations:

Alizarines 20 per cent. Rs. 67 per cwt.
Congo Red. Rs. 1/6/0 per lb.
Napthol A. S. Rs. 6 per lb.
Napthol A. S. B. S. Rs. 7 per lb.
Nigrosene Crystals Rs. 1/6/0 per lb.
Hemetine Crystals Re. 0/12/0.
Sulphur Black Re. 0/12/0.

RUBBER.

London, Sept. 24.

Para Up River Fine, Spot 35½ Oct.-Nov. sellers.

Tone:—Steady.

Plantation First Latex Crepe, Spot 41½ Sept. paid value.

Tone:—After slight irregularity closed steady moderate business.

Ribbed Smoked Sheets 10/- paid sellers.

THE METAL MERCHANTS CO.

RATES FOR BRASS AND COPPER DAILY QUOTATIONS.

BRASS.

Bombay, Sept. 25.

	Per md.	Rs. a. p.
Brass, English	3/4	58 0 0
—Do—	1	58 0 0
—Do—	1 1/4	58 0 0
—Do—	1 1/2	58 0 0
—Do—	1 3/4	58 0 0
—Do—	2	58 0 0
German Brass	3/4 to 2	57 8 0

COPPER.

Bombay, Sept. 25.

	Per md.	Rs. a. p.
Copper, German	3/4	63 4 0
—Do—	1	63 4 0
—Do—	1 1/4	63 4 0
—Do—American	1 1/2	63 8 0
—Do—	1 3/4	63 8 0
—Do—	2	63 8 0
Japanese Copper Bars		62 8 0
Panchteka Joint		28 0 0
Copper English Bars		61 8 0
Brass Bars		41 0 0
Pat Klai		67 8 0
Lead, Country		27 0 0
Koger Brass, Metal 3/4 to 1		56 0 0
—Do—Do— 1 1/4 to 1 1/2, 1 3/4 to 2		56 0 0
German Copper 1 1/2 to 1 3/4 to 2		63 4 0
American Copper 3/4 to 1, 1 1/4		63 8 0
English Copper 3/4 to 2		63 4 0

BOMBAY-CHINA YARN MARKETS.

DAILY QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, Sept. 25.

	Per lb.	Rs. a. p.
Kilachand	No. 14 1/2	0 12 6
—Do—	No. 20 1/2	0 13 0
Currimbhai	No. 12 1/2	0 11 9
Elphinstone	No. 12 1/2	0 11 6
David	No. 10 1/2	0 11 3
Shapurji	No. 10 1/2	0 11 2
Trikamdas	No. 10 1/2	0 11 6
Sattara	No. 10 1/4	0 12 0
Shapurji	No. 6 1/2	0 9 9
Light-house	No 6 1/2	0 9 6
Japan	No. 40-1	1 3 6
—Do—	No. 42-2	1 5 3
—Do—	No. 20	0 15 0
—Do—	No. 32	1 1 9

METALS.

London, Sept. 24.

English best Selected Copper £64½.
Standard Copper G. M. B. £61½.
Copper Braziers £79.
Yellow Metal £69.
Hard Spelter £31¾.
Corrugated Sheets £16½.
Tin Block £ 264 5/8

BOMBAY STOCK EXCHANGE.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,

Bombay, Sept. 26.

3½ per cent Rupee Paper Rs. 68-14.

4 per cent Conversion Loan due 1931-36 Rs. 86-14.

5 per cent War Loan due 1929 47. Rs. 95-12.

5 per cent Loan due 1935, Rs. 96.

5 per cent Loan (Tax Free) due 1933, Rs. 100.

5 per cent Loan (Tax Free) due 1945-55. Rs. 99-15.

5½ per cent War Bonds (Tax Free), due 1938, Rs. 105-9.

6 per cent Bonds (Tax Free) due 1926, Rs. 101-6-0

6 per cent Bonds (Tax Free) due 1927, Rs. 102-3.

6 per cent Bonds (Tax Free) due 1930, Rs. 104-4.

6 per cent Bonds (Tax Free) due 1931, Rs. 104.11.

6 per cent Bonds (Tax Free) due 1932. Rs. 105-3.

6½ per cent Bombay Development Loan (Tax Free) due 1935, Rs. 109-1.

4 per cent Port Trust due 1974, Rs. 75-8.

4 per cent Municipal due 1974, Rs. 75.

6 per cent Bombay Municipal due 1954. Rs. 101-14.

4 per cent Improvement Trust due 1974, Rs. 75.

6 per cent Municipal due 1929-49, Rs. 100-8.

Tone of Market:—Steady.

MILL STORES.

Bombay, Sept. 25.

Quotations are:—

Healds-Cotton Rs. 1/1/3.
Healds-Elastic Rs. 18/0/0.
Reeds Rs. 0/2/0.
Roller Cloth 16 oz. Rs. 8/0/0.
Sizing flannel 72 in. Rs. 4/0/0.
Bandings-rim-scroll Rs. 1/5/0.
Bandings-tubular Oldham Rs. 1/13/0.
Bandlings-spindle Oldham Rs. 1/5/0.
Bobbins-Stubbing Japan Rs. 25.
Bobbins-Rovings Japan Rs. 20/8/0.
Bobbins-Ring twist 5in. Japan Rs. 6.
Bobbins-conical 5in. Japan Rs. 6.
Bobbins-weft 5 3/8 in. Japan. Rs. 5/4/0.
Rope Lambeth Rs. 1/13/0.

The market is quite conspicuous by an absence of demand. This is due to the continuance o fstrike. Healds, Reeds, Woollen goods etc. are perfectly quiet. Japanese Bobbins have no animation at present.

JAVA SUGAR.

London, Sept. 24.

Fine White Java C. & F. Calcutta 14/10½ Oct.-Dec. sellers

Fine White Java C. & F. Calcutta 15/1½ Jan.-Mar. sellers.

Fine White Java C. & F. Bombay 15/4 Jan.-Mar. sellers.

Fine White Java C. & F. Karachi 15/4½ Jan.-Mar. sellers.

Tone:—Dull and easier.

Cuban Sugar 11/3 Sept. selle s.

BARLEY.

London, Sept. 24.

Karachi Barley 36/- Sept.-Oct. quoted.

ENGLISH FOLDING LADDERS

Rs. 30 to Rs. 58.

Particulars from

BALSARA & Co.

29, Medows St., FORT.

DON'T BE PUZZLED
INSIST ON HAVING ONLY
S. C. SEAL'S
INK TABLETS
which are brilliant and non-corrosive, cheap, and best. Free samples to schoolmasters and merchants. Blue, Black, Violet and Green with fancy tin box. Each kind 15 annas per gross. Red Rs. 1-6 per gross.

AGENTS WANTED.
SARAT CHANDRA SEAL
15-3, Lakshmi Datt's Lane,
P.O. Bagh Bazar, CALCUTTA.

LATEST INVENTION.
230 Volt—5 C.P. M.F. LAMP
REDUCES your ELECTRIC BILL.
BUY
CONDOR LAMP
Gives Good Light, Durable, consumes less current.
America-India Export & Import Co.,
LOHAR CHAWL.

Karnik's AGUE Mixture
THE tried specific for Ague, intermittent and all sorts of Malarial Fevers. Price Annas 13
KARNIK Depot—BOMBAY.
Karnik's AGUE Mixture

A RARE CHANCE
FOR THE
BOMBAY PUBLIC

Why use so-called cheap vegetable Ghee and spoil your health? when you can have fresh Pure Ghee prepared from best Khandesh Butter in 10 seer tins @ Rs. 9-8-0 and 5 seer tins @ Rs. 5-0-0 from

THE
Monarch Trading Co.,
Opposite Cama Baug,
New Charni Road,
BOMBAY No. 4.

Art is Admired Everywhere.
ARAUJO FERNANDES & Co.
MERCHANT TAILORS.
(Princess Street, BOMBAY.)
Have elevated their Tailoring to an Art.

BOMBAY MARKETS

WEEKLY REVIEW.

COTTON.

WEEKLY REVIEW.

FOREIGN MARKETS.

Bombay, Sept. 25.

During the week under review Home markets have been fluctuating, but on the whole have displayed a continuance of downward tendency and last quotations to hand register a sharp decline both in Liverpool and New York as compared with last week. The market declined on heavy long liquidation on bearish Bureau Report.

The early days under review witnessed a quiet but steady market in America, with no pronounced movement either way, operations consisting chiefly in an evening-up process in anticipation of the Government reports. These latter made their appearance her on Thursday last showing the condition up to the middle of current month as 53.8 per cent. with an estimated yield of 13,931,000 bales, whilst the ginning Returns up to the same period indicated a record figure of 4,276,000 bales.

The report published came as a distinct shock both here and on the American Exchanges, as reliable authorities had based their ideas on a figure around 13,250,000 bales or slightly more, and the official figure of 13,931,000 bales was therefore looked upon as distinctly on the heavy side, so that the document naturally produced a smart drop in values after its publication. Moreover the ginning figure of 4,276,000 bales was of a distinctly surprising nature as it represented a very large total, being 1,613,000 bales in excess of the amount ginned same time last year.

Apparently the short interest had latterly been in great measure eliminated and majority of operators had inclined more towards the "Bull" side than the reverse, basing their operations on the strength of the private reports received stating that the crop had deteriorated considerably and that too much damage had been done by storm and rains. Those with bullish proclivities have realised from the document now published that their hopes are for the time being frustrated, as the news circulated by private authorities a week or ten days back regarding deterioration to the crop had been greatly exaggerated.

Since the compilation of the Bureau Report up to the 16th instant, weather conditions have been reported to be generally favourable, but it remains to be seen whether the recent favourable weather will continue till the next report is out, and fortunately if it does, we expect to see a further improvement in the crop of, say, at least 14 million bales, if not more.

Reports from Manchester are very much on the same lines we have indicated during the last week or two, though perhaps more actual business has transpired. The volume of business is considerable, and the present reaction in prices will stimulate enterprise amongst buyers to operate more freely so that quite a healthy and large trade would thereby result.

The demand for American spot cotton has continued to run on a restricted scale and sales put through during the week were on a small basis.

On the whole, judging from the outlook as it stands, it is difficult to express definite views as to what course the market will take in the near future, but we think that the recent drop in values will help traders to take advantage of the same in order to secure their supplies and cause prices to advance.

As regards the local market, prices for the greater part of the week maintained a relatively steady undertone, but after the announcement of the American Bureau Report values sagged heavily under the influence of free selling by Bazar operators and Commission Houses.

We have heard reports the last few days of general beneficial rains in the Berars and Khandesh and crop prospects for the present appear to have much improved in these districts.

The following were the changes in the Home markets as compared with last week:—

	Last week.	This week.
New York October	24.40	23.37—103
New York January	24.05	23.05—100
New York March	24.33	23.29—104
New York May	24.63	23.60—103
Liverpool October	13.14	12.45— 69
Liverpool January	12.98	12.32— 66
Liverpool March	13.01	12.36— 65
Liverpool May	13.03	12.40— 63

LOCAL FORWARD MARKET.

Bombay, Sept. 25.

Fully Good Broach April-May opened on the 18th instant at Rs. 433 and gradually improved to Rs. 441 on Commission Houses and Shroffs buying. On general selling the values receded to Rs. 437½. In accordance with a decline in America the market opened at Rs. 434½ on the 19th instant and advanced to Rs. 437 on buying by Shroffs and Commission Houses. On the 21st instant the market opened at Rs. 432½ easier and going down to Rs. 431 improved to Rs. 433½ on Exporters and Shroffs buying. On the 22nd instant the market opened at Rs. 430½ and fluctuated between Rs. 429½ and Rs. 431. On the 23rd instant the Bazar opened at Rs. 432½ and gradually advanced to Rs. 436½ on Commission Houses and Shroffs buying. A sharp fall in New York futures being reported on the 24th instant the market opened easier at Rs. 425 and fluctuating within a narrow range, closed at Rs. 423. Commission Houses and Shroffs were moderate sellers.

Fine Oomra January opened at Rs. 417½ on the 18th instant and went up to Rs. 420½ on buying by Commission Houses and Shroffs. From this level the market eased to Rs. 412 on Bazar operators and Commission Houses selling, but again recovered to Rs. 419½ on Japanese Houses and general buying. On a sharp decline in America on the 24th instant the market eased to Rs. 408 on selling by Exporters and Commission Houses and closed at Rs. 407 on the same day. F. G. Bengal January opened on the 18th instant at Rs. 372 and closed on the 24th instant at Rs. 359½, the highest being Rs. 376½ and the lowest Rs. 359½.

WEEKLY COTTON REPORT.

Bombay, Sept. 25.

(Special to "The Chronicle.")

The outstanding feature of the week under review has been the publication of one more Bureau Report in the United States; this seventh document of its type, which was published on the 23rd instant, shows the condition of the United States Cotton Crop as on the 15th instant as 53.8 per cent. and gives the estimated yield of 13,931,000 bales. The number of bales ginned up to the 15th instant is given at 4,276,000. No sooner was this Report published a sensational drop of 88 points was recorded in the price of the raw material; for the moment the market seemed to be in an excited form; for as soon as the October position reached the low level of 22.95 cents, a mild buying movement set in, and prices rapidly recovered by about 39 points, mainly because of the predominance of the sentiment that 23 cents, is a safe and fair level for the trade to buy, and the farmer to release his holdings.

Local Market:—Our market has fully sympathised with the collapse in New York market. The rate for Broach which was as high as Rs. 436½ on the 23rd instant owing to the expectation of a bullish Bureau Report collapsed at once to Rs. 422 on the following day when the Bureau Report was made known here; heavy long liquidation and free selling by exporters caused this big decline of 14 rupees in the course of 12 hours, and but for the support in the shape of Japanese having evinced some interest to buy the prices would have been further hammered down. At the time of writing the rates for Broach is quoted at Rs. 425 and for Oomra at Rs. 410. There has been nothing further to report in our market; the strike has affected almost all the mills in Bombay and for the moment it seems that this industrial dislocation will be hard to repair. As a consequence of the strike the millwallas show a very poor interest in the cotton market; their purchases have been in fact abnormally low.

On the future course of the price of cotton we revert to our bearish views, and advise sales on any reaction of importance. The Bureau Report has dispelled the delusion into which the market was so long enveloped; and all the alarming and considerably exaggerated reports about the crop of the United States that were cabled out to the world have been falsified to a degree. In addition to this the latest weekly weather report of the Government says that the weather has been for the week fairly favourable, and it is generally believed that the crop prospects are far much better than they were a few days back. With such favourable news about the crop, expected heavy hedge selling owing to unprecedented heavy ginnings, we would not wonder if the market records a further decline.

PIECE-GOODS.

A downward tendency has been noticeable in the Cloth Market during the past week. For Manchester goods the demand has not yet asserted itself, and merchants, who have so idle away their time, have been feeling rather anxious regarding the situation. The absence of the final rains which were required in Gujerat, Kathiwar and other places, will cause damage to the crops, and thereby reduce the buying capacity of the cultivators with regard to cloth. The epidemic of plague has been prevalent in Rajkot and is now spreading to other parts of Kathiawar. There is no wonder that buyers are strongly inclined to mark time at the moment.

Grey Shirtings of Manchester make have further declined in values by four annas per piece all round. Grey Jaconets and Drills have also shown a fair reduction in rates. White Shirtings have been neglected even at the lower basis of prices ruling in the market. White Mulls of some sorts have depreciated in values by three to four annas per piece. Nainsooks have remained nominally steady at the lower level reached during the previous week.

The Manchester Market has been steady. Fresh forward business with Bombay has been rather dull owing to the inactivity of buyers. Lancashire textile circles were agreeably surprised by the announcement of the news of the removal of all restrictions on the import of textiles into Germany. The German import license system had practically excluded British Textiles and Germany has completely raised the embargo by ratifying the clause of the Anglo-German Trade Treaty at the instance of the Manchester Chamber of Committee. At a recent meeting of the Blackburn and District Manufacturers' Association all the members present have pledged themselves not to sell staple cloths (Grey and White Shirtings, etc.) at a loss, so that needy sellers may not accept low rates. The Burnley Manufacturers' Association are in favour of a system of organised short time working for all Lancashire Manufacturing concerns and they are to ask the Cotton Spinners' and Manufacturers' Association to give consideration to this matter. Mail advices state that a large transaction has been booked for China in a class of shirting which has not been in request since the last eleven years. But conditions in China at present are far from being satisfactory and business will no doubt be restricted for that quarter.

The demand for Local Mill cloths has been rather satisfactory and fair lots have been taken up by buyers from Delhi, Cawnpore, Punjab and other places. Up-country purchasers seem to be gaining confidence in the present level of prices. The effect of the strike has been to check the downward movement in prices and to establish an advance owing to the curtailment of production. Almost all the mills in Bombay have been closed down, rendering idle over 150,000 operatives. It is interesting to note that the All-India Trade Union Congress office has received a cable from the Russian Ussar Textile Workers' Union of Moscow expressing fraternal solidarity in the struggle of the Indian Textile Workers against capitalist's slashes at the wages and intimating that they are sending 10,000 Roubles and wishing them all success. When sympathy has been expressed and help sent from Russia, it is left to be seen what India can do to relieve the sufferings of the poor workmen.

The following sale is reported to have been made by the mill during the week:—

About 500 bales calendered shirtings of Apollo Mills at Rs. 1-1-3 per lb.

Values all round have improved by half an anna per lb. in Khadi and Grey cloths. Fancies have also shown some improvement. Sellers are getting firm in their quotations in view of the brisk demand.

The quotations for the leading shops of Grey and Whites are as under :—

	Ins.	Yds.	Rs.	a.	p.
GREY SHIRTINGS—					
Ralli's Fari No. 200039	3	1/4/38	11	4	0
„ 100,000	..45	„ ..	13	12	0
„ No. 33,000	..45	„ ..	11	0	0
„ No. 2800	..37	„ ..	9	8	0
„ No. 4545	..38	×38 ..	11	0	0
„ No. 15000	..44	×38 ..	11	0	0
„ No. 16000	..	„ ..	11	8	0
„ No. 17000	..	„ ..	12	0	0
Graham's No. 2730	39	„ ..	11	4	0
„ No. 2750	..45	„ ..	13	12	0
Dewhursts BBB	..38	×38 1-2..	18	0	0
„ BB	..	..38×38 1-2..	16	8	0
„ Rupee No. 5	38	×38 1-2..	15	8	0
Ritchie's No. 510	..39	×37 1/2/38	11	4	0
Lyon's Shunker	..39	× „ ..	11	4	0
Fleming's 1904-1906 45,48,51		×38	17	8	0
GREY DRILLS—					
Pepperell's Dragon	29	×40 Net	19	8	0
Ralli's Musjid No. 425,26		×40	14	0	0
GREY JACONETS—					
Ralli's No. 18	.45	×22 ..	7	0	0
„ No. 18	..40	×22 ..	6	8	0
„ No. 158	..40	×22 ..	6	0	0
„ No. 636	..44	×22 ..	6	10	0
WHITE SHIRTINGS—					
Liepmann's No.1500	32	×42 ..	22	12	0
H. B. T. C. 40000	..36	×40 ..	27	4	0
Ralli's No. 9889	..33	×40 ..	18	0	0
WHITE MULLS—					
Ralli's No. 6	..41	×19 ..	7	12	0
„ No. 60	..46	×19 ..	8	8	0
„ No. 600	..51	×19 ..	9	4	0
„ No. 6000	..56	×19 ..	10	12	0
„ No. 88	..58	×20 ..	7	8	0
„ No. 1270	..27	×18 ..	3	8	0
„ No. 166	..39	×20 ..	..	..	
„ No. 818	..39	×20 ..	..	..	
„ No. 1440	..36	×20 ..	5	3	0
„ No. 1703	..52	×20 Net	14	14	0
„ No. 224	..44	×20 ..	7	1	0
Ritchie's No. 1260	27	×18 ..	3	8	0
„ No. 119	..37	×18 ..	4	8	0
„ No. 229	..42	×18 ..	5	0	0
„ No. 339	..47	×18 ..	5	8	0
„ IK-4K38",43'48"53		×18Avg.	5	0	0
„ No. 95	..58	×20 ..	7	4	0
„ No. 66999	..40	×18 ..	5	8	0
„ No. 86999	..40	×18 ..	6	0	0
„ No. 775	..40	×18 ..	6	0	0
„ No. 875	..45	×18 ..	6	8	0
„ No. 975	..50	×18 ..	7	0	0
„ No. 615	..50	×18 ..	7	0	0
Graham's Balloon	..58	×20 ..	7	4	0
Flemings No. 8080	..26	×18 ..	3	6	0
WHITE NAINSOOKS—					
Ralli's No. 7070-9090	27	×18 ..	4	3	0
„ No. 61-81	..	„ ..	3	15	0
„ No. 1850	..	„ ..	3	2	0
„ No. 1900	..	„ ..	3	4	0
„ No. 2600	..	„ ..	3	5	0
„ No. 21021	..	„ ..	3	8	0
„ No. 39620 T. B.	38	×22 ..	6	4	0
Graham's Nos. 88-8888	28	×18 ..	4	10	0
„ No. 95050-97979 Saraswati	..38	×18 ..	8	8	0
„ Tipoo W/WWW	34	×18 ..	5	4	0
„ No. 50000	..	„ ..	5	12	0
„ No. 33340/33350/33360			6	4	0
Lyon's No.4545-5056 6767	..26	×18 ..	4	0	0
Greaves' No. 8000 T. B.	38	×22	..		
Ritchie's Nos. 3500-4510 5520 ..	..26	×18 ..	4	0	0
S. W. and Co's. Nos. 5800-5820 "Motor Car" ..	..		4	0	0

The above quotations are on Bazaar terms with discount of three and a half per cent on Grey and four per cent on White Goods.

JAPANESE GREY CLOTHS—					
No. 666 Shirtings	..38	×38	..Net	11	6 0
„ 2500 Shirtings	36	×40 ..	„	17	0 0
„ 5151 „	..44	×38 ..	„	..	
„ 4141 „	..44	×38 ..	„	11	10 0
„ 5514 „	..44	×38 ..	„	11	10 0
„ 3600 „	..44	×38 ..	„	17	8 0
"O" Sheetings	..30	×36 Ex. Bond		9	12 0
"9" Dragons	..30	×36 Ex. Bond		9	12 0
"Elephant" Drills	..29	×40 ..	„	10	4 0
"Duck" Drills	..26	×40 ..	„	16	8 0

YARN MARKET.

Bombay, Sept. 24.

The market as been showing signs of improvement slowly and slowly owing to the Bombay mills strike and not only inquiries have broadened but dealers have been buying several kinds of Yarns, though in small lots, in anticipation of demand from up-country in the near future, and also due to expectation of further improvement in rates alround. There have been better inquiries from up-country markets at last rates but the mills have been asking for somewhat improved rates and actual sales have therefore been not large. Cotton also remained practically steady and helped the matter so far but to-days' Bureau report and a heavy decline have rather produced a slightly easy feeling. It seems however that inspite of the same, prices in all kinds of Yarns are likely to improve within the next few weeks in as much as it is believed that the strike will continue atleast for Six Weeks if not more and the shortage of yarns will certainly be felt. It is understood that the stocks of yarns are not very large with the Mills and the demand will certainly show improvement by and by as the up-country markets are short of goods and the news of the Labour strike will induce buying from them. It remains to be seen what course the market actually takes now but we are inclined to believe that the prices will advance further to the extent of ½ an anna per lb. in the next few days.

English Yarns.—There is hardly any business of importance as the Manchester quotations are irregular and Japanese competition has been very keen. We have therefore to report only small lots of two-fold yarns and a few packages of Cop yarns during the week.

Japanese Yarns.—Market hts remained steady and demand has been showing improvement and prices have tdvanced by about ½ an anna per lb. There is an amount of business done in Mercerised Yarns both for ready and forward deliveries and sales have taken places for September and October shipments at improved rates. In case of 40s. there is yet no life on account of large Stocks. Sampin and Exchange have remained steady.

Indian Carns.—Labour strike has spread in almost all Mills and about 1,40,000 people have been rendered idle as a result thereof. The Mills have been quoting somewhat higher rates for stocks of Yarns with them and a few sales have taken place at the improved rates. It is expected that the strike will not be over very soon and therefore there will be some further improvement in the rates of yarns before long. Inquiries from several Markets are there but rates offered are yet not favourable. China is again quiet and no business of importance has taken place. There is however a better inquiry from Rangoon and good lots of ready yarns have been bought for that market.

The outlook is certainly hopeful and prices tend to improve further.

SUGAR MARKET REPORT.

Bombay, Sept. 25.

We have no change to report in our market so far as ready sugar is concerned which ruled steady but quiet during the week with fair demand and prices are unaltered. The forward positions owing to easier advices from all quarters, there was much pressure to sell and fair quantity changed hands amongst dealers in White Javas September Shipment at 14s. 9d. to 14s. 6d. and October-December at 15s. to 14s. 9d. and January-March at 15s. 5d. to 15s. 1d. all Free Bombay Harbour terms.

Karachi and Calcutta reported quiet markets with no business and no change in prices.

Java reported a very quiet market in sympathy with America and prices have been reduced to 9.62 gilders with small business doing. Trust are reported to have sold New Crop Whites at 10 gilders, viz., 15s. 3d. C. I. F. Bombay.

Europe and America are reported quiet with free sellers and crop reports very favourable.

The following are the Bazar rates and stocks:—

T. M. O. Rs. 14-13-0 equal to 14s. 8d. F. B. Harbour, stocks 290,000 bags.

T. M. O. September 14s. 7d. F. B. Harbour.

T. M. O. October-December 14s. 10d. F. B. Harbour.

T. M. O. January-March 15s. 2d. F. B. Harbour.

CHEMICALS.

Bombay, Sept. 25.

Quotations:—

Soda Caustic 98 per cent. Rs. 17-12-0.
Soda Sulphide German Rs. 10/4/0.
Soda Hydrosulphide Re. 0/11/6.
Salt Aniline Re. 0/9/3.
Soda Antimony Rs. 0/8/6.
Soda Epsom Rs. 4/8/0.
Soda Glauber Rs. 4/4/0.
Potash Chlorate Re. 0/4/6.
Potash Bichromate Rs. 33.
Chloride Magnesium Rs. 5.
Chloride Magnesium Rs. 5.
Chloride Zinc Rs. 20/8/0.
Acid Acetic Re. 0/7/6.
Sago Flour Rs. 14.
Farina Rs. 18/8'0.
Maize Starch Rs. 14/12/0.
Alumina Sulphate Rs. 7.
Litharge Rs. 38.
Alum of Chrome Rs. 16/8/0.
Sugar lead Brown Rs. 33/8/0.
Sugar lead White Rs. 39.
Bleaching Powder Rs. 16/8/0.

Farina has been maintained firm, owing to scarcity. However, the recent mail quotations have been easier, and the demand owing to strike has been very limited. Hence the market is again dull. Sago, Maizestarch etc. are also lifeless. Sodium, Zinc and Potash chlorate have nothing further to be reported. Aniline and Antimony sent have been practically steady.

FREIGHT OF COAL.

London, Sept. 24.

Cardiff to Bombay 12/6.

MONEY MARKET.

EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, Sept. 25.

B. C. RATE—
Bank's selling T T, 1/6 3/32.
Bank's selling D D, 1/6 1/8.

LONDON—
Bank's selling T T, 1/6 1/8.
Bank's selling D D, 1/6 5/32.
Bank's buying 3 M/st D A, 1/6 13/32.
Bank's buying T T, 1/6 3/16.
Bank's buying D D, 1/6 7/32.

PARIS—
Bank's selling D D, Frcs. 755.
Bank's buying 3 M/st D A Frcs 805.
Bank's buying D D Frcs. 790.

JAPAN—
Bank's selling T T Rs. 111½.
Bank's buying 60 D/st D P Rs. 107½.

HONGKONG—
Bank's selling D D Rs. 164.

SHANGHAI—
Bank's selling D D Rs. 216.

SINGAPORE—
Bank's selling D D, Rs. 156¾.

NEW YORK—
Bank's selling D D, Rs. 274.

CROSS RATES—
London—New York Dols 4.84 1/2.
London—Paris Frcs. 102.43.
London—Switzerland Frcs 25.10.
London—Brussels Frcs 111.00.
London—Rome Liras 119.00.
London—Berlin Marks 20.35.

TONE OF EXCHANGE—
Exchange Market was quiet-steady.

London, Sept. 24.

Tele. Transfers firm 1/6 3/16
Bar Gold steady £4,4,11 1/2
Bar Silver Spot quiet 32 15/16

London, Sept. 24.

Rentes 3 per cent. 47½.
Bar Silver (Spot) 32 15/16.
Bar Silver 2 months hence 32 7/8.
Closing Tone of Silver:—China sold and India bought closed quiet.
Interest day to day loans 2 7/8.
Interest 7 days market loans 3 3/8.
Discount. Bank of England Rate 4½ per cent. since 6th August 1925.
Bars Sold £23,000.

BOMBAY EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, Sept. 25.

Bank Telegraphic 1/6 1/8.
Bank Demand 1/6 5/32.
Dec. Acceptance 3 m/s 1/6 13/32.
American Dollars 274
Hongkong Dollars 164.
Shanghai 216.
Japan 1½ 3/4.
Singapore 156 3/4
Market:—Steady.

EXCHANGE ON CONTINENTAL CENTRES—MIDDLE QUOTATIONS.

London, Sept. 24.

Stockholm	18.05
Christiania	26.83
Amsterdam	12.06
Switzerland	25.11

London, Sept. 24.

Exchange on London in Paris 102.42
—Do—in Germany 20.35
—Do—in Italy 118.91

New York. Sept. 24.

Demand Bills 4-84-12

LONDON DISCOUNTS.

Bombay, Sept. 25.

3 Months, 3½ per cent.
6 Conths, 3 3/4 per cent.
Bank of England Rate, 4½ per cent.
Money Call, 1 per cent.
Money 1 Month, 1 per cent.
Money 3 Months, 2 per cent.
Money 6 Months, 3½ per cent.
Tone of Money Market:—Easy.
Imperial Bank of India Rate, 4 per cent.

DISCOUNTS.

London, Sept. 24.

Discount Bank Bills 3 m/st 3 1/2
Discount Indian Bank Bills 6 m/st 3 7/8
Discount Fine Trade Bills 3 m/st 4 3/4
Discount Fine Trade Bills 6 m/st 5 1/4
Rentes 5 per cent. 18

BULLION.

Bombay, Sept. 25.

Sovereigns Ready 13/5/0.
Sovereigns Forward 13/5/0.
National Bank Bar Gold 21/7/6.
Bar gold ready, Rs. 21-3-9.
Bar gold forward, Rs. 21-3-9.
Par gold 2nd settlement, Rs. 21-3-6.
Bar silver ready, Rs. 74-8-0.
Bar silver 1st settlement. Rs. 74-5-0.
Bar silver 2nd settlement, Rs. 73-13-0.

London, Sept. 24

Bar gold ready, s. 84-11 1/2.
Silver ready, d. 32-15.
Silver forward, d. 32-14.

TONE OF SILVER—

Weak. Market closed with sellers at 1/16 below the fixed price. India bought. China sold. Market looks weak but do not expect any decided fall.

STOCKS, ETC.

London, Sept. 24.

Funding Loan 4 per cent. 1960/90 £89¼—.
Victory Bonds 4 per cent. £93 unchanged.
War Loan 5 per cent. 1929/47 £102 unchanged.
Conversion Loan £76 3/8 unchanged.
Indian Loan 5½ per cent. £102—¼.
Indian Loan 7 per cent. £103¾ unchanged.
Consols 2½ per cent. £55⅞—¼.
Rupee Paper 3½ per cent. £51 unchanged.
Indian Stock 3½ per cent. (Sterling Loan) 67⅞—½.
Govt. Securities 3 per cent. 57 5/8—⅜.

GOLD.

Bombay, Sept. 25.

Ready:—21/4/6.
Vaida Asho:—Opening 21/4/0. At 6 p.m. 21/4/0.
Vaida Kartak:—Opening 21/3/3. At 6 p.m. 21/3/3.
Teji Mandi:—
Vaida Asho:—Opening 0/1/3.
Vaida Kartak:—Opening 0/2/6.
Tone:—Market steady.

SILVER.

Bombay, Sept. 25.

Ready:—74/8/0.
Vaida Asho:—Opening 74. Lowest 73/15/0 Highest 74/5/0. At 6 p.m. 74/6/0.
Vaida Kartak:—Opening 73/8/0. Lowest 73/7/0. Highest 73/12/0. At 6 p.m. 73/13/0.
Teji Mandi:—
Vaida Asho:—Opening 0/9/0.
Vaida Kartak:—Opening 1/5/0.
Tone:—Market steady.

MOCATTA'S SILVER REPORT.

London, Sept. 24.

Firmness developed on China buying which, however, did not continue and America offering rather freely, resulted in a slight reaction. Bazaars bought moderately but most of orders were limited to prices slightly lower than those ruling, therefore they were not executed. The rather contradictory monsoon reports brought on an element of uncertainty in the market but India expected want of silver in the near future. Messrs. Mocattas think that about the present level of prices will be maintained. Premium for ready silver on most days was 1/16 and in view of small supplies available it is not likely to disappear.

Rs. 25 A MONTH FOR 20 YEARS WILL LEAVE YOU —INDEPENDENCE AND A GRAND FORTUNE OF RS. 11,000 !

No other Savings Bank gives this remarkable value for your money !

OUR HOME SAVINGS SAFE

encourages thrift, cuts down useless waste in expenditure.

Have a Safe in your Home, encourage in your family the habit of thrift and economy.

Accounts may be opened with a minimum of Rs. 5/-

Write for further particulars to :

THE CENTRAL BANK OF INDIA, Ltd.,

ESPLANADE ROAD, FORT, BOMBAY.

IT PAYS

TO ADVERTISE IN

'Swarajya'

THE BEST FRIEND

OF

Merchants and Manufacturers

The popular Nationalist Dailies (English and Tamil) of Southern India.

For rates apply to:-

MANAGER

"SWARAJYA,"

40, Broadway, MADRAS.

SAVE YOUR INCOME-TAX

by CONSULTING

PAREKH & Co.

INCORPORATED CERTIFIED ACCOUNTANTS.

Public Accountants, Auditors, Income-Tax and Super-Tax Experts.

M. P. Baria Building, Pydhoni BOMBAY

BOMBAY CITY AND SUBURBS.

ENGAGEMENTS.

TO-DAY.

Kakasaheb Kalelkar's lecture at 4 p.m. at Kapole Niwas Hall, Sandhurst Road.

The s.s. Ranpura with the English Mails leaves at 1 p.m.

WEDNESDAY, Sept. 30.

Ordinary General Meeting of shareholders of New India Assurance Co., Ltd., Esplanade Road, Bombay, 3 p.m.

SUNDAY, Sept. 27.

29th Annual General Meeting of the Bombay Students' Brotherhood, "Arya Bhavan", Sandhurst Road, Mr. M. R. Jayakar, President, presiding, 9-30 a.m. (S.T.).

Salsette Local Self-Government Conference Bandra Town Hall, Waterfield Road, Bandra, 2 p.m.

BUDDHA SOCIETY:—The next discourse of the Society will be conducted by Mr. Jamnadas Dwarkadas to-morrow (Sunday) at 9 a.m. (S.T.) at Nair Building, Sandhurst Road. The subject for the class will be 'Modern Religion."

STEAMER MOVEMENT:—The P. and O. Mail Steamer "Kaisar-I-Hind" with the Mails from Bombay of 12th instant arrived at Marseilles at 6-30 a.m. on the 25th instant Passengers travelling by the P. and O. Special Train were due to arrive in London on Saturday afternoon. The Mails left by the Mail Special and would be delivered in London on Sunday morning.

MUSLIM STUDENTS' UNION:—A Conversational meeting of members of the Muslim Students' Union will be held to-day (Saturday) at 5-45 p.m. (S.T.) when Mr. Ziauddin Akmal Mirza will speak on "Mussalmans and the Indian defence." In the Union Hall.

DEBATE ON LOVE:—A meeting of the Elphinstone College Gujarati Mandal will be held to-day (Saturday) at 12-30 p.m. in the B. A. Class Room, under the presidency of Prof. Divatia, when Mr. Mavlankar will propose. "It is better to have loved and lost than to never have loved at all." Mr. H. B. Mehta will oppose.

VIDYARTHI MANDAL, BANDRA:—Under the auspices of the Bandra Vidyarthi Mandal, Saraswati-Pujana will be celebrated to-morrow (Sunday) at the Municipal Marathi School Hall, Waterfield Road, Bandra, at 8 a.m. (S.T.). Mr. S. S. Naik, L.C.E., A.M.I.E., will preside.

PATHARE PRABHU SOCIAL SAMAJ:—Prof. P. A. Wadia, will address the members of the Samaj to-day (Saturday) at 6-15 p.m. in the N. D. Prabhu Samnary Hall on "Implications of Democracy." The lecture is open to public.

THANKSGIVING MASS:—The Annual Thanksgiving Solemn High Mass of Traders and Mercantile Firms in Bombay will be celebrated to-morrow (Sunday) at 10-30 a.m. (S.T.) at the Shrine of Our Lady of the Mount, Bandra Hill. The Rev. Father D DeSa, will preach.

BLESSING OF THE CORN:—To-morrow (Sunday) there will be the annual blessing of new corn at the Church of Stos Reis Magos, Gorai, in District of Salsette. After the blessing of the corn there will be a solemn High Mass at 9 a.m. (S.T.) followed by exposition of the Blessed Sacrament.

SOCIAL WORKERS' TRAINING CLASS:—The class organised by the Social Service League will be held at the Head Office of the League, Sandhurst Road, Girgaum, to-day (Saturday) at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) when Mr. V. L. Mehta will deliver a lecture on "Co-operation".

On Sunday (the 27th instant) the class will meet at 8 a.m. (S.T.) when Mr. R. R. Bakhale will deliver a lecture on "Labour Crisis in Bombay", and Prof. P. A. Wadia on "Removal of Poverty".

The students of the class will visit the David Sassoon Industrial and Reformatory Institute on Monday the 28th instant at 8-30 a.m.

PROTEST MEETING OF NON-BRAHMINS:—A public meeting of the non-Brahmins in Bombay will be held to-day (Saturday) at 8-30 p.m. at Tardeo (in the open compound Opp. Seth Rambhau Jankoji Avad's chawls) to protest against the action of the Poona Municipality for rejecting the resolution re. the late Mr. Phule. Mr. Ramchandra Arjunrao Gole will preside.

SARASWATI PUJAN.—Under the anspices of Shri Samarath Mandal, Shri Saraswati Pujan will be performed in Patriotic Institution, Mugbhat Cross Lane, to-morrow (Sunday) at 10 a.m. (S. T.) when Seth Mowjee Govindjee will preside.

BRAHMIN SANGHATANA.—Under the auspices of the Brahmin Sabha Deshbhakta Tatyasaheb Kelkar will deliver a lecture on "Necessity of Brahmin Sanghatana" at the time of Dasara Sammelan at 6 p.m. to-morrow (Sunday) in Murar Bagh, Khatar Galli.

TO-DAY'S RADIO CONCERT.—A Concert programme arranged by Mr. T. Campbell Rogers will be broadcast by the Bombay Presidency Radio Club at 9-30 p.m. to-day (Saturday). Call Sign 2 F. V. Wavelength 387 Metres.

RAM MOHAN ROY ANNIVERSARY.—The Ram Mohan Roy Anniversary will be celebrated by the Bombay Prarthana Samaj and The Young Theists' Union to-morrow (Sunday) as under:—

Divine Service at 7-30 a.m. Lecture at 9 a.m. Divine Service at 5-30 p.m.

PRARTHANA SAMAJ.—Mr. V. S. Sohoni will conduct the weekly Divine Service in the Prarthana Mandir Girgaum on Sunday the 27th September at 5-30 p.m. (S. T.) All are invited to attend.

The morning Divine Service will be at 7-30 a.m. (S. T.)

BOMBAY STUDENTS' BROTHERHOOD.—The 29th Annual General Meeting of the Bombay Students' Brotherhood will be held on Sunday the 27th instant at 9-30 a.m. (S. T.) at its Headquarters, "Arya Bhavan", Sandhurst Road, Girgaum to adopt annual report and to elect Managing Committe for 1925-1926.

CO-OPERATIVE BANKING.—Mr. V. L. Mehta, Managing Director of the Bombay Provincial Co-operative Bank, will deliver the fourth lecture of his series on Co-operative Banking to the students of the Continuation Class to-day (Saturday) at 3 p.m. at the office of the Bank (Sirdar Building, Apollo Street, Fort). The class will not be held on Sunday (the 27th) on account of the Dussera Day.

RELIGIOUS DISCOURSE.—Swami Yatiswaranandha of the Sri Ramkrishna Mission will conduct a public class in English on the Gospel of Sri Ramkrishna at the Sri Ramakrishna Ashram, Khar, Bandra at 8-30 a.m. (S. T.) on Sunday (to-morrow). The Swami will also give a public discourse on Raja Yoga at the Bombay Students' Brotherhood, Arya Bhuvan, Sandhurst Road, Bombay at 4 p.m. (S. T.) the same day.

Swami Viswananda will deliver a public discourse on the "Gita" at Kirtikar's Wadi, Dadar at 9 a.m. (to-morrow) Sunday. The Gita Class at Saraswat Hall, Alexandra Road, Gamdevi will be conducted by the Swami at 6 p.m. to-day.

FALSE ALLEGATIONS AGAINST MAGISTRATES.

APPLICATIONS FOR TRANSFER OF CASES. WITHDRAWN.

At the Esplanade Police Court on Friday, Mr. S. S. Rangnekar, Chief Presidency Magistrate considered the applications made by Jaffer Cassum Musa and Jhaver Jootha for the transfer of certain cases from the second and sixth Presidency Magistrates. Decision of the applications was deferred to enable the applicants to put in altered affidavits, but before the applicants withdrew the allegations against the Mazagaon Court Magistrates, expressed regret for having made them and submitted their explanation as to how they came to make the allegations.

Jaffer Cassum Musa, who is a J.P. stated in his application that he was the Estate Manager of H. H. the Aga Khan and held a general power of attorney from His Highness. His Highness' Hasanbad Mount Road property in Bombay was renated by persons who used the place without paying rent. When his bill collector Javer Jootha, went to that place the applicant alleged, Lalji Amarsy, an occupant, assaulted him with the aid of Khusal Kara, robbed him of his money and burnt his rent bills. The bill collector complained against them to the Second Presidency Magistrate at the Mazgaon Police Court charging them with assault. As against that Lalji Amarsey complained to the sixth presidency magistrate, at Mazgaon, charging Jaffer Cassum and Javer Jootha with making false complaints to the police. Both cases were pending. The applicants further alleged that Lalji Amarsey and others used to gamble in the compound of the Nesbit Road bungalow of His Highness and when under the Estate Manager's instructions the watchman tried to prevent the gambling Lalji Amarsey and his companions assaulted the watchman and his assistants. They also made complaints against the watchman and his assistants, which was being heard by the sixth presidency magistrate. In all these cases, Mr. I. S. Haji, Bar-at-Law was appearing for the applicants' opponents. The applicants alleged that "on account of the influence of Mr. Haji, both the learned magistrates are postponing cases from time to time without any substantial reasons, and with a view to put us to trouble and drag us to Court every now and then. Up to now there have been 11 hearings of this case." It was further stated that the applicants were harrassed whenever they went to the Mazgaon Police Court by their opponents, who possibly with the connivance of the police abused them and otherwise tantalised them. The applicants expressed fear for their lives and prayed that the cases might be transferred from the Mazgaon Police Court to the Esplanade Police Court.

Mr. Manubhai Pandya, solicitor, appeared for the applicants and Mr. Haji to oppose them.

When the case was called out the Chief Presidency Magistrate told Mr. Pandya that the applicants had made false allegations and enquired whether they were prepared to withdraw them, otherwise he would order them to show cause why they should not be proceeded against for making false allegations. The report of the Magistrates concerned showed that the allegations were false. There were not 11 hearings of the cases as alleged. The hearing of the case against the watchman had been disposed of and not pending as alleged. The third allegation that Mr. Haji influenced them to postpone was false.

Some discussion ensued in which applicants insisted to put first their explanation and then withdraw the allegations. His Worship said he was going to take a serious view of the matter and wanted the applicants to withdraw the allegations first.

Mr. Pandya then intimated that his clients withdrew the allegations and assured His Worship that there was no intention to hurt the feelings of anybody. The withdrawal and expression of regret were accepted and filed.

It was then argued on behalf of the applicants that the witnesses to be heard in the cases sought to be transferred were the same as those in another case which had been decided and as such the magistrate (Mr. Thakkar) might have formed conclusions about their reliability. In view of this the Chief Presidency Magistrate allowed the applicants to submit altered affidavits and said he would decide the applications for transfer on the merits of the affidavit. A postponement was granted to enable the affidavit to be filed.

DANGER OF SLIDING DOWN.

STUDENT'S FATAL FALL.

Luxmikant Tulsidas, Mehta, a Hindu lad (12) went to the New High School as usual on Wednesday and was sliding down the staircase rail, when he fell down and sustained serious injuries. He was removed t. the G. T. Hospital in an unconscious state and was bleeding from the mouth. The height from the bannister to the floor was about 25 feet. In spite of all the necessary treatment, he died a few hours ltter, death being due to cerebral haemorrhage resulting from the fall.

At an inquest held by the Coroner Hormusji Vasuna, a student deposed that at about 2 p.m. the deceased was sliding down the bannister of the staircase from the third floor during the recess hour. As he reached the second floor, he lost his balance and fell down on the stone flagged floor.

The jury returned a verdict of accidental death.

ANOTHER CASE OF SUICIDE.

On Wednesday at about 10 p.m. Parvatibai, a Hindu woman (50) residing in Bombay Improvement Trust chawls at Morland Road, fell down from the second floor and fractured her spine. She was removed to the J. J. Hospital where she died on Thursday morning.

At an inquest held by the Coroner Punja Gabaji, a Hindu, residing in the same building said that the deceased was not in a sound state of mind since the death of her only son six months ago and used to behave like a mad woman.

The jury returned a verdict of suicidal death while in a deranged frame of mind.

SUICIDE—A HAPPY SURCEASE OF HER TORTURE.

Navajbai, widow of Dorabhai Aspandiarji Motafram (51) residing at Bhoiwad Lane, Fort, on the fourth floor of a house, had been suffering from chronic inflammation of the bladder for nearly a year and was under the treatment of Dr. D. N. Saher. As she could not bear the pain, she often told her relatives that she would put an end to her life. On Wednesday at 3-15 p.m. her daughter-in-law seeing her lying on the bed went out for a while and on her return found that her mother-in-law had thrown herself from the fourth floor on to the road below and her head was completely smashed. A chair was found near the window through which she had apparently thrown herself.

At an inquest held by Rao Bahadur B. N. Athavle, the Coroner, the jury returned a verdict of suicide.

BIG HAUL OF OPIUM.

At the Esplanade Police Court before Mr. S. S. Rangnekar, Chief Presidency Magistrate, Sergeant Mackenzie charged Gafoor Shahbudin with possessing 300 tolas of opium valued at Rs. 616/- without a license.

The evidence showed that the accused was seen passing in a suspicious manner in the Princes Dock on Wednesdty night. The accused sensing danger ran away and boarded s.s. "Naur" where he was searched and opium of the quantity stated above was found. The defence of the accused was that he was out of employment owing to mill strike and went to the docks in search of a job. When he was drinking water at a water tap, he was arrested.

His worship convicted the accused and in view of his one previous conviction sentenced him to suffer four months' rigorous imprisonment.

THAT AMAZING BOOK!!

MAKE YOUR LETTER WIN MORE BUSINESS, EARN BIGGER MONEY, SECURE BETTER MARKET.

Banerjee's

Mail Order Letters and Methods

reveal you the wonderful secrets, train you in success-achieving Ideas and lead you to build up an ever-expanding business.

Rs. 3, V. P. P. extra.

FROM ALL BOOK-SELLERS OR FROM

INDUSTRY BOOK DEPT.,

Keshab Bhaban, Shambazar, CALCUTTA

MILL SITUATION UNCHANGED

LABOUR EXODUS CONTINUES

ROWDYISM AT DADAR STATION.

A DEPUTATION TO THE GOVERNOR.

The situation in the mill area remained unchanged on Friday. Only four mills are now working, namely: Colaba land (Colaba), Framji Petit (Mazagaon), Indian Woolen Haines Road) and Bombay Dyeing (Purbhadevi Road). The rush of the mill-operatives for their homes has still not abated. An enquiry at the Alexandra Dock showed that on Wednesday nearly ten thousand passengers left for the Konkan while th average exodus per day during the previous days was six thousand. Yesterday about 6,000 left for the coast. The mill area has assumed a quiet and serene atmosphere and there is no panic among the shop-keepers or the hawkers as was reported in some quarters. A representative of the "Bombay Chronicle" who took a round of the strike affected area from Haines Road to Fergusson Road, De Lisle Road, Purbhadevi Road, Elphinstone Road, Dadar and Parel saw the shop-keepers, and other traders doing business as usual without betraying any signs of perturbation. Our representative also called on a labour leader who said that a deputation on behalf of the operatives would wait upon the Governor shortly with a request to institute an enquiry into the present crisis. He also expressed his opinion that though everything was quiet at present, he was not sure the situation would continue to remain so after the Diwali holidays when the operatives would come back from their homes to Bombay with empty pockets and empty stomachs. He hoped, therefore, that the Government and the mill-owners would come to some, settlement to offer some relief to the operatives before that time arrived.

Although the mill area as a whole is now quiet, an unfortunate incident occurred at Dadar in the early hours of Thursday morning which resulted in injuries to more than two dozen persons. It appears that soon after midnight on Wednesday about two to three thousand Bhayas who were mill operatives thrown out of work as a result of the strike, collected near the G. I. P. Dadar, railway station and wanted admission to travel free by the Nasik train. The railway staff prevented them from entering the railway premises and as a result it is reported the workmen grew furious and began to thrown stones. The Assistant Station Master requisitioned the aid of the police but they were unable to cope with such a large number of Bhaiyas. A telephone message was therefore sent to the Victoria Terminus and police constables in sufficient strength were brought in to quell the situation. The Bhayas by this time did considerable injury to the railway premises by pelting stones. Besides breaking some window panes, and lamps, they injured the Assistant Station Master, four porters, six Ticket Inspectors and about 15 police constables. Some passengers of the down Poona and Nasik trains as well as the Poona Race specials which were then passing were also injured. A parcel clerk handing over parcels to the Guard, being frightened, took refuge in the water closet adjoining the guard's brake van. Fortunately the guard of the Poona passenger train escaped unhurt, but his brake was damaged. The police, however, succeeded in dispersing the Bhaiyas after about an hour and arrested seventeen of them, who were placed before Mr. U. N. Mehta the following morning. The charge against them is "that between the 23rd midnight and 1 a.m. on 24th they in company with two to three thousand Bhaiyas committed riot and pelted stones on the passenger running trains." Six of the accused having received injuries have been removed to the Police Hospital for treatment and the case has been postponed till the 5th October. The rest of the accused have been remanded to jail custody. The railway police took extra care on Thursday night to prevent such an occurrence again and a large posse of armed police was kept at the station to preserve order.

LATER.

On Friday at about 3 p.m. the Colaba Land and Mills Co. Ltd also followed suit and had to close down. The weavers and other operatives complained to the Manager about the reduction in their wages, but when the Manager told them that they could not go against the decision or the Millowners' Association, all the men numbering about 2,000 quietly walked out of the Mill.

LABOUR EXODUS AND STEAMSHIP COMPANIES.

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

Sir,—The Indian Co-operative Steam Navigation and Trading Company, Ltd., has been established with the aid of mill-hands and on capital invested mostly by mill-hands. In the present crisis, a vast number of mill-hands who come mostly from the Konkan are leaving for their native places. The Company has been raised and maintained mostly on the money of the mill-hands and it is now the duty of the Company to help these poor mill-hands in their days of stress and starvation by reducing their rates at least 50 per cent.

Such reduction will not in any way cause a loss to the Company provided they resist the temptation of earning huge profits from the starving mill-hands. The usual complement of the passengers is about half the number of passengers which the Company's ships are licensed to carry. During the present exodus of mill-hands from Bombay the ships carry a full number and thus even if the rates are reduced by 50 per cent. the daily receipts of the Company will remain the same without any increase in the daily expenditure.

A large number of the shareholders of the Company consist of mill-hands who mostly elect the Directors. The Company is conducted by these Directors whose duty is to see that their electors are given some relief in the present crisis. The present Board contains a Director who is himself a mill-hand and two or three Directors have been elected to watch the interest of mill-hands. It is, therefore, the duty of these Directors to see that some relief at least is given to their poor and starving electors—the mill-hands, their wives and children—by a reduction in the rates. This is not the time to put off reducing the rates by waiting for a regular meeting of the Directors, but an urgent special meeting should be called for this purpose only.—Yours, etc.,

V. R. PARULEKAR.

BOMBAY SUBURBAN DIST. CONGRESS COMMITTEE.

The Salsette Local Self-Government Conference, organised by the Bombay Suburban District Congress Committee, holds its sessions at the Bandra Town Hall, Waterfield Road, Bandra, on Sunday (the 27th instant) at 2 p.m. (S.T.) Bulletins and delegate tickets have been despatched to those delegates whose names were informed by their electing bodies. In case, where any of the institutions or associations have not sent the names of their representatives, five duelegate cards have been sent to the Secretary of such a body, for distribution among its representatives. It is likely that some persons who are entitled to be delegates may not receive delegate tickets, owing to certain difficulties such as 'change in address' etc., such persons are also requested to attend. Delegate tickets will be supplied to them at the place of the Conference, if they produce a certificate from the Secretary of the body, whose representatives they may be entitled to be.

No one but the delegates will have the right either to speak or vote on the resolutions.

The Subjects Committee meets to-day (Saturday) at the Municipal Marathi School Hall, Waterfield Road, Bandra at 5 p.m. (S.T.).

The members af the Subjects Committee and the delegates are requested to get their tickets with them.

NEW YORK & LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKETS.

DAILY TELEGRAPHIC QUOTATIONS.

(From Cotton Telegraphic Information Service)

Ismail Building, Hornby Road, Bombay.

25th September, 1925.

October	Closing rate on previous day.	Opening rate.	Closing rate.	Difference.
NEW YORK.	23.37	23.59 +22	23.60	+23
LIVERPOOL.	12.45	12.50 +05	12.52	+07

Sawri Closing Rate: Rs. 426-8-0. Khandi Closing Rate: 426-0-0

SPORTING NEWS

TO-DAY'S POONA RACES.

2ND MEETING:—3RD DAY.

SELECTIONS BY "SENEX."

THE SIRUR PLATE.—Distance 1 mile. 2-45 p.m.

MYSTERY	1
OSBOURNE	2
MAY B	3

THE WARWICK PLATE. Division I.—Distance 1 mile. 3-15 p.m.

PENETRATE	1
TRUE GRACE	2
GREEN ISLET	3

THE WARWICK PLATE. Division II.—Distance 1 mile. 3-45 p.m.

DOMESTIC BOND	1
RADHAPIARI	2
CHARENA	3

THE KIRKEE PLATE.—Distance 5 furlongs. 4-15 p.m.

SAHOO	1
ROSCOFF	2
MARSHAL PETAIN	3

THE COBHAM HANDICAP.—Distance 6 furlongs. 4-45 p.m.

RIVERINE	1
NEW STYLE	2
LADY THEO	3

THE ST. LEGER PLATE.—R. C. and distance. 5-15 p.m.

ALDERGROVE	1
AUDLEM	2
SCHOOL BOY	3

THE ECLIPSE PLATE.—Distance 5 furlongs. 5-45 p.m.

BRIGHT BIRD II	1
KASER GIRL	2
NABOB	3

THE CURSETJEE DHUNJISHAW PLATE.—Distance 1 mile. 6-15 p.m.

MOZAN	1
HAWAM	2
RARITY	3

ROVERS TOURNAMENT,

Y. M. C. A. SURPRISED.

R.A. Kirkee (Donnelly, Bright)	2 goals.
Y.M.C.A. (Hudson)	1 goals.

The Y.M.C.A. who surprised the Bombay football goers by beating the much tacked of Bengalis, were in their turn surprised by the Kirkee Gunners on Friday when the visitors won by the odd goal in three. The youngmen had under estimated their opponents after the latter-opening game with the Bombay Battalion in the first round and have only themselves to blame for being a slow lot. The gunners showed vast improvement since their first game and were in earnest right from the start. The fact that the Y.M.C.A. had beaten the Calcutta team in no way unnerved the Kirkee Artillerymen who were the first to score. Their centre forward Donnelly dodged through Laughland and Hayes Hoare and McCarthy had no chance. Pitt who gave the Y.M.C.A. a reputation by scoring both goals against East Bengal was an unaccountable failure. Except for giving the direction to the ball on several occasions he was off colour. He could hardly dodge and all his passes were intercepted. Before half time was called Hudson managed to equalise off a pass from the left.

The struggle began afresh on resumption within two minutes of which the Y.M.C.A. defence fell a second time, Bright being responsible for the winning goal. Exchanges were fairly even in the first half but the gunner got the appear hand in the latter period. The better trained team survived the struggle. The Y.M.C.A. defence was sorely tried and Hudson who changed places with Hayes Hoare was instrumental in saving the situation more than once. The Youngmen were ot altogether without openings but Pitt who had most chances was too slow.

Teams were:—

Kirkee R.A.:—Brown; Nash and Laurence; Smith, Saddler and Coroner, Gerrl. Parr Donnelly, Bright and Lassett.

Y.M.C.A. K McKarthy; Laugland and Hayes-Hoare; Lindop, James Irvine, Moorhouse Hudosn, Pitt, Duthie and A. McCarthy.

Referee: Mr. W. Godwin.

SATURDAY'S MATCH.

K.S.L.I. vs. Lancashire Fusiliers.

MONDAY'S MATCH.

Middlesex vs. West Yorks

LESLIE CUP RUNNING.

The run for the Leslie Cup was a close one on Friday and the Kents beat Wilts by 8 points to 7. Thatcher of the Kents came first in 14 seconds.

LEAGUE FOOTBALL MATCHES.

LONDON, Sept. 24.

The following are the results of football matches played in the League to-day:—

Second Division:—Clapton Orient nil, Derby one.

Third Division (Northern):—Doncaster two, New Brighton nil; Walsall three, Bradford one.—Reuter's Special.

BLACKSTONE OIL ENGINES
ARE
INDIA'S FAVOURITE
AND
HAVE NO EQUAL
200 ENGINES ALWAYS IN STOCK
MARSHALL SONS & Co., (India) Ltd.
Ballard Road, BOMBAY.

LANDLORDS : :
CONTRACTORS & :
MILL OWNERS : :
If you want to get your buildings
PAINTED or DISTEMPERED
AND
If you want GENUINE stuff
at MODERATE RATES
Then VISIT the
MOST RELIABLE FIRM
KHATRI & CO.
163, Jamli Mohalla, BOMBAY, 9

VISRAM BROS
2, Rampart Row, BOMBAY.
Telg. "VIZY" Tel. 20567
IMPORTERS OF :
COAL, COKE, PIG IRON, MOULDING SAND, FIRE-BRICKS, AND ALL FOUNDRY & MILL REQUIREMENTS.
CONTRACTORS IN
Electrical Wiring,
Lightning Conductors
Sanitary Engineering and
Garden Fittings,

IF YOU HAVE ANY DIFFICULTY
ABOUT
INCOME TAX
OR
SUPER TAX
CONSULT
NAGINDAS & MANEKLAL
75, Mahabir Building,
Homji Street, Fort, BOMBAY.
Telephone No. 22560.

MYSORE PIG IRON.
PIG IRON made at Bhadravati (Mysore State) is the purest and strongest iron yet made in India, because charcoal is used as fuel. Apply Sales Officer, MYSORE IRON WORKS 4th Floor, Sudama House, Ballard Estate, Fort, Bombay.

A reliable firm wanted to take over the Stock of AMERICAN ELECTRIC MOTORS (Ac & Dc) to be sold on Commission basis. Owner retiring from Business.
Enquire with Mr. BAPASOLA.
at MUBARAK MANZIL,
Apollo St., BOMBAY

CARBO-LASTIC
Freedom from leaks for a long period of years. That is what Carbo-lastic will give your roofs. Easily laid—no heating—no delay.
Stocks ready in Bombay.
HEATLY & GRESHAM
LIMITED, ENGINEERS.
204, Hornby Road, BOMBAY.
8

ORIENTAL
Government Security
LIFE ASSURANCE Co., Ltd.
RESULTS OF THE COMPANY'S OPERATIONS DURING THE THREE YEARS 1922-1924.
PROFIT RS. 51,00,000
INCREASED BONUSES DECLARED
ON WHOLE LIFE POLICIES ;
Rs. 22½ per Rs. 1,000 per annum
ON ENDOWMENT POLICIES ;
Rs. 18 per Rs. 1,000 per annum.
The Company's increasing popularity is reflected by
NEW BUSINESS 1923—Rs. 1,74,00,000
1924—Rs. 2,37,00,000
AND STILL INCREASING !
NOW IS THE TIME TO INVEST PROFITABLY IN A LIFE POLICY
For full particulars apply to ;
THE MANAGER
ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.

ORDERS HUMBLY SOLICITED FOR
GENUINE KHADI
Numerous varieties
IN LARGE STOCK
TO SUIT ALL WEARS & USES.
Special Designs
IN ARTFUL WEAVING
IN
SAREES, DHOTIS & CHINTZ.
Purchase Khadi and Help the Poor.
Gujrat Provincial Congress Khadi Bhandar
Dadyseth Agiari Lane, Kalbadevi Road.

TILES & MARBLES
Our quality Defy Competition.
SAJAN & CO.,
4, Custom House Road, Fort, BOMBAY.

JUST PUBLISHED.
THE MIND GOVERNS
by
SOHRAB A. CALIANIWALA.
"In the form of a dialogue which roams over literature, history, and philosophy, glancing at such questions as reincarnation and spiritualism," according to "The Times Literary Supplement."
(Price One Rupee. V. P. P. As. 3.)
SUNSHINE PUBLISHING HOUSE.
Engineer Building, Princess Street, Bombay

The Bombay Chronicle.
SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 26, 1925.

WRANGLING.

Whether they are at one or at loggerheads, there is a touch of asperity in the discussion of public affairs between Pundit Motilal Nehru and Mr. M. A. Jinnah. In the latest controversy over the question of resignations from the Assembly, both of them seem to say the same thing for two different objects, and with the skill of the practising lawyer, Mr. Jinnah has adopted the predilection of Pundit Motilal as his own conclusion and quietly closed the discussion. The incident is not so simple, because it strained the confidence of the M. L. A's in relation to the electors and gave them a chilling foretaste of popularity as it remains to be tested next year. From whom did the bright idea of whole-sale resignations proceed? As far as we know, and Mr. Jinnah does not dispute the fact, it originated in the mind of the Independents who after airing the proposition exercised their habit of mutual independence and made collective action impossible. The Independents publish teir intention of taking a sensational course, and when the Swarajists inform them of their readiness to co-operate, Mr. Jinnah declares that independent discipline is not equal to united action and that there is virtue in Pundit Motilal's disinclination to resign. Independents profess the desire to act, but they have neither the discipline nor the power to leave their verbal fireworks. In his explanation, Mr. Jinnah does not say if there was to be any change of tactics in the event of the M. L. A's. resigning and getting re-elected. Would the Independents have dug their toes at budget-time, harassing the policy of the Swarajists and exerting a strength wholly disproportionate to their numbers? Mr. Jinnah has nothing new to offer. The Independent M. L. A's. had before them a chance of returning on the crest of uncontested elections and sharing the reputation for dramatic action which seems now to be monopolised by the Swarajis's in the Assembly. Cheap return, no additional obligations and better terms with the constituencies—all these advantages were to be gained as the sequal of resignations. If they follow their old policy of middle-bargains and expediency in the legislature, they will have as little chance of soaring up at the next general election as a crippled sparrow in a sand-storm. How in the circumstances the Independents failed to come to the scratch, is a little difficult to understand. A few at least are nervous of the idea of electioneering worry when for a whole year there is the charm of a quiet eminence. People do not look beyond one year ahead and twelve months may create some fresh situation. Would it not be awkward if the member of an objected Commission exposed himself to the uncertain conduct of his electors?

From the party point of view the primary instinct of Mr. Jinnah was correct, and it is, generally speaking, unfortunate that public opinion was not re-inforced by an appeal to the electorates. As the Council of State has to be fumigated and undesirable elements expelled, a concurrent election for the Assembly would have facilitated the due adjustment of members. A common slogan and work for the party-machines would have enabled the electors of the Council of State to choose better men worthy of the company of Nationalist members in the Assembly. Resignations would be useful only if they came prompt and stirred the interest of the public. In his exceeding consideration for the Council of State, Mr. Jinnah says that their rejection of the joint-amendment had nothing to do with the proposal of an appeal to the country, but the decision should have been taken the moment the Council of State tried to undo the work of the Assembly and Lord Reading certified to their wisdom We cannot separate the incident from the impulse of protest against the reactionarism of the Government. Here Pundit Motilals apology is stilted and unconvincing. Two or three months he proposes to give to the Viceroy and the Secretary of State lest blame should rest in the M. L. A's. that they did not give the authorities time enough to mend; and the declaration, coming as it does from a leader who objected to Parliamentary over-riding even to the extent of a comma, appears rather laboured and unreal. The opposition of the British Government has been so well demmonstrated that it is too late, to say, as Pundit Motilal does, that a fresh appeal to the country would be "premature." With the suggestion of resignation coming from the Independents, the Swarajists should have tried to wean the country from its supine inertia. The object of such a measure would be served if we had a re-affirmation of the electors standing by the representatives in the Legislature. The Swaraj party has just now attempted to turn the Congress into a political machine and the temper of renewed interest in political methods ought to have been strengthened by anti-reactionary propaganda. Only with the disturbance of our stupor, is there any possibility of revived political action, whether in the form of public agitation or foreign boycott or limited experiments in direct action.

Pundit Motilal complained that "at present their refusal of supplies in the Assembly was futile as they had not prepared the country to refuse taxes". That is precisely the critism levelled by the Independents, but it means defective organisation of the country. The greater the demonstrations, the weaker the confidence of the Government in the sheepish obedience of the people. The purpose of budget reduction is limited because the executive have arrogated the power of restoring grants, but nevertheless there is the gradual forfeiting by Government of the moral authority essential to their continuance and comfort. Wistfally, Pundit Motilal refers to the schemes the late Deshbandhu had for village organisation. Not even the plank of the boycott of foreign cloth was renewed at Patna It could have been made into rallying cry to which electors might have responded. For the Swarajists legislators to say that "they had no time to carry on the work outside the Councils" is to give a provoking explanation slightly tinged with snobbishness. For work to proceed, Swarajists should take up the campaign of Mr. Das as he left it, prepared equally for conciliation and for resistance. They should have taken the attitude of the Government in the Assembly as final and strengthened their position with the suffrages of the people; but even as Lord Birkenhead affected great respect for the Assembly's pronouncement before any decision, the Swarajists at Patna are exercising restraint, giving Lord Reading and Lord Birkenhead another chance to make good.

z

AN APPEAL TO BURMA.

The resolution of the All-India Congress Committee on the Burma expulsion of Offenders' Bill is distinctly opportune since the position of Indians in Burma is being steadily assailed. The Committee, while not condemning the measure, has rightly held that it constitutes an aspersion on Indians against whom it is principally aimed and has taken exception to legislative discrimination against the Indian population by a province which is a part of British India. That this measure is not the only sign of the growing anti-Indian feeling in Burma is evident from the enactment of the Burma Sea Passengers' Tax Bill. From the Finance Member's reply to an interpellation early this week, it appears that the Governor-General's consent to the Act has not yet been given and that, therefore, the levying of the impost has not begun. Whether the delay in according sanction signifies an inclination to withhold approval or whether it is merely accidental is more than we can say But it may be recalled that when the measure was on the anvil, Dewan Bahadur Ramachandra Rao attempted to move, though without avail, an adjournment of the Assembly on March 17 to draw attention to the impost on the ground that inter-provincial migration was a central subject and that the tax on sea passengers was not a scheduled tax. Later, on June 16, Mr. Thurtle suggested to Earl Winterton in the Commons that sanction should be refused to both the Burma Government's Bills. We do not know if the delay in sanctioning the fiscal impost is in any manner influenced by these considerations but if it is, the position of Indians in Burma may yet be retrieved. And we trust that even if the Legislative Council passes the bill for the expulsion of offenders, as we apprehend it will, the Governor will be moved to veto the measure which is an affront as well as a danger to non-Burman, and particularly Indian, residents of Burma. Unless the Government of India wish to see repeated in Burma the sordid tale of the exclusion of Indians from the Dominions, they should impress upon a subordinate administration the prime obligation of securing equality of treatment of persons of other provinces.

What is ominous, however, as regards this policy of banning Indians is not that the bureaucracy, keen to divide and rule, wills it but that the Burman Nationalists greet it with approval. During the debate in the Council on Thursday Mr. Ba Pe, the leader of the Nationalist Party, hinted that Burma wanted not merely a financial but a political separation from India and desired to be ruled not by the Indians but by the British only. Since Indians no more dominate the governing forces of Rangoon than of Simla, the hostility to "Indian rule" is a trifle exaggerated. If the demand were of "Burma for the Burmans," it would carry weight as the expression of Burman nationalism; but the substitution of British rule hardly savours of the principle of self-determination. The Burman Nationalist desires separation on the ground, mistaken as we think that Burman interests may conflict with those of India. But we hold that the demand of Burma for provincial independence is fully reconcilable with her affinity to India in a federal plan. Indian Nationalists should not, therefore, base their appeal on the common interests of India and Burma; if the Burman people are asked to modify their attitude in order to complete and realise Indian unity without which neither Indian nor Burman freedom is possible, the appeal assumes a different complexion. What, then, is asked of Burma? Not that she should be a hand-maid to India or revoke her control of justice and finance, education and industry Indeed, under federal self-government Burma would enjoy much greater power in all these matters than under the bureaucratic aegis. Before Burma irrevocably commits herself to an ideal of rigid separation, we counsel her to cast a bird's-eye glance over the political condition and economic forces influencing her and judge what benefit she would reap by wrenching herself from India. India is her neighbour and Burma will have to learn to live with her. Cannot the Burman and the Indian Nationalists think out a plan that will secure the association and ensure the harmony of the two lands instead of permitting things to drift? For, there is no doubt but that the dissociation of Burma would mean disintegration and hence a step away from the movement of co-operation. How will Burma face such an issue? We do not foresee an easy or rapid acquiescence but we do hold that a reasonable settlement that is mutually satisfactory is not beyond the range of practicability. That, however, is for the future when both are free to negotiate on terms of equality For the present, the Burman Nationalists should realise that the alien bureaucracy in dividing the Burman from the Indian is not moved by any consideration of the interests of either of them because the interests of both are equally opposed to its own which is to keep them both equally powerless against itself. Burma may come in or may go out from an Indian Federation but only she should be offered no bribe for disavowing her unity with India. Burma should at least combine with India for achieving freedom before she separates to enjoy it.

Notes of the Day.

Britain and Arab Freedom.

A Cairo message published by the "Daily Express" informed us the other day that a Conference would shortly be held at Jeddah between the representatives of King Hussein, Ibn Saud and Britain to seek a solution of the present impasse in the Hedjaz. Is it to attend this Conference that Sir Gilbert Clayton has departed from London? His official mission, according to Reuter's cable which we publish elsewhere, is connected with the adjustment of the frontier between the territory of Ibn Saud and the British mandated territories in Iraq and Transjordania and Sir Gilbert Clayton is reported to have emphasised that his mission in no way indicated a change of policy on the part of the Imperial Government with regard to interference in the religious dispute in that region. The assurance is satisfactory so far as it goes; inasmuch as it is evidence of the realisation by the British Government of the need for non-intervention in a matter which Muslims regard as religious. But the British Government will do well to give a more adequate proof of their solicitude for Muslim opinion. They know only too well that Muslims the world over resent the British occupation of Iraq, Transjordania and Palestine which contain places regarded as holy by them. These countries have been occupied by the British not with the consent of the people freely given. It is not the adjustment of frontier between the territory of Ibn Saud and the British mandated territories that will satisfy Muslim opinion, but the abandonment of the mandates thus affording the Arabs the opportunity that is their due to govern their own land. But it is idle to expect the British Government to do the right and just thing. Meanwhile, British statesmen cannot be unaware of the misgiving caused among the Muslims by the occupation of Akaba and Maan whose future will be the main subject of negotiation between Ibn Saud and Sir Gilbert Clayton. Muslim entertain misgivings because the British occupation of these places threatens the territorial integrity of the Hedjaz where, under Islamic law, no non-Muslim control can be tolerated.

World-forces and India.

We are glad Prof. Benoy Kumar Sarkar has taken the earliest opportunity of elucidating his view-point on the foreign policy which he wants Young India to pursue. Such foreign policy he describes as the utilisation of various world-forces in the interest of national development and he need not, therefore, have taken exception to our observations on the futility of relying on such entities as "world-opinion" or 'civilised conscience" because such entities may surely be regarded as a part of the "world-forces." If world-forces are to be utilised for political freedom, it is not possible because the liberty of India is not wholly compatible with the interests of any Western Power and because the colour-line rents humanity asunder; if they are to be utilised for non-political purposes, an intelligent utilisation is not possible partly because India has no power to borrow what she chooses and partly because her energies are exhausted in the mere effort to resist the bureaucracy. Prof. Sarkar suggests that India lost her freedom owing to the "conjuncture of world-forces" and so she can win it also through another such conjuncture. The conjuncture of world-forces in the former case was little more than international rivalry combined with efficiency of armaments. International rivalry is still an effective cause impeding Indian freedom but until India becomes strong enough to be something more than a pawn on the world-chessboard, she is not likely to benefit by international recriminations. Moreover, western means of aggression are more powerful now than when used by the East India Company so that no salvation is possible even by utilising this world-force. Poland and Czecho-Slovakia, which Prof. Sarkar mentions as examples, won their freedom because they had secret bargains with the Allies and are French proteges. If participation in world-politics means alliance with foreign Powers and not merely foreign propaganda, Indian freedom may become a bye-product of world-politics provided the allies of India win. But unless India is strong, the ally of to-day may become the aggressor of to-morrow. The old adage "save thyself" is true of nations no less than of individuals.

FOREIGN POLICY OF YOUNG INDIA.

(By BENOY KUMAR SARKAR.)

The editorial discussion in the "Bombay Chronicle" of September 24, on my statements re the "Foreign Policy of Young India" published along with the interview in the issue of the 23rd is a critical and suggestive contribution to the problem. But one or two items need clarification. Hence the following lines.

1. The editorial points out that economic and political forces constitute some of the "salient factors" in international relations. Quite so. My internationalism is not one-sided or monistic enough to ignore them, as every reader would have noticed. The life's scheme propounded in the interview is quite encyclopaedic. It need be remarked that the statements can by no means mislead one into the belief that I was talking of "culture-contact," pure and simple.

2. My concept of internationalism appears to have been misunderstood in the editorial. From the interview itself one could not come to the notion that my internationalism is equivalent to a world-federation "world-opinion" or "civilised conscience" etc. It cannot possibly be arrayed against internationalism whatever it may mean. It stands for nothing more than the "utilisation of the varied world-forces in the interest of one's own development." Young India need not, therefore, be nervous over the term internationalism as used by myself.

3. The editorial has its philosophical foundations in the belief that "till we attain strength through unification and liberation" a foreign policy is more or less out of the question. One reads as follows: "it is the political subordination of India which prevents another subject from reaching the people." Again, "we do not think any intimate or useful contact (with foreign peoples) is possible without a solution of the fundamental problem of Indian freedom."

There is no doubt that many great things can be accomplished during periods of national independence or, say, after a subject people has attained freedom. This should be regarded as a first postulate.

But I venture still to submit that whatever be the "fundamental problem" for India—be it Swaraj of any denomination or any other conceivable political system within or without the British Empire—the conscious and steady cultivation of foreign relations by Indians individually as well as collectively is one of the most powerful agencies in the solution of that problem itself. Foreign policy is no less a necessity for Young India than rural service, co-operative agriculture, scientific research, and extirpation of Malaria.

If India happened to lose her Swaraj, freedom, sovereignty and what not through the conjuncture of world forces (1757-1857) it is through the same conjuncture that

Continued on page 12.

COMMUNAL RIOT AT ALIGARH

TROUBLE OVER RAMLILA PROCESSION

MANY CASUALTIES REPORTED.

DELHI, Sept. 24.

Reports of a serious Hindu-Muslim riot have been received here from Aligarh where last night when a Hindu procession in connection with the Ramlila festival was passing through the locality called Madhodharwaza, it is alleged, stones were thrown by some Mahomedans and this inflamed the feelings of the Hindus who indulged in a free fight with Mahomedans inflicting many casualties. Details are lacking, but it appears that sixty Mahomedan men and women have been injured of whom two have died and four are in a precarious condition. A hundred others have been slightly injured. The number of Hindus admitted into hospital is twelve.

LATER.

Another report mentions that the police had to open fire and a few shops belonging to Hindus as well as Mahomedans were looted.—A. P.

APPEAL TO GOVERNOR.

DELHI, Sept. 25.

The Secretary of the Ramlila Committee, Aligarh, has sent the following telegram to the Governor of the United Provinces:—"Peaceful Hindu Ramlila procession attacked on 22nd at 6-15 p.m. by big preorganised Muslim bands from behind and side streets and roofs of Mahomedan houses. One Hindu was killed and about hundred Hindus were badly injured. District and police authorities are Mahomedans and are indifferent and unsympathetic. Some Hindu shops were looted. Unwarranted restrictions placed on the Ramlila procession and Ramlila had to be stopped. Religious liberty of the Hindus completely curtailed. No satisfactory arrangements for recording statements of the Hindus. Injured Hindus demand impartial enquiry by non-Muslims. Hindu life and property in danger. Observing hartal."

SITUATION QUIET.

Latest information from Aligarh is to the effect that the situation there is now quiet. Hindu shops remain closed and Ramlila celebrations have been suspended.

Chaudhery Lotan Singh whose name was prominently mentioned during the last two communal disturbances in Delhi and against whom proceedings under section 107, Cr. Procedure Code, are now pending, was picked up this morning in an unconscious state in a field near Bara Hindu Rao with wounds on his body caused by some sharp weapon and was conveyed to hospital where, it is stated, he is lying in a precarious condition. Police investigation is proceeding.—A. P.

"HINDUSTAN TIMES" CORRESPONDENT'S VERSION.

DELHI, Sept. 25.

The special correspondent of the "Hindustan Times" gives some details of the communal riot which took place at Aligarh on the night of the 22nd instant. According to him the casualties so far estimated are 91 Hindus and 38 Mussalmans admitted to hospital. Of these three Hindus and some Mussalmans are reported to be in a precarious condition. Two Hindus died of knife wounds and three Mussalmans were killed in the firing. The Hindu and Muslim shops remained closed on the 23rd instant, but the latter re-opened on the 24th. It is stated that a few days before the riot took place, some Mussalmans objected to the Ramlila procession passing through the Madar Darwaza which was the route in the previous years and which is a strong Muslim centre. Nothing untoward happened on that day and the procession was eventually allowed to pass. On the occasion of another procession, the police stopped that part of the procession which was near the Madar Mosque on the ground that it was then prayer time for the Mussalmans. On September 22 when a Hanuman procession was passing through the Madar Darwaza, some Mussalmans who were collected there on the pavements and roofs of houses are alleged to have thrown stones and brickbats on the procession. These Mussalmans were soon joined by another party of their community who, it is stated, belaboured the processionists from behind. The Hindus defended themselves against these attacks. It is alleged that a Mussalman fired and wounded a Hindu. Many Hindus and some policemen were wounded by brickbats. The police then opened fire on the Mussalmans collected on the roofs of houses from where the brickbats came. The riot was quelled in a short time and the procession was then allowed to proceed along its route and return as usual by the same route. The Hindus, states the special correspondent, were not armed but the 'akharas' who accompanied the procession had their usual weapons. It is further reported that the authorities did not take the precaution of posting policemen on the tops of houses as was usual when large processions passed through. It is also alleged by the correspondent that on the day the procession was stopped by the police, it was half an hour before prayer time and the processionists were never warned about the route by any official.—A. P.

A BOURGOISIE MOVE

IN EVENT OF GENERAL STRIKE

FORMATION OF VOLUNTEERS' SCHEME.

LONDON, Sept. 24.

An influential organisation has been formed with Lord Hardinge as President and the members of the Council including Lord Jellicoe, Lord Scarborough, Lord Falkland and Sir Rennell Rodd with the object of establishing throughout the country a system of volunteers to maintain the supplies of vital services in the event of a general strike. The scheme has already partly been developed in London.

Sir Rennell Rodd, interviewed, declared that the organisation was non-party, non-political and an unpaid one. It was not formed for the purpose of opposing the legitimate trade union activities but to prevent severe privation of the mass of people who had not a direct part in the actual dispute. He added that the Government had been informed of what they were trying to do and in the event of an emergency the whole organisation would be placed at the disposal of the authorities.—Reuter.

MINERS DISSATISFIED.

MR. BALDWIN ON JULY SETTLEMENT

LONDON, Sept. 24.

The Miners' Conference at Downing Street broke down after Mr. Baldwin had explained that the settlement of July did nothing beyond continuing the agreement between the owners and the miners of 1924 and that variations in the district rates the sunder did not concern the Government.

At the close of the Conference Mr. Tom Richards, the Miners' leader, stated that the miners had not received satisfaction and said that a national delegates' conference would be convoked.

Mr. Cook has issued a statement controverting Mr. Baldwin's statement and declining, pending a settlement of the dispute, to participate in the proceedings of the Coal Commission. Mr. Cook says that he will appeal to the labour movement to support him as it did in July.—Reuter.

FRANCO-AMERICAN DEBT NEGOTIATIONS.

AMERICANS DISAPPOINTED WITH FRENCH OFFER.

LONDON, Sept. 25.

Washington.—The French Debt Funding negotiations will begin seriously to-day. M. Caillaux has already tabled a definite offer which he says he wrote himself on board the ship and on which his colleagues are united. The French suggestion is unacceptable to some of American commissioners, but it appears that the majority are willing to use them as starting point for further negotiations.

OFFER UNACCEPTABLE.

New York.—Special despatches from Washington to the morning papers all agree that the French offer is unacceptable. The "New York World" says "The American Debt Commissioners are thoroughly disappointed."

The "Times" says: The French offer is made as a bargain in purposes. Americans do not regard it as an official proposal.—Reuter.

M. CAILLAUX BUSY WITH HIS TASK

LONDON, Sept. 24.

Washington.—The debt funding negotiations opened here to-day with a speech by M. Caillaux who hoped for a settlement not only of a practicable nature but worthy of the past of the two great nations. He paid a tribute to America's war-time efforts.

Mr. Mellon, replying, declared that America did not minimise burdens France had borne, nor the difficulties that were menacing her future, but this condition was not permanent and France would successfully emerge from it. Mr. Mellon knew that the present Conference might greatly influence the peace of the world; and, therefore, he felt that great responsibility was resting on him. "It is our duty," he declared, "to reach a conclusion which, in the estimation of both our people, is fair and, in a practical test of time, workable".—Reuter's Special.

DEATH OF MR. SAMUEL DIGBY.

LONDON, Sept. 24.

The death has occurred of Mr. Samuel Digby.—Reuter.

[The late Mr. Samuel Digby was closely connected with the Press in India as Assistant Editor of the "Times of India." He then served in various capacities such as Secretary of Indian Section of Royal Society of Arts since 1890 and of Dominions and Colonies since 1898, Member of Organising Committee and Hon. Secretary for India of the Seventh International Congress of Hygiene and Demography. He assisted in the movement which led to the appointment of a Select Committee of House of Commons to consider the grievances of the Uncovenanted Services of India (1890).]

BRITAIN AND IBN SAUD

ADJUSTMENT OF TERRITORY

SIR G. CLAYTON'S MISSION.

LONDON, Sept. 24.

London.—Sir Gilbert Clayton departed to-day on his official mission to Arabia in connection with the adjustment of the frontier between the territory of Ibn Saud and the British Mandated territories in Iraq and Transjordania. He emphasised that the mission in no way indicated a change of policy on the part of the Imperial Government with regard to interference in the religious dispute in that region.—Reuter.

WITHDRAWAL OR RETURN?

ALL'S NOT WELL WITH SPANIARDS.

LONDON, Sept. 25.

Madrid.—A communique from Morocco says that the withdrawal of troops which participated in the operations in the Alcuhemas sector was carried out without any incident and that the enemy left three hundred dead and fifteen as prisoners.

LATER.

An official communique makes it clear that the withdrawal mentioned earlier refers only to the return of the column commanded by General Perez at its base and adds that General Saros' column has bivouacked in the captured positions. The communique adds that Wednesday's victory has increased the difficulties of Abdel Karim in raising fresh contingents and concludes by saying that the French and Spanish headquarters are now arranging final details for the coming offensive in which the French will closely collaborate with the Spaniards.

A telephonic communication has been established with Marshal Petain's headquarters. A staff-officer from Melila flew in an aeroplane to Taza, which the French now occupy. The capture of Morroviejo, Mount Malmusi and the Bonita Bay has solved the problem of water supply to the Spaniards because there are springs in these places.—Reuter.

FIERCE FIGHTING WITH RIFFS.

LONDON, Sept. 24.

Madrid.—An unofficial account of the Spanish advance from Morrounevo says that the Riffs at the outset resisted feebly and the Spaniards advanced two kilometres when large forces of Riffs encountered them and fierce fighting ensued culminating in a terrible bayonet charge on the slopes of Morroviejo which was captured. Two hours later each of the successive positions was taken at the point of the bayonet till the height of Malmusi was seized after a long and furious contest.—Reuter.

BRITISH GOVT'S HELP TO HONG KONG MERCHANTS.

LONDON, Sept. 25.

Hong Kong.—Mr. Amery has telegraphed to the Governor of Hong Kong that he has sympathetically considered the petition of the deputation of Chinese bankers and business men for Government relief in the present economic crisis and that he is arranging to place three millions sterling at the disposal of Hong Kong in few days. Merchants very much appreciate the British Government's action which is regarded as an excellent countermove to Canton's Bolshevist activities directed against Hong Kong.—Reuter.

RUSSIAN LABOUR DELEGATES IN JAPAN.

LONDON, Sept. 25.

Tokio.—It is learned from an official source that the Soviet Embassy at Tokio has requested the Japanese Government to relax police restrictions on the four Russian labour delegates from China. It is understood that the Japanese Home Office has made some concessions but as constant police supervision prevents the carrying out of the original programme, the delegates are leaving for Osaka this evening instead of on 28th September.—Reuter.

KRUPPS AND BIG IRON TRUST.

LONDON, Sept. 24.

Berlin.—The Krupps, of Essen, have withdrawn from the proposed Iron and Steel Trust on the ground that the disappearance of such a well-known name would not be advantageous to German economic life.—Reuter.

(The message of the 8th September stated, "Negotiations are proceeding between five of the biggest Rhenish and Westphalian steel and iron industrial concerns for a working arrangement or amalgamation).

HAKIM AJMAL KHAN RETURNS

BE MORE BROAD-MINDED

OTHER MUSLIMS' MESSAGE TO INDIAN MUSSALMANS.

Hakim Ajmal Khan came back yesterday after six months tour in Europe, and Africa. On the pier he was received by His Highness the Nawab of Rampur, the workers of the Central Khilafat Committee Local Indian Hakims and members of the Hakim Saheb's family who had come down from Delhi specially to receive him. Besides there was a large number of local people. Hakim Saheb after being profusely garlanded motored to Somerset House with His Highness the Nawab of Rampur.

A representative of the "Bombay Chronicle," interviewed Hakim Sahib. As Hakim Saheb was going to Solon last evening on account of the illness of Begam Ajmal Khan, the correspondent could not get detailed information. However Hakim Saheb gave a short message to his countrymen which ran as follows:—

"I expected that on my return the communal tension would be greatly lessened, but I was grieved to hear that Hindu Muslim quarrels had greatly multiplied. Still I am not hopeless and am confident that my country will see better days. The present dissentions are in reality the reactionary effect of that communal unity which was predominant in India and I expect it to die a natural death in course of time. I hope better days not only for India, but for the whole of Asia, though I can not say positively in which time it would be a patent fact. All the Muslims countries like Syria, Palestine, Egypt, etc. are at a loss to understand our petty quarrels. They could not understand how cow-slaughter, playing of music and similar other things were the cause of discord and disunion. They are all one in their request to the Indian Muslims to be more broad-minded and catholic in their ideas.

In conclusion Hakim Saheb said "It is high time for India to be the torchbearer of liberty and to emancipate the East from Western thraldom, but it is a matter of shame and regret that not only there is Hindu-Muslim tension, but the Hindus are fighting against Hindus and Muslims are at war with Muslims and so long as each and every one of us is not considerate and sensible of the seriousness of the occasion this state of things can not come to an end."

MAHATMA TO VISIT CUTCH.

BEHAR TOUR SHORTENED.

(From Our Special Representative.)

PATNA, Sept. 24.

Mahatma Gandhi intended to make a fairly long stay in the Behar and then leave by middle of October for Almorah in U. P. for rest. But a deputation from Cutch headed by Mansing K. Jina, a well-known merchant, who hails from Cutch but enormous business in Rhome, Mr. Malanjit, the well-known Indian political worker in Burma, and Messrs. Gokuldas Khimji and Nanabhai Upadhye prevailed upon Mahatmaji to visit Cutch and acquaint himself personally with the grievances of the Cutch State subjects. It is now settled that he arrives in Bombay on the 20th of October, after spending a fortnight in touring in Behar. He attends the Provincial Conference at Sitapur (U. P.) on the 17th and 18th October, and then reaches Bombay to start by steamer for Cutch on the 21st. He will be in the Cutch State until the 2nd November.

EX-MAHARAJA'S SUCCESSOR.

SIR HARI SINGH'S POPULARITY

LONDON, Sept. 24.

The "Times" pays a tribute to the late Maharajah of Kashmir. It says the death of the old and conservative ruler after so long a reign naturally causes a certain anxiety as to the prospects of the State under the new ruler. It refers to Sir Hari Singh's popularity and the opinion of those who know the country that he is best qualified to fill the ex-Maharajah's place successfully. It adds he has won many friends in India and Britain and it will be unfortunate if official or religious disapproval of his youthful errors were to prevent his succession to the throne or diminish his popularity as its occupant.—Reuter's Special.

"WOMEN MUST DO THEIR JOBS."

ATTENDANCE OF WOMAN AT EXECUTION.

LONDON, Sept. 24.

An execution was for the first time attended by a woman when John Keen was hanged at Glasgow this morning, Mrs. Mary Bell, junior Magistrate, was present in her official capacity. There had been agitation in the city in this connection. Mrs. Bell resisted all attempts to dissuade her, declaring that she disliked the task but women in public life must do their jobs thoroughly.—Reuter.

(John Keen was sentenced to death at Glasgow for the murder of an Indian in May last when a mob attacked eight Indians in a house in Glasgow.)

FIRST CITIZEN OF INDIA.

BOMBAY'S WELCOME TO ASSEMBLY'S PRESIDENT.

MR. PATEL OPENS HIS HEART.

WHY HE ACCEPTED THE CHAIR.

When Mr. Patel returned to his constituency on Friday evening he was given a splendid, enthusiastic and a warm reception as only Bombay can give to a true servant of India. The welcome to Mr. Patel, as Mrs. Naidu said, began not in Bombay but somewhere at Kalyan, and deputations after deputations waited on him to express their gratitude for the great services he had rendered to this country, and to show their appreciation of those services. When he got down at Victoria Terminus, the platform and approaches to the Station were overcrowded by an enthusiastic crowd. On the plotform were the elite of Bombay, many of them being members of the Corporation. Among those present were Mrs. Naidu Messrs. Chotani, Khatri, J. K. Mehta, H. A. Lalji, V. A. Desai, B. N. Meisheri Meyer Nissim, R. K. Vaidya, Vithaldas Damodar Govindji ,K. F. Nariman, R. N. Bapasola, S. N. Silam, etc. With Mr. Patel in the carriage, which was almost smothered with flowers, were Messrs. Jamnadas Mehta, Balubhai T. Desai, J. G. Nensey and others. It was with some difficulty that Mr. Patel could step on to the platform—so thick and enthusiastic was the crowd round him. After a great deal of manoeuvring he was taken to the beautifully decorated motor car, belonging to Mr. N. H. Belgaumwalla. The whole platform was crowded by a mass of people representative of all the great communities of this great city. A procession was soon formed, with about a dozen motor cars, and a large body of volunteers. In Mr. Patel's car were seated Mrs. Naidu, Mr. Jamnadas Mehta, Mr. Narottam and Mr. Balubhai together with Mr. V. A. Desai. The procession then went through the city, preceded by a pilot car flying the national banner. All through the route the streets were decorated and the crowd was immense. A large number of people followed the procession on foot to the Congress House. At every few yards ahalt was made and Mr. Patel was literally buried under a mass of flowers and bouquets offered to him, only his Gandhi cap and white beard peering thorough the mass. Had many of the floral offerings not been removed from time to time it was feared he might have been buried under them. In the Marwadi Bazar the whole street was very tastefully decorated with costly brocades and shawls. The gold and silver merchants had specially opened their shops in the evening to give a rousing welcome to the President of the Assembly. It was a triumphal procession from beginning to the end of which any one might be proud, and Mr. Patel certainly was. It was nearly 6-30 when the procession reached Congress House, where again a large crowd awaited Mr. Patel and gave him a rousing reception on his setting foot there.

A meeting was held at the Congress House soon after to welcome Mr. Patel, Mrs. Sarojini Naidu presiding.

FIRST CITIZEN OF INDIA.

Mrs. Naidu said it was a very proud occasion for the premier city of India. Those of them who had followed the procession the nucleus of which had began at Kalyan and wondered through the crowded streets would realise how splendid was the enthusiasm and the reception accorded to the representative of Bombay. He was not only their chosen representative in the Assembly but he was also their master when he was the President of the Corporation; in the latter capacity he was their first citizen, but as the President of the Assembly he was the supreme unofficial citizen of India. He was the first citizen of India to-day by virtue of his great rank and position as the Speaker of the Assembly. And, therefore, sharing their pride she not only welcomed Mr. Patel, but expressed their deep gratitude that by his great services, courage, and patriotism he had exalted the name of Indian nationalism and his own virtue and merit and he had reached the highest unofficial position in India. (Applause). It was not for her to speak of his ability, his talents and his activities. And who did not know Mr. Patel—from 'The Times of India" downwards? (Mr. Jamnadas Mehta: "or upward"). When he was a member of the local Council, they knew what pioneer services he had rendered to the country, those very things which had now become the common places of the nationalist platform. He was always unyielding in his courage and patriotism for the cause of Swaraj, on which he was still expending his thought and time although a lock had been placed on his lips to-day. He had to-day taken a voluntary vow of silence, because he thought it was a duty of patriotism, although it was a great relief to officials she knew. To-day Mr. Patel had to keep in order unruly members like Mr. Jamnadas Mehta. (Laughter). She wanted them to realise how great an occasion it was when they were welcoming the first elected President of the Assembly be it a good or a bad Assembly. He was the representative not of the great intellectual city of Calcutta or the military city of Shivaji, but of mere Gujrati who was always fond of making money and counting his gains and losses. Nothing daunted Mr. Patel when it was the service of Mother India and in his hands the "izzat" of this country was safe as anything. This was a meeting not only of the Provincial Congress Committee, but also of the Nationalist Municipal Party, and it was not a fact that there was ill-feeling between the two great bodies. Concluding she said that Mahatma Gandhi had joined together on one and the same platform the different parties in this country by his great "Mahamantram," as he alone was capable of doing.

Mr. Jamnadas Mehta said he was better able to speak about Mr. Patel than anybody present because he was considered to be a disciple of his. Not only from Kalyan but from several miles distance people had come there to welcome him, and he was glad that at Dadar an old Parsi lady had come to welcome Mr. Patel. During the last few days the Swaraj Party had attained great success in the Assembly and the wearer of a khadi cap was now seated in the chair,—one of those Gandhi caps the wearers who were consigned to jail before.

Mr. Patel had planted the banner of Gandhiji in the Assembly. He welcomed Mr. Patel as the President of the Swaraj Party to his constituency.

LORD MAYOR OF INDIA.

Mr. K. F. Nariman said it was a very proud moment for the city of Bombay. When Mr. Patel was the Lord Mayor of this city every Anglo-Indian paper predicted that there would be a great calamity, but instead of a calamity it had turned out to be a great blessing. Mr. Patel was not only the Lord Mayor of Bombay but of the whole of India, because it was the highest non-official position that he was occupying to-day—the Speaker of the Assembly. It was very creditable that the people of India through their representatives in the Assembly had not neglected the claims of the citizens of this city. So far as they were concerned they, did not care whether any Indian got any favour at the hands of the foreign Government of India or not, and therefore, they did not care to complain if the Government of India neglected them. But the loyal servants of the people would always be rewarded by them, although they could not so well rely on the Government of India. They all remembered with great gratitude the services rendered by Mr. Patel to this country.

TRIUMPH OF THE PEOPLE.

Dr. M. R. Velker said the election of Mr. Patel was the triumph of the people and they must congratulate themselves on it. If anybody had done any service to the city it was Mr. Patel, and though they had lost his services, he was sure Mr. Patel would do greater work for them at Delhi. He was glad that all parties had united that day to welcome Mr. Patel. The time would shortly come when they would have to capture all such places, and he was glad Mr. Patel had made this sacrifice for the sake of the country.

Mr. Husseubhoy Lalji said although he was a representative of the Muslims of Bombay in the Council and he was recognised as such by the Government, he was proud to call himself first and foremost an Indian. (Applause). He knew Mr. Patel for the last four years, and from his first impression he had found that if anybody could do anything for this country it was Mr. Patel. (Applause). He had proved that he (Mr. Patel) could do as well as any man. Even Sir P. M. Mehta had found it difficult to form a part in the city but Mr. Patel had formed the Municipal Nationalist Party in the city, and the speaker at once joined it. Since then he was a follower of Mr. Patel. While it took an ordinary man ten years to get into the Presidential chair of the Corporation, Mr. Patel had got into it after the very first year. The citizens of Bombay had occasion to judge of Mr. Patel's conduct at the time Lord Reading came to the city, and the representatives of the people had shown their confidence in him by again making him their president. Mr. Patel was sure to be elected at the next elections because he was always working for the good of the country.

Mr. B. T. Desai on behalf of the Hindu Mahasabha welcomed Mr. Patel. The first object of the Sabha was 'sangadthan' and the next was *shudhi*. Mr. Patel was a man who devoted himself to the object which he had most at heart all day and night. That was his great virtue. He asked all the parties in the country to come on one platform and join together for the good of the country.

Mrs. Ratanbai Mehta welcomed Mr. Pa-

(Continued on next page.)

KHILAFAT COMMITTEE.

WHAT IT HAS ACHIEVED.

MUSLIMS' GRTITUDE TO HINDU BRETHREN.

THE WORK AHEAD.

M. SHAUKAT ALI'S ADDRESS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

PATNA, Sept. 24.

The Patna District Khilafat Conference commenced its sitting in the Anjuman Islamia Hall at 7 p.m. on Tuesday last. There was a huge gathering and the hall was packed to suffocation and the grounds outside were full of men. Among those present were Mahatma Gandhi, Maulanas Shaukat Ali, Abdul Kalam Azad, Mohamad Ali, Zafar Ali Khan and Shafi, Babu Rajendra Prasad, Mr. Qureshi, Dr. Mahmud, Maulvi Masud Ahmad, Babu Mathura Prasad, Mr. D. L. Nandkeolyar and others. After Mahatmaji's address Maulana Shaukat Ali was proposed to the chair. Maulana Shaukat Ali in course of his presidential address said: He was grateful to them for the opportunity they had given him to speak to them on the momentous issues that confronted Islam at the present moment. He deserved no thanks for being able to do so, because it was a mission to which his life had been dedicated for years. After what had happened recently in the Hedjaz he was determined that if he had an opportunity he would meet his Behar brothers and explain to them the situation. He was a soldier and therefore, a man of few words and if they wanted to listen to lengthy discourses extending over hours his brother Mohamed Ali was there for that. If they wanted profound ability and deep scholarship they had a fit person in Maulana Abdul Kalam Azad for the task. He took his election as the President of the Conference to mean that he should hold the flag of Islam with such tenacity as he was capable of and till he could do it. He longed for the day, when with an emancipated India their country and their religion would extort their due meed of respect from the world as a whole. They were passing though a period of trial and consequent tribulation, but when they had achieved national unity they would be able to appreciat the glory of that hour and stress through which Islam had passed. He was optimistic and he was waiting to see the Musalmans going forward and forward in all directions. Things had happened which affected them profoundly, their status as members of the Islamic Fraternity and Islam itself, but he would not blame for that result either the Wahabis or the Hanafis and so on.

THE OCTOPUS EVERYWHERE.

If they look round they would see that whether it was the Hedjaz or Mosul or Iraq or Persia or whether it was India there was but one power which was as it were squeezing the life-blood of them all and fattening itself on the skeletons of their people. The only way to deal with that power in order that the world might be free was to make India free. During the last war they all knew what the condition of India was. No one could open his lips, those who could have ventured to do so had been safely locked up, but thanks to the great God he and his brother were now able to recall that even before their release awakening had set in and they were also able to feel that when put to the test of suffering they were able to stand it and come out with determination that they would do nothing whatever the temptation which might be a stain on the good name of their religion and their country. He needed not go into the Amritsar episode, but they could not forget the wave of Hindu-Muslim unity that swept over the land and the enthusiasm that pervaded the country from one end to the other. So catching was the enthusiasm that he remembered having received no less than Rs. 2,000 from a prominent Musalman loyalist in the Punjab for the Khilafat cause. The Musalmans of India were lacking in affluence, but when the call came they were up and doing and they were able to collect about 75 to 80 lakhs of rupees for the Khilafat and if to this were added the contribution made to the Tilak Swaraj Fund they would find that over a crore of rupees had been raised from among the Mohammedans of India alone. The Hindus and Musalmans realised that if and when blinkers were removed from their eyes Indians would be one united whole determined to banish the trifles that divided them and resolved to shed their blood for their country and their religion. In Bombay alone they had been able to raise a very considerable sum.

WHAT KHILAFAT COMMITTEE HAD DONE.

For himself he wanted no distinction. He had no desire of being addressed as the Lion of Islam as they had been pleased to call him, but he prayed most fervently that he would be able to stand the supreme test of his allegiance to his religion and his country. They had passed through six long years of travail and tribulation, but they had done splendidly. They had carried on an extraordinary kind of propaganda by means of platform, press and pamphleteering. Those who had shunned sacrifice and spy, but ventured to charge them with having wasted public funds he would request them to compare the huge amount that Government spent out of their secret funds on comparatively speaking trifling things. Money they had had to spend on the stupendous work they had done. They had had to pay about Rs. 22,000 to the London Press for giving publicity to their campaign. Thousands of meetings had had to be held and incessate propaganda had had to be carried on. Had they forgotten that each member of Khilafat Delegation that visited England at the instance of the Government and which organised no meeting, carried out no propaganda either in England or on the Continent had yet sent a bill for Rs. 20,000 each and when the Government of India reduced it to Rs. 10,000 each Mr. Hasan Imam had returned the money. Very much less than the total cost of this delegation was spent over their Deputation during no less than eight months.

Maulana Mohamed Ali:—The whole of my tour did not cost as much as did the special train that carried me to to jail.

Resuming Maulana Shaukat Ali challenged any one to say that he had sent money which had not been properly acknowledged. Referring to the Chotani episode the speaker proceeded to say that though he had not the slightest desire to malign any one he felt it necessary to say that although Mr. Chotani was given two months' time to pay up 4 lakhs only and one year for the balance he did neither the one, nor the other during the time given and yet they were charging them with having wasted public funds.

GRATITUDE TO HINDU BRETHREN.

Proceeding the speaker emphasised that the Mahomedans of India could never repay the deep debt of gratitude they owed to Mahatma Gandhi and to their Hindu brethren for the splendid manner in which they had espoused their cause. He was proud to feel that with the advance the Musalmans in the national movement they had been able to do for their country what could not be done during the last forty years. So much so that together they had all but shaken the foundation of foreign rule in the country. But alas disintegration had set in and they had been looking back-wards But the speaker felt sure that the tide would yet turn and they would without a doubt achieve their appointed destiny. If they had been a free people they might have had a sanguinary fight between two communities, but out of their common experience, common sufferings and community of their interests there would have come an enduring unity which nothing could have snapped. As long as they were engaged in the great work they had been doing the Hindus and Musalmans of India were the object of admiration of the world. But the monster of deception was abroad and he would beg of them to remember that while to-day the fight was between the Hindus on one side and the Musalmans on the other, to-morrow a Muslim would fight a Muslim and a Hindu would fight a Hindu. Could not they see that they were becoming impotent to save their Holy Places.

MISCHIEF-MONGERS BUSY.

The work of sowing dissension was proceeding apace and the "Times of India" and other Anglo-Indian papers were pursuing their trade of setting the one community against the other. How long was that to continue? The time had come when they distinguished their friends from their foes. They must have patience and he was sure they would yet be able to protest their holy places.

SAFETY OF HOLY PLACES.

One family in the Hedjaz that of the renegade Sharif Hussain had brought disaster on the Jazirat-ul-Arab and if this personal rule continued many more of the same kidney would be flourishing at cost of their holy places; flourishing on bribes and intrigues as tools in the hands of foreign imperialists. Therefore, they wanted a republic in that holy land on lines to be settled by a World Islamic Conference in order that the future of the Holy Places might be so definitely assured that the Great Powers of the world were made to realise that if one of them raised its eyes against them the 400 millions of the Musalmans of the world would be prepared to sacrifice themselves in defence of their holy places.

APPEAL TO STRENGTHEN KHILAFAT ORGANISATION.

He had come to them to beg of them to determine once for all after due and careful deliberation that whatever happened they would free Islam from the thraldom of menace. They must also consider if they did not feel that for the realisation of that purpose it was necessary to maintain unimpaired that great organisation which had worked so devotedly for Islam during the last six years in India. He asked his audience to tell him whether there was the need for a strong well represented central organisation of the Mussalmans to carry on the fight for the liberation of Islam and India. He knew that there could be no two opinions about this fact. No one could deny that such a strong organisation was needed. Then they had only to say which that organisation could be on the strength of its past record. He could positively assert that no existing Mussalman organisation could compare with the memorable services rendered by the Khilafat Committee. If they did not want it to continue they were welcome to scrap it and he for one would then have a sleep of peace.

But if they felt that the present day exhaustion must go and their work revived they must gird up their loins and proclaim their determination from house tops. He would appeal to them for money, beg of them to contribute their mite each according to his capacity.

TURKS COMPLAINT ABOUT INDIANS.

Dr. Ansari who had just returned from a long tour in Europe had told them that while in Angora he found that the Turks acknowledged whole-heartedly their gratitude to the Indian Mussalmans. They complained bitterly that it was Indian money and Indian men that had gone towards the enslavement of other people. Were they beasts or men asked the Turks. Let them remember Asia was forging ahead. Persia was over so much stronger to-day and Kabul marching forward under Amir Amanatollah, in India too Mahatma Gandhi was carrying both the Hindus and Mussalmans forward bidding them gaze at the greater India that was coming. They but just heard his appeal to them and he hoped that they had noted that though Mahatmaji had not wept before them his heart was torn and lacerated

APPEAL TO MUSSALMANS.

He hoped that Behar's response to his speaker's appeal would be an example to the whole of India. His appeal was addressed to the Mussalmans as a whole, for all Mussalmans were his brothers in faith, no matter whether they were Shias or Sunnies, Wahabis or Hanifis. Let all of them unite and sound a note which would be a clarion call to the whole country. Behar was second to none in her devotion to the cause of the country and Islam. He would appeal to them to rise to the occasion. If they believed in Islam, if they believed in the sanctity of their Holy Places and in their allegiance to the sacred cause which the Khilafat represented they must show in action that they were determined and resolute.

JAMIAT-E-ANSARUL HARAMAIN.

A JUMA MASJID MEETING.

Under the auspices of the Jamiat-e-Ansarul Haramain a largely attended public meeting of the Mussalmans of Bombay was held on Friday, after Juma prayer at Juma Masjid when Molvi Kazi Gulam Ahmed Tilyavi presided and the following resolutions were unanimously passed:—

I. This public meeting of the Mussalmans of Bombay unanimously denounces all the resolutions passed by the Purolia (Bihar) Khilafat Conference as being the voice of a few interested propagandists of Ibn Saud and not the united voice of Muslim India.

II. This public meeting of the Mussalmans of Bombay is emphatically of opinion that the All-India Muslim Conference to be held at Lucknow on the 27th and 28th inst. represents the Musalmans of India and expresses its utmost confidence in the said Conference.

III. This public meeting of the Mussalmans of Bombay warns the public at large against the mischievous propaganda of an agent of Ibn Saud, who has come down to Bombay by "s.s. Jehangir" with the specific object of creating dissensions amongst the Indian Mussalmans.

IV. This meeting authorizes the President to communicate these resolutions to the respective bodies.

After a vote of thanks to the President the meeting dispersed.

CABLE ITEMS.

London, Sept. 24.—Lady Birdwood and Captain C. B. Birdwood have left for Marseilles to join the steamer "Rawalpindi" proceeding to Bombay.—Reuter's Special.

London, Sept. 24.—As a result of a hunting accident Lieut. Maurice Bates who won the Kadir Cup in 1923 is dead.—Reuter's Special.

London, Sept. 24.—The King has approved the appointment of Mr. S. R. Daniels and Mr. B. J. Dalal as Puisne Judges of the Allahabad High Court, who will replace Justices Piggott and Stuart in October and November, respectively.—Reuter's Special.

London, Sept. 24.—The British army manœuvres terminated abruptly to-day. In the middle of a great battle, 'Cease Fire' was unexpectedly sounded. The weather was very wet throughout, making conditions extremely uncomfortable.—Reuter's Special.

Durban, Sept. 4.—The Steamer "Rhymney" which was held up by the strike sailed to-day.—Reuter's Special.

Paris.—It is reported from Damascus that the garrison at Sueida will be brought back to Damascus as soon as possible and that the Druses are fleeing in all directions. Gen. Sarrail received from Damascus a number of Mussulman religious leaders who affirmed their fidelity to France.—Reuter.

Kagoshima, Sept. 25:—De Pinedo has arrived here.—Reuter.

Melbourne, Sept. 25.—The Senate has passed the Validating Tariff Bill. Parliament has closed.—Reuter.

FIRST CITIZEN OF INDIA.

(Continued from previous page.)

tel on behalf of the Rashtriya Stree Mandal and said it was difficult to find a more suitable man, than Mr. Patel for the position he was now occupying because of his patriotism and great services to the country. She prayed that Mr. Patel might enjoy his position for a long time to come and that he would do some service to the women of this country.

Mr. Bandrekar spoke on behalf of the Suburban Congress Committee.

Mr. Amin on behalf of the Patidars welcomed Mr. Patel.

MR. PATEL'S REPLY.

Mr. Patel said let me thank you most heartily for the splendid reception you have given me, and the generous terms in which you have expressed your good wishes and your congratulations.

The Legislative Assembly has elected me to preside over it. For that honour I am both grateful and proud. The day on which an elected Indian member of the Assembly was called to preside over it was a landmark in the political progress of India. To have my name inscribed on that landmark was not in my thoughts at all when I first took my seat in Delhi: but now, when the fortunes of the moment have placed it there, I hope that my fellow-citizens in Bombay will share my pride, and that they will appreciate the compliment paid to my beloved city, in my person, by the Assembly which, I am confident, will at no distant date transform itself into the Parliament of India in the true sense of the term. My predecessor, Sir Frederick Whyte in his farewell address to the Assembly told us that "The President, of all men, must not fail to magnify his office." I take a pride in accepting from him that parting injunction; and, as well as in me lies, I will observe it.

The office of President has duties and obligations of its own. It is placed by universal consent above all party controversy; it gives its incumbent the opportunity to serve his fellow-countrymen in a manner quite different from any other political work and the peculiar quality which sets it apart from other activities is that, while it is in the political world, it is not of it.

"I BELONG TO NO PARTY."

When I first took the chair in Simla I said: "From this moment I cease to be a party man. I belong to no party, I belong to all parties. I belong to all of you, and I hope and trust that my Honourable Friend, the Leader of the Swaraj party, will take immediate steps to absolve me from all the obligations of a Swarajists member in this House, if indeed, it has not been done by implication in consequence of my election to this Chair."

Do not think that in saying this I have abated one jot of my love for India. On the contrary, I claim that I love my Motherland more dearly than ever, and I have accepted the sacrifice of my former political freedom in the conviction that the call to serve her in the Chair of the Assembly was a summons which none of her dutiful sons could refuse. So, though the kind of service, which I now can give, is very different from that to which I originally devoted my life, it is so vital a part of our common progress that I claim your sympathy, your support, and your understanding in my new task.

I want you to understand clearly from the outset what I have undertaken to do. It is an undertaking not given to any one person, to any one party, to an one group official or on-official in the Assembly or outside it. It is given to India, and to nothing less than the whole of India. And since our great country is greater than any of her parts, it is the duty of an all-India President to raise himself above the dust of conflict and to set before himself an ideal, worthy in its nobility and greatness of the dawning future in store for self-governing India. This means that I, as President, cannot be the man you have known me to be all these years in the fight for Swaraj. To outward seeming I must change, must lay aside the sword of battle and clothe myself in the all-encircling mantle of an impartial mind. I may have to say and do things which you may not altogether like: I shall have to suppress my own inclinations and to resist many a temptation to fling myself into the arena where I have spent so many vivid and strenuous years.

My friends, this is not going to be easy for me; and I hope, I may interpret your welcome to me to-day as a pledge that you will stand by me through good and ill report. From the bottom of my heart I appeal to you for this help. I shall need all the help you can give me. Please remember that, in placing me in the Chair, your friends in the Assembly undertook an obligation to co-operate with the President in maintaining the traditions of his office. By their votes they released me from my obligations as a politician and entrusted to me a new set of obligations which I should be the last to shrink from fulfilling.

"LIMITATIONS ON MY FREEDOM."

I have already pledged myself to the Assembly and have received from all parties in the Chamber the fullest assurances of co-operation. What I now ask from all my friends here is to remember that I can no longer take an active part in that political life which you and I used to live together. I shall no longer be able to speak my mind with my old freedom on many subjects, for I am pledged now to hold myself aloof from party strife. Moreover, in a large measure, I must leave my work in the Chair to speak for itself. I appeal to you, therefore, to remember at all times these necessary limitations of my freedom. They are part of the tradition of the Speakership of the House of Commons; and the very essence of the trust which I have received from my predecessor is that I should uphold them as long as I remain in the Chair.

There is one feature of the English tradition which the House of Commons regards as essential to the preservation of the impartiality of the Chair. At a General Election, after the dissolution of Parliament, Mr. Speaker is usually returned unopposed by his constituency; all parties in the division regarding it as an honour to all of them without exception, that their member should have been chosen to preside over the House. I should like my friends in Bombay, and elsewhere in India, to consider whether this practice should not be one of the conventions of Indian political life. I am not asking for any favour for myself, but for the recognition of a principle which ought to form part of the tradition of the Chair. Those who have known me in past times will not think that I am ever likely to shrink from conflict wherever I can legitimately take part in it. I think I was born with the instinct of conflict, and I have certainly found that the most exhilirating moments of my life were those when the fight was hottest. It may seem, perhaps, ironical to you, as it does to me, that one who has taken so combative a part in politics should now plead with you to let him escape the battle; but, if you have grasped the significance of the English tradition, you will, I hope, agree with me that it deserves now your careful consideration.

My friends, I have taken this the first opportunity of my return to Bombay to open my heart to you and to confess that I cannot hope to do my work as President in the way in which it ought to be done without your forbearance and sympathy. Co-operation is mutual; and if you can find it in your hearts to accept the conditions of our co-operation, which I have tried in this speech to lay down, I shall owe you a new debt greater than all the debts which I owe you already for your recognition of my political work in the past. I stand here to-day to thank you for your comradeship in the days that are gone, and to offer you my whole-hearted service in the common cause, and to assure you all that, while I have accepted this office in the conviction held not by me alone but by the entire Swaraj party that the Assembly Chair will enable me to render greater and better service to that common cause which all of us have at heart, the moment I find that the retention of that Chair is in the slightest degree detrimental to the best interests of the country, that moment you will not find me there. And, believe me, in conclusion, when I say, and say with all the sincerity that I can command, that any number of interviews with His Excellency the Viceroy, or my constant association with the official world at Simla and Delhi, which the acceptance of thi sparticular office must necessarily involve, will not swerve me a hair's breadth from what I consider to be my duty to our Motherland. I would, therefore with all humility ask you to wait and watch, and not to be too impatient or too critical. (Loud Applause).

CONCESSION TO EXTERNAL CAPITAL.

BLACKETT COMMITTEE'S REPORT.

SIMLA, Sept. 25.

The report of the External Capital Committee is issued. The Committe holds that any general measure of discrimination against or penalizing foreign capital either by taxation or control will be injurious to the interests of India only where pecuniary assistance such as bounty was granted to particular undertaking. Discrimination is feasible by insistance on rupee capital, the company affording training facilities for Indians, and a certain proportion of Indian directors. Regarding the exploitation of mineral resources and wasting assets no definite rule is prescribed. Concession to external capitalists will be granted only if in national interests. The Committee however emphasises the need of developing a vast store of dormant capital awaiting development and suggests a preliminary survey by Government without delay of the whole field of banking organization and credit facilities in India, this survey being followed by detailed examination by an expert committee. The survey will include the question of extending banking facilities, evolving a comprehensive scheme of banking education for Indians, extending Public Debt Office facilities to more important commercial centres, co-ordinated examination of machinery for provision of credit to agriculture and to industry either by direct government assistance or through industrial and co-operative banks and development of negotiable instruments and examination of indigenous banking with a view to modernising it. The Committee will be recalled.

It was presided by Sir Basil Blackett and consisted of four Europeans and five Indians appointed as the result of discussions in the Indian Legislative Assembly on the Steel Protection Bill last year.—A. P.

NO-CHANGERS' HOSTILITY TO SWARAJISTS.

MR. R. K. SIDHWA'S STATEMENT.

PATNA, Sept. 24.

Mr. R. K. Sidhwa, member of the All-India Congress Committee from Sind, in a statement said that from the trend of speeches and voting it was quite apparent that a section of the No-changers still showed hostile attitude towards the Swaraj Party. He had apprehended this at the Calcutta Swaraj Party Meeting and told Mr. Gandhi that in view of the establishment of the All-India Spinners Association which would form an integral part of the Congress it would be very necessary that a safe-guard clause should be provided so that members might not at any future date come in larger numbers with the avowed object of passing a resolution of boycott of Councils and raise the same difficulty again. Mr. Gandhi then thought that such a thing would never happen as the working of the Councils had come to stay.

Any independent man who had followed the proceedings of yesterday's meeting would come to no other conclusion but the one that there is a class of people in the Congress who would never allow the smooth working of the Swaraj Party and Mr. Sidhwa left he would be surprised if a move in that direction was made at the Cawnpore Congress, whatever might be the result. As Pandit Motilal Nehru had rightly stated the Swaraj Party was quite competent to deal with the situation if the Congress refused to give it its support.—A. P.

THE WEATHER.

SIMLA, Sept 25.

The western disturbance has passed away. Rainfall has been nearly general in Malabar and local in Burma Punjb Hills, West Rajputana, Mysore and Madras Deccan.

Few falls occurred in Assam, Bengal, Orissa, United Provinces, Kashmir, east Central Provinces and North Madras coast.

The chief amounts are: Dassein, Kyaukpyu, Yamethin, Lashio, Chittagong and Cawnpore one inch; Bikaner a half.

Forecast: Decrease in Upper Burma.—A.P.

RAINFALL AT BOMBAY.

STATIONS.	24 hrs. to 8 a.m. of 25th Sept. 1925.	Total since 1st June, 1925.	June 1st to 25th Sept. 1923.	1924.
	In. Ct.	In. Ct.	In. Ct.	In. Ct.
Colaba Point ..	..	47 35	77 43	47 69
Fort	..	52 56	74 82	54 13
Esplanade ..	..	..	..	..
J. J. Hospital	..	49 97	77 77	58 38
Cumbala Hill				
Kemp & Co.	..	—	..	—
Bom. Vety. Col				
Parel.	—	—	—	..

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY, COLABA

Bombay, Sept. 24th

Means of observations taken at 5 a.m., 10 a.m. 2 p.m., 4 p.m., and 10 p.m.

Barometer corrected to 32 deg. Fahr		29.869 inches.
Temperature of Air	81.8	degrees.
Wet Bulb Thermometer ..	76.7	"
Dew Point	74.4	"
Relative humidity of Air ..	79%	
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky cloudy equal to 10) ..	2.0	"
Maximum temperature of Air	88.6	"
Minimum do. do. ..	77.2	"
General direction of Wind from midnight to midnight	NE	ENE, NW, NNW.
Movement of Wind from midnight to midnight	166	miles
Fall of Rain	0.00	inches
Total fall during month ..	3.40	"
Do. do year.. ..	50.14	"
Additional fall of rain up to 10 a.m. of 25th. Sept ..	0.00	"

SUN, MOON AND TIDES AT BOMBAY.

Day of Week.	Day of month.	HIGH WATER. Bombay Mean Time.	Depth on Still.	Day of Month.	LOW WATER. Bombay Mean Time.	Depth on Still.
	Sept	h. m	ft in.	Sept	h. m.	ft in.
Fr.	25	3 55	26 0	25	9 40	20 9
		15 41	24 9		21 58	17 9
Sat.	26	3 34	25 8	25	9 10	20 5
		15 14	25 0		21 32	18 5
Sun	27	6 57	25 9	27	13 31	20 5
		18 49	24 8			
M	28	8 13	26 7	28	1 12	18 0
		20 14	25 4		14 30	19 0
Tu	29	9 9	27 6	29	2 22	17 4
		21 17	26 7		15 19	18 0
W	30	9 58	28 4	30	3 18	16 7
		22 8	27 9		16 0	16 8
Th.	1	10 26	28 9	1	4 7	16 9
		22 55	28 8		16 40	15 8

	Sunrise	Sunset.
Sept. 26 (Sat.)	6h. 28m.	6h. 33m.
Sept. 27 (Sun.)	6h. 28m.	6h. 32m.
Sept. 28 (Mon.)	6h. 28m.	6h. 31m.
Sept. 29 (Tue.)	6h. 29m.	6h. 30m.
Sept. 30 (Wed.)	6h. 29m.	6h. 29m.

A SKETCH OF YOUR LIFE FREE

"YOU CAN BANISH YOUR TROUBLES"
Says famous Astrologer.

A sketch or delineation of ones life is as important to a right thinking person as the chart of sea is to a sailor. Why go about blindfold when you can, by simply writing a letter, obtain the precise information which may lead you to success and happiness?

FOREWARNED IS FOREARMED.

Prof. Roxroy will tell you how you can be successful, what are your favourable and unfavourable days, when to begin a new enterprise or start on a journey, when and whom to marry, when to ask for favours, make investments or speculate. All these and many other things can be told from the chart of your life.

Mme. E. Servagnet, Villa Petit Paradis, Alger, says:—"I am quite satisfied with my Horoscope, which reveals with great accuracy past and present facts, giving with fidelity the traits of my character, the state of my health, lifting discreetly the veil of the future and adding very valuable advice. The work of Prof. Roxroy is marvellous."

To get a short sketch of your life free, simply give the date, month, year and place of your birth. Write your name and address clearly with your own hand and mail it to Prof. Roxroy at once. If you wish you may enclose 6 annas to pay postage clerical charges, etc.

Address:—ROXROY, Dept. 1001 M. Emmastraat, 42, The Hague, Holland. Postage to Holland 3 annas.

NEW LIFE
UNANI TONIC POWDER

This powder was used in the Royal Family of the late Amir of Kabul and its composition was a well-guarded secret. But on account of the intimate friendship and high esteem which the Private Secretary of the late Amir had for my brother (who was British Councillor at Kabul) the former revealed to the latter the recipe of this miraculous powder.

It contains Salib Misri and other rare and tonic Hillside vegetable drugs. First a liquid extract is made from the ingredients which is finally reduced to powder according to the Unani Science. Such costly, rare and highly effective preparations are used only in Royal families and are not available to the general public.

Its effect is certain and lasting. It acts beneficially on the digestive, circulatory and nervous systems. It is a veritable tissue former, blood maker and nerve builder. It has a pleasant taste and may be taken alone or with your morning tea or milk. The wonderful effect is visible after about a week's use. The wrinkles from weakness, care or age disappear, and freshness and smoothness of the complexion is restored; weakness and nervousness arising from any cause whatever are replaced by natural strength and vigour of real manhood. In short it bestows "New Life" to the weak and despondent.

Powder sufficient for 10 days' use Rs. 5.

Visiting Address:—Jaffary Dispensary, New Bhatia Sanitorium, Girgaon Back Road, Opposite Marhatta Municipal Girls' School, near Prarthna Samaj, Bombay. Time—9-30 a.m. to 12-30 and 4 to 7-30 p.m

Postal Address:—Jaffary Dispensary, Bombay No. 4.

RADIO

PARTS & ACCESSORIES, MOST POWERFUL RECEIVERS,
etc. stocked.
CHICAGO TELEPHONE SUPPLY COMPANY,
173, Hornby Road, BOMBAY.

GUARANTEED for 5 YEARS
RELIABLE GOLD WRIST WATCHES.

from Rs. 20/- and upward

ESSOFALLY HIPTOOLA & SONS
(DEALERS IN)
WATCHES, CLOCK and JEWELLERY
131, 133, Abdul Rehman Street, BOMBAY
Repairing work done by Expert workmen

EAST AND WEST

RELIEF OF RIFFI REFUGEES

FEMINIST MOVEMENT IN TURKEY.

(BY ARTHUR FIELD.)

LONDON, Sept. 3.

I reported some time ago the journey of Miss Ruth Fry to enquire into the conditions and prospects of the Riffi refugees in the International (Tangier) Zone. Sir Charles Hobhouse accompanied her, and most of us had a "sort of an idea" that he was holding a watching brief for the League of Nations. No doubt an absurd error. Well, the report has been presented. It confirms the tales of the suffering of the refugees (6,000 in number) and gives more exact particulars than we have had previously. The 2,000 men and 4,000 women and children who have fled from their own country owing to the ravages of war, comprise two groups, the minority being Riffi by race, and the greater part Djebala, who are only politically included in the term "The Riffi." The report, which is signed both by Miss A. Ruth Fry and by Sir Charles Hobhouse, says:—"Perhaps the majority are of the Djebala (a tribe to which the natives of Tangier belongs, chiefly from the district of Andjera. These people, who are of less pure Berber stock than the Riffi, only deserted the Spanish cause, and took part in the war, about six months ago, to the great resentment of the Spaniards, who consequently bear them particular ill-will. . . . Assistance has been confined to the women and children. . . . Relief has been organised locally by Mia Drummond Hay, and, since she left Tangier in June, by Mr. H. P. Eisom of the Raymond Lull Home. At present the funds to be administered amount to about £50 or £60 per week of which £30 comes from the British Red Crescent Society through Mr. Ameer Ali, and the balance has been collected by the energy of the local administrators, from local as well as from English, Canadian and American sources. These funds are nearly at an end, and those from the Red Crescent will last only till September, so that unless further help to be forthcoming the relief must immediately be cut down to half, and cease altogether with the coming of autumn."

It is but a slight chance that these words may reach some person or organisation rich enough and charitable enough to help avert a big calamity. I am inserting them, all the same, with the address of the organisation to which money can be sent:—The Friends' Council for International Service Devonshire House, 136, Bishopsgate, London, E. C. 2.

A few of the details of the conditions among the refugees may be of value. Owing to the new "Instrument of Government" of the International Zone, the official element in the foreign colony has been reduced, and this together with the general stagnation of trade has reduced the cash circulating in Tangier. Nevertheless, the local committee of foreign residents have made big efforts and sacrifices on behalf of the sick and needy. Local resources are now dried up. Without generous help, there always arises the fear of a hunger-typhus epidemic, connoting real and actual starvation. £1,000 would suffice for the period until just after Christmas.

The native "Shireefian" authorities in Tangier politely evade a requested contribution towards the relief of the refugees from the controller of native charitable institutions. It would only have been, in any case, a small sum.

The report concludes with the statement that a really large appeal can only be averted by the early re-establishment of peace. "In the present temper of the three combatants", say the signatories, "the only possible agency to accomplish this end would appear to be the League of Nations."

Of the total number of women and children (4,000) some 2,000 women receive no relief whatever.

While the Spanish land blockade is very strict, yet individual Moors contrive ingress and egress from and to Riffi territory; but the reporters considered it useless to make representations to the Spanish Government suggesting the rendition of the refugees 'en masse', knowing as they did the attitude of the Spaniards and the Riffis to each other,—a consideration which applied more especially to the Djebala refugees.

The great majority of the women were found to be greatly in want of clothing, (clothes must not be sent. European clothing is useless). Some of the children whom they carried were suffering from small-pox. There were appearances both among the older and the younger women of both past and present venereal disease. The ration for the week is about 4 lbs. of flour, and the shortage of supplies frequently necessitates the reduction of the ration.

Sir Charles Hobhouse had an article in Tuesday's "Manchester Guardian" on the Riffi refugees in Tangier. In Wednesday's issue Miss Ruth Fry pointed out additionally that donations in aid of the relief can be sent to the Friends' Committee for International Service.

"PEACE TERMS FOR THE RIFF."

"Foreign Affairs" for September contains an excellent article by Captain Robert Gordon Canning on "Peace Terms for the Riff", which the journal has marred by inserting a picture from "The New Orient" purporting to be a portrait of Emir Muhammed ben Abdul Krim. Those who have been familiarised with the stout, fine figure of the Riffi leader by the descriptions of interviewers and the portraits in the "Literary Digest" and the "African World", received a shock at seeing Si' Muhammed looking at them with the eyes of the slim and polished Riff diplomatist. After this error, it is to be feared that many a would-be concessionaire will think he has been interviewing the Emir when he has been talking to his diplomatic relative.

Captain Gordon Canning had a valuable letter in Tuesday's "Manchester Guardian", in reference to an article on the Riff situation on Monday. This gentleman has quickly made a reputation as an authority on the Riff question, and has been the most prominent and untiring of correspondents on the subject. He does very good work in rebutting an incorrect attitude in the Riff affair, even when it appears (as in the case of the "Manchester Guardian") in the midst of remarks on the whole favourable.

"Le Petit Journal" prints in its issue of September 2nd a despatch of the 1st from Fez. It is cross-lined "Abdul Krim, fearing our offensive, harasses us and attempts to hold the tribes. In spite of the efforts of Abdul Krim, the submissions continue."

A report of the closing incidents of the Congress of the Confederation Generale du Travail in France (this body very much resembles the mental attitude of trade unionists in England like Messrs. Cramp, Thomas, Thorne and Jack Jones, a sort of militarist radicalism) contains an incident which we ought to weep over. Not in admiration but in rage. "Some orators", said "Le Petit Journal", "at the opening of the Congress complained of the insufficient activity of the C. G. T. about the Morocco War. M. Milieu, editor of the "Federation Journal", protested against the complaint, and said: 'Though the C. G. T. remains true to its conceptions of colonial politics and the dangers of militarism therein, it cannot follow the Communists when they claim the evacuation of Morocco, 'a measure which would injure the interests of many French workers' (!) Besides, said he, 'one cannot compare Morocco with a European nation.'

"Abdul Krim, the chief of bands", says the bellicose journalist, "turned a deaf ear when it was a question of establishing peace."

It seems that no one contradicted this ratuous person, which encouraged the reactionary journal a few moments later to ask all the delegates to observe a minute's silence. This severe trial was not in tribute to the women and babies bombed to death in Morocco, but to salute the French soldiers fallen in the abominable task of obliterating freedom. We do not say we do not sympathise with the soldiers sent to the shambles, or their unfortunate survivors. But we shall not serve them best by silence.

ISLAM AND BOLSHEVISM.

After applying to the "Quotidien" of Paris for space, which apparently it did not grant, a letter from Abdul Krim to the French Parliament was sent for publication to "L'Humanite." This Bolshevik organ published it, and devoted to it a leading article in the issue of 21st August. It supported the claims of the Riff leader, and, referring to his remark that Bolshevism and the Koran cannot walk together, said that it knew that Abdul Krim was not a Bolshevik. Its advocacy of justice to the Riff was not contingent on the Bolshevism of the people or their leaders.

Next day "Le Peuple", an anti-Bolshevik trade union organ, indulged in sarcastic and unfriendly criticism of Abdul Krim's note. It did not publish it, although I had sent the Editor a copy at the same time that I sent to "L'Humanite." In fact it seems as if it would not have referred to it, had it not appeared in the columns of the latter journal, which acts upon the mentality of "Le Peuple" as the red rag does on the traditional bull. It questions the authenticity of the memorandum. It wonders why it should have come through London. It cannot tell how it got there—and I shall certainly not enlighten the editor on that point.

Here are some of this journalist's innuendoes. "This document which contains no allusion to the offers of peace made to the Riffi chief,—at the most one finds a phrase about the independence of the Riff—does not comport with Arab mentality and reasonings. It even comprises a series of declarations made in a style that has not the least local colour. One could, if necessary, conclude that the translation had been done in an English style, but there are other features that give trouble. The entire text is a very exact repetition of the allegations published by the French Communists, and that does not at all prove that the allega-

(Continued on next page.)

BIRJAYA RASAYANA

Is a matchless, sure and radical cure for all the complaints due to seminal or rupt

Impotency brought about by any cause. Thin or watery Semen; abnormal sexual excitement or no excitement at all, all will be equally and permanently benefitted by the RASAYANA.

When life becomes an unbearable burden without any hope or joy our Birjaya Rasayana, will act like a charm, remove all ailments; impart a new life and infuse vigour unknown to him before.

No medicine can stand in comparison with its immediate and permanent effects of enhancing the retentive capacity of men.

All products of this Works are guaranteed for purity and efficiency as they are prepared under the direct supervision of a qualified DOCTOR.

Price:—10/- (With Musk, Gold and Makaradhajya). Rs. 5/- (Ordinary).
External Liniment:—Rs. 5/- per phial. V. P. P. Extra.

THE KRISHNA CHEMICAL WORKS. Post Box 11435, CALCUTTA.

Walter P. Chrysler
Motor Car Manufacturer.

The name of Walter P. Chrysler has rarely appeared in public print except in connection with announcements and events of great significance.

Next week, in the "Bombay Chronicle" on October, the 3rd Mr. Chrysler will describe in detail a new four-cylinder product destined to eclipse all others in its class.

THE AUTOMOBILE Co., Ltd.
5A-12, Queen's Road, BOMBAY.

A NAVRATRI DANCE.

"Bombay Chronicle" photo.
Navratri "Garba" dance of Gujarati ladies on last Thursday night in the Marwadi Vidyalaya Hall.

ROVERS TOURNAMENT.

"Bombay Chronicle" photo
The West Kents from Poona easily beat the Wilts by two goals to nil on Thursday. Our two photos show the Kents defending and a comical incident in the play, respectively.

THE BOULTONS' CASE.

SHORTAGE IN CASH TRANSACTIONS.

LONDON, Sept. 24.

On the resumption of the hearing of the Boultons' case to-day Mr. Joseph Pattinson, Commission Agent, asked whether the Boultons made heavy losses in 1920 which produced a shortage in their cash resources replied that he supposed that it must be so to a certain extent. It was true that the fall of rupee caused a shortage. It was also a fact that the bills were not taken up in India and that naturally caused a shortage in cash. The Boultons' daily balance book showed that on the 22nd June, 1920, the Alliance Bank was in credit on the loan account to the amount of 895,000 sterling, but by the 17th July the account was only 56,000 sterling. Mr. Pattinson prepared the balance sheet on the 30th June, 1920, showing surplus assets of about 279,000 sterling. It became obvious on the 3rd November, 1920, that the firm was unable to meet its cash commitments. The Alliance Bank on the 3rd November, 1920, were in credit to the amount of 180,209 sterling, but not seven thousand of the Alliance Bank credit was left on the 7th November. The principal reason for the shortage in cash transactions in November, 1920, was that the amount was expended on bills, coupled with the fall in the value of the rupee, the payment of 150,000 sterling to Banyan Trust before due date, and heavy drawings by the Alliance Bank.

Referring to Cripps's connection with the Bank, Mr. Pattinson said that there were debited to Cripps in 1919 three thousand sterling, but on various dates in the same year, subsequently, there were credits wiping off the debit except some 319 sterling which amount was transferred. Cripps on the 30th June, 1920, had overdrawn his current account to the extent of 4,500.

The case was adjourned.—Reuter's Special.

ALLEGED DEPORTATION OF CHRISTIANS.

LONDON, Sept. 24.

The Council of the League has resolved to despatch at the earliest moment a representative of the League to investigate on the spot the alleged deportations of Christians from Masul.

Mr. Amery described the situation in the Brussels line with reference to the deportations which he said numbered 8,000 and rejoiced at the approval of his suggestion to send a League representative to investigate into the matter.

PROPOSAL FOR A MIXED COMMISSION.

Rushdi Bey contested the British statements regarding the deportations and said he would refer the matter to Angora. He added that he was prepared to agree to a mixed commission of enquiry on charges and counter-charges.

Mr. Amery said he would agree to Rushdi Bey's proposal on condition that the Commission was permitted to investigate into conditions in the north of the Brussels line but Rushdi Bey rejected the suggestion.—Reuter.

REFUGEES CONTINUE TO ARRIVE.

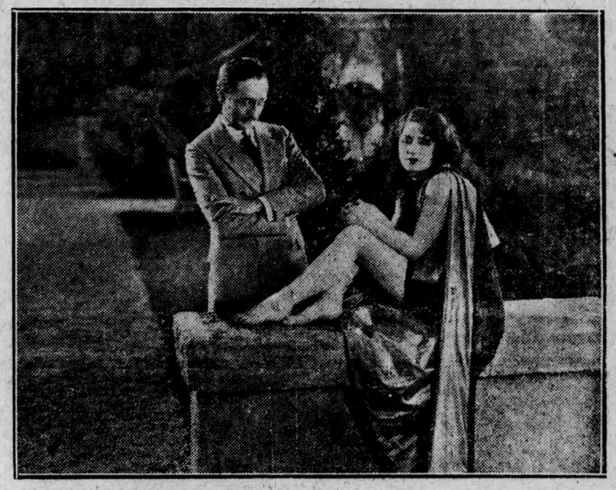
LONDON Sept. 24.

Geneva.—The British High Commissioner at Baghdad telegraphs that the Christian refugees who had escaped from deportations continue to arrive from Mosul and the number of deportees from Harbol and more northerly villages are not definitely known but the refugees of other villages state that at least 2,000 have failed to escape from the deportation. Reuter.

MANY KILLED.

The British Military Inspector in Mosul reports that the deportations in the northerly villages have apparently been held up but 1,500 Christians are reported to have reached Van alive, while many have been killed because they were unable to keep up with the column.—Reuter.

"BROADWAY AFTER DARK."



A scene from "Broadway after dark" now showing at the Pathe Cinema, Bombay.

INTERNATIONAL ECONOMIC CONFERENCE.

LONDON, Sept. 24.

Geneva.—The Assembly of the League of Nations has adopted the French proposal of organisation of an International Economic Conference.

COUNCIL ELECTION.

The Assembly of the League adopted the draft resolution proposed by the Chinese delegation with reference to the conditions to be observed in the matter of the election of the non-permanent members of the Council, after a speech by Chao Hsin Chu who hoped that the redistribution of seats would realise the hopes of the League to enhance the prestige of the Council. The Swedish delegate recognised the enquiry of the Chinese resolution although he spoke in favour of the system of rotation in the selection of States. The Persian delegate supporting the Chinese demand for a non-permanent place on the Council insisted that the Asiatic Conference represented in the League by China, Persia and Siam representing five hundred million people should be assigned a place in the Council, the three countries agreeing to occupy a place in turn.

RUSHDI BEY'S CONSULTATION.

Geneva.—Rushdi Bey is consulting the Angora Government in connection with Mr. Amery's stipulation. Mr. Amery has postponed his departure from Geneva pending the outcome.—Reuter.

LEAGUE'S BRANCH AT TOKIO.

LONDON, Sept. 24.

Geneva.—Sir Atul Chatterjee presented to the Council the report on the work of the Economic Committee of the League after which the French proposal previously cabled was adopted. Sir A. Chatterjee hoped that the Assembly would appreciate the important work accomplished.

OFFICE AT TOKIO.

Sir A. C. Chatterjee addressing a meeting of the Finance Committee this morning praised the League's decision to open a branch office at Tokio and rejoiced at the efforts that were being made to enable the ideals and aims of the League to become known to the distant parts of the world. He urged the opening of another branch in India because Tokio was too far to be of any benefit to India.

The Secretary General promised that the matter would receive his attention.—Reuter.

EAST AND WEST.

(Continued from previous page.)

tions are founded. One cannot conclude from this remarkable parallel that the text has been fabricated. One can, however, conceive that if it has been countersigned (sic) by Abdul Krim, it was written by someone very familiar with the cause of French Press polemics." And a lot more of the same sort of talk.

EGYPTIAN PRINCE'S ESCAPE.

It is reported from Hastings that Prince Ahmed Fedin, cousin of King Fuad, succeeded in escaping from a Chislehurst lunatic asylum or other institution "where he was being treated." Here is another case, like that of the "Volunteers for Spain" who had to be chained to the deck to keep them from escaping, where an urgent desire to avoid kind attentions and care arouses sympathy with the under-dog. No man can be a "lunatic" who planned such a splendid 'evasion.' We wish him the best of luck.

FEMINIST MOVEMENT.

Neziheh Mouheddin Hanoum is the president of the Women's Society of Constantinople, and well-known for some years past, not only as one of the shining lights of the higher-educated women of Turkey, but as a feminist and politician. She has just been discovered by the "Manchester Guardian"; so we are really making progress. The comments surround the appearance of the new illustrated weekly for women, "The Women's Voice", and they refer to the editress as Mme. Hanum. When will the English learn that Hanoum is only a courtesy affix, like Madame, Miss or Mrs.? It means, by the way, either a married or unmarried lady, and in that resembles the old English title "Mistress." I suppose it would be going too far to initiate the writer into the niceties of "Hanoum Effendi" or Hanoumoum Effendim? That shall be left for the next lesson.

Anyway, the Women's Paper is here, and its editress is the accomplished principal of the Government High School for Girls called, Haiyat Mekhtebi. Mrs. Corbett Ashby, the generous and accomplished advocate of all the peoples of the earth, appears as "frontispiece" with the statement that she is president of International Woman Suffrage Alliance, and three times unsuccessful candidate for Parliament. There is a letter from Miss Maude Royden. Mme. Neziheh Mouheddin has herself been a "trier" for the Assembly at a bye-election.

MISREPRESENTATION.

In a leader of the 25th August the "Manchester Guardian", in denouncing a case of fanaticism, likened the fanatic to Muhhammad, the Prophet of Islam. Mr. A. M. Haffen protests in yesterday's issue and says the Prophet only drew the sword in self-defence. The editor comments: "We willingly print our correspondent's expressions of dissent; but the authority of Professor D. S. Margoliouth, on which the statements in our leader were based, is unquestionably the highest available." Wrong again, M. G. Prof. Margoliouth is very learned and famous, but he is only regarded as an "authority" by anti-Muslims, pro-Greeks and enemies of Turkey in the Great War. He approaches the Prophet and his message in a spirit which may do credit to his Greek Christianity, but puts him out of court as an interpreter or historian, for all his pedagogy and philology. It may safely be said that no one can interpret a religion or a religious teacher who approaches either in the atmosphere of destructive criticism. As to the "unquestionably highest authority", that title must be unhesitatingly handed to Mr. Ameer Ali, P. C. And he critically and constructively sustains the exact opposite of the "Guardian" contention.

FOREIGN POLICY OF YOUNG INDIA.

(Continued from page 8.)

she is likely to reconquer it. The world was a unified whole in those days. It continues to be a unified whole and more so to-day. No scheme of life's values can realise itself in a state of isolation. Whether the Swaraj that India wins be of the Canadian type or of the Japanese type, it will be won as a by-product of world-politics like the Czecho-Slovakian and Polish freedoms.

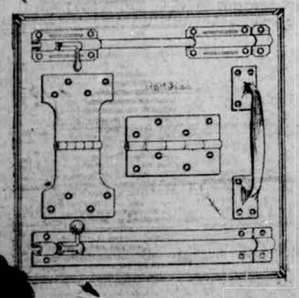
Foreign policy, be it remembered, is but one of the many items in a nation's complete programme of public activities. The time, energies, and funds of the nation require, therefore, to be so distributed that a certain percentage—no matter what—be earmarked for the purpose.

Besides, Indians are shrewd, practical and realistic enough not to defer all questions of health, wealth, education and so forth until Swaraj, freedom, political independence etc. be won. Swaraj or no Swaraj, they have been working for whatever they consider to be important for daily existence even when it happens to be nothing more than a mere hand to mouth affair. Under these conditions not to work for the promotion of international relations and "participation in world-developments" can but be an index to apathy or absence of knowledge regarding the value of the subject.

It was but my intention to direct the attention of our countrymen to an item of national welfare that has been ignored too long.

HALF-WATT PHILIPS' LAMPS.
ELECTRIC
FANS
FIXTURES
ACCESSORIES
KETTLES, IRONS, ETC.
THE LONDON EASTERN & AMERICAN TRADING Co.,
HUMMUM STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

THE ACME MANUFACTURING Co., Ltd.,
: : GRANT ROAD, BOMBAY. : :
Every Description of
BUILDING FITTINGS.
TELE{grams :-SPLITFIRE' Phone :-40079—
HINGES TOWERBOLTS



ANY ARTICLE
TO INDIVIDUAL DESIGN.
undertake Castings of all descrip
High Class Precision Work under
supervision and Skilled Workmen—
ufactured Articles are satisfying
even as compared with im-
both in QUALITY & PRICE

Why Balloons?

Because this most recent arrival to tyredom offers so many distinct advantages, that once used, always used. Their wonderful elasticity and resiliency allows speed even on the worst of roads. They absorb the shocks and reduce repairs and overhauls to a minimum thereby increasing the life of the car.

You are always to time if you fit

Continental Ballon

CONTINENTAL TYRE & RUBBER Co.,
ASSIAN BUILDING, NICOL ROAD, BALLARD ESTATE, FORT, BOMBAY.
Telephone No. 24467. Telegrams. "Contityres." P. O. Box No. 864.

BUICK

Rs. 5,500

T.R.PRATT (Bombay) LD.
HUGHES RD. BOMBAY.

Bombay Directory

MANUFACTURERS, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL MERCHANTS, STOCKISTS, AGENTS, PROFESSIONALS, &c., &c.

The Bombay Chronicle

UNDERTAKES TO PUT YOU IN TOUCH WITH ANY BUSINESSES YOU ARE IN NEED OF.

(FREE DAILY COPY TO ADVERTISERS 1 INCH FOR 6 MONTHS.)

STANDARD

Rs. 3,950

T.R. PRATT (Bombay) LD.
HUGHES RD. BOMBAY.

WEST-END WATCHES, Obtainable AT ATTRACTIVE RATES.
From:—SWISS WATCH WORKS
5, Lamington Road, Bombay No. 4
Catg. Free.

FOR RELIABLE JEWELLERY
Go to NAROTAMDAS BHAU, Sheik Memon Street, Bombay.
All goods GUARANTEED 'Phone No. 20565,
prompt attention to V. P. Orders. 2

For—Spects & EYEGLASSES: Consult
MANSUKHLAL JETHALAL & CO.
Manufacturing Opticians
356, Kalbadevi Road, BOMBAY.

REDUCED! REDUCED!!
ROCK BOTTOM RATES
up to DIWALI ONLY

GALCO WATCHES
9 ct. Gold Wrist, lever, 15 jewels with silk strap in Rs. 20/- only.
L. BHAGAT & Co.,
Abdul Rehman Street, BOMBAY. 3
N.B.—A valuable penknife free with the watch to a customer bringing this coupon with him.

STANDARD WATCH CO.
Dealers and Repairers of
WATCHES.
CLOCKS AND TIMEPIECES
of all Makes.
Sandhurst Road, BOMBAY, 26

UMBRELLA DEALERS.
Best English Imitation Silk MACHINE UMBRELLA at Rs. 4-8-0. Guaranteed real Waterproof.
THE GRANT ROAD UMBRELLA MART,
Karanjia Building, GRANT ROAD.

MACHINERY MERCHANTS.
Oil Engines, Pumps, Electric, Motors, water Tanks, Punching Shearing machine, Flour & Oil Mills etc.
P. MANTRI & Co.,
Engineers, and Contractors,
New Queen's Road,
BOMBAY No. 4.

COMMISSION AGENTS
FOR EFFICIENT SERVICE IN THE COMMISSION AGENCY LINE please apply KEDARNATH & CO. LTD Damodar Mansion, Opera House Tram Terminus, Girgaon, BOMBAY NO. 4.

Tel. No. Tel. Add. "RELIANCE"
THE ADVANCE TRANSIT CORPORATION
SHIPPING, CLEARING & FORWARDING AGENTS.
Heavy Machinery and All Classes of Goods Received and Shipped to all Parts of the World.
Bills of Lading for Import Traffic promptly handed, and Goods Cleared through Customs—and forwarded to destinations without delay.
37/39, FORBES STREET, FORT, KIRTI BUILDING, BOMBAY.

WONDER-WORKER Patented
For PILES HÆMORRHOIDS and all RECTAL TROUBLES. A natural, unfailing cure. Instant relief. Soothing and comforting.
NO DOCTORS. NO MEDICINES.
Lasts a life-time.
To be inserted in the Rectum during sleep. No discomfort or unpleasantness. To enjoy good health, sleep and rest, as man or woman should be without it.
Price Rs. 10— Postage Re. 0/7/— extra.
J. SHANKERLAL & Co.,
65, Princess Street, BOMBAY No. 2.

MOTOR CARS AND ACCESSORIES

THE KANARA VULCANIZING WORKS
RAMCHANDRA MANSIONS, Sandhurst Road.
The oldest and the cheapest Vulcanizing works in BOMBAY.
BALLOON TYRES REPAIRS A SPECIALITY.

IRON & BRASS.
he Only RELIABLE PLACE for METAL FURNITURE

HOSPITAL, HOUSEHOLD OFFICE, SCHOOL and BANK requisites
NANU'S BRASS WORKS,
Iron and Brass founders,
Thakurdwar, Bombay.

"FOR IRON AND BRASS FURNITURE"
Visit Showroom of
SHRI DATTA IRON AND BRASS WORKS,
Gordhandas (Khatao) Building near Portuguese Church, Girgaum. 47

ELECTRIC NOVELTY.
"AKASH-WANI"
WIRELESS RECEIVING SETS
and accessories. Also battery charging for radio and motor cars.
Opposite French Motor Co., New Queen's Road, Bombay. 45

ELECTRICAL ACCESSORIES
LEAKAGE IN YOUR ELECTRIC INSTALLATION MEANS A LEAK TO YOUR PURSE.
Let us patch it. THE TATREY ELECTRIC WORKS.
Oppt. Cinema Majestic, Girgaum, Bombay.

MOTORISTS
GET A ZENITH TO YOUR CAR FOR MORE POWER NO WORRY.
ZENITH Carburetter
BETTER RUNNING SAVES PETROL
FIT IT SET IT THEN FORGET IT
5,000,000 IN USE TO-DAY.
PHONE 40110.—N. B. MODY & CO.,
BOMBAY No. 4.

FORD

Rs. 2,050
FORD AUTOMOBILES (India) LTD.
Hughes Road .. .. .. BOMBAY.
80

TOLEDO Valves for all Cars and Trucks.
Insist upon Genuine TOLEDO Valves.
SOLE AGENTS:—
THE CAPITAL MOTOR AND CYCLE EQUIPMENT CO.,
New Charni Road
BOMBAY No. 4.

If you are in market, for Thornycroft Lorry Parts Cylinder Head Gaskets, Brake Linings, Hose Pipes, and such other Requisites, Please refer to G. VAKIL & COMPANY, Vallabh Terrace, Opp. N. Powell & Co., Sandhurst Road BOMBAY.

BATTERIES
We Sell, Charge and Repair Motor Car Batteries
Electrical Motors and Meters.
BATTERY CHARGING.
New Queen's Road, Bombay 4 75

HOTELS
SRI LAXMINARAYANA LODGE.
Removed to a New Palatial Building, 243, Frere Road, Opp. G. P. O. Nearest to Rv. Station and Offices. Best and delicious meals, Boarding and Lodging cheap. 69

CHEMISTS AND DRUGGISTS.
CRESCENT BALM

Agents:—A. H. NASER & Co., rincess Street, BOMBAY No. 2. 13

SYRUP SOLANUM COMPOUND.
A Palatable Indigenous Preparation for Cough, Chronic Bronchitis, Asthma, Phthisis, Pneumonia, whooping Cough and all allied Disorder of respiratory tract. Price Rs. 3/8 Postage Extra.
The Indian Medical Pharmacy Poona City.
Agent Madhaw Agency, Girgaon Bombay 75

PERFUMERS
INDIAN PERFUMES
Scents of all kinds, without adulterations of foreign materials; devoid of Spirit, highly fragrant can be prepared. Hair oil, Handkerchief perfumes, etc., from these on receipt of our formula given free. Besides Indian medicines of high quality can be had.
AKHIL BHARAT AGENCY.
20-c. Churney Road, Bombay. 39

MISCELLANEOUS.
SUNDERRAO MORESHWAR & Co.,
Engineers and Contractors.
Dealers in Machinery, Electric Goods, Motor Car Accessories, etc.
Girgaum BOMBAY. 64

GENERAL MERCHANTS.
KATOL POWDER
The oldest and only genuine insecticide
Destroys Bugs fleas, ants; etc.
Agents:—A. H. NASER & Co.
Princess Street,
BOMBAY No. 2. 14

LEATHER GOODS,
If you want anything in LEATHER and CANVAS GOODS just visit our Show Room.
SUPERIOR LEATHER WORKS
Princess St., Anand Bhuvan Corner of new Hanuman Lane.

GERMAN MAKE "TRIUMPH GRAMAPHONE
Handy, Playing 12" record without rewinding. Loud and clear sound. Strong and durable.
PRICE Rs. 25/-/- V. P. P. Extra.
Rs. 5/- with order. Ask for Leaflet.
LIMAYE CHOLKAR & Co.
Export Import) Bombay 4.

WASHING & DYEING Co.,
THE ROYAL FRENCH CLEANING AND DYING Co.
Opp. Cox's Building, Hornby Road.
High Class Washing, Cleaning and Dying House. Services are highly appreciated by the English and American Customers. 62

FLORIST.
WHO IS MR. AMIN?
He is a Landscape Decorator Iceberg Decorator and Nurseryman, etc.
Roses for Bombay Climate in stock.
Apply to Mr. D. C. AMIN F.R.H.S.(London) near Y.M. C.A., Girgaum, Bombay. 65

PHOTOGRAPHERS
THE ENLARGOPHOT Co
GAIETY BUILDING, FORT,
BOMBAY.
Prop: N. N. PANDIT,

BOOKSELLERS
For SOLVING your CROSS WORD PUZZLES and latest words buy the newly published "POCKET OXFORD DICTIONARY", Re. 2-8-0 only from
THE POPULAR BOOK DEPOT,
Gowalia Tank Road, Bombay 7.

ANY BOOKS
You want at very moderate Prices from
M. BHANDARE & Co.,
Booksellers, Girgaon Road, Bombay 4. 33

We manufacture up-to-date and decent Account Books, Note Books and all other official Books. Examination etc., according to order our speciality is : : : : : :
EXERCISE BOOKS.
Anysort can be had of the above at cheaper rates Cogate Printing Company. 20-C. Churny Rd. Bombay 4

PROVISIONS AND MEDICINES.
KATOL STICKS
The oldest and only genuine Insecticide
Destroys Mosquitos, flies, etc.
Agents:—A. H. NASER & Co.,
Princess Street,
BOMBAY No. 2. 15

Provisions and Patent Medicines Oilmanstores, Perfumery and Toilet requisites, etc, can be had at moderate prices from
D. RESHAMIA & Co.,
Mangaldas Road,
BOMBAY 2. 39

JINTAN
Wonderful Tonic and Mouth Refresher use it always for your health.
Sole Agents
JINTAN AGENCY, Bombay 2

We are glad to inform our patrons that we have made special arrangements for
BODY BUILDING
of any make and also
SERVICE PASSENGER BODIES
Stocks of READY BUILT BODIES of 8 and 16 Seaters and Delivery Vans of all descriptions can be supplied immediately from our stock.
General Motor Agency,
Badam Wadi,
Telephone 42272, :: :: GIRGAUM.

DISCOUNT TO TRADE
Ask For Catalogue.
5 years guaranteed clocks from Rs. 15/12
1 do Time Pieces from Rs. 3/12
18" K. Rolled gold and gilted Jewellery.
Ladies and Gents High Class Purses. (Leather)
Safety Razors from Re. 1 to Rs. 3
" " Blades a Packet of 10 Re. 1/-
Ever Pointed pencils from ans 12/- to Rs. 11/-
Sidecars for cycles and Light Motor cycles. Loud tone gramophone needles a box of 200 ans 8.
EASTERN COMMERCIAL BUREAU
Importers and Manufacturers' Agents, 34, Hummam St., Fort, P. O.B. No. 107. BOMBAY.

COMPLETE CYCLE
for Rs. 60 only!
write for particulars to
Thanawalla & Co.,
Established 1880
CHEAPEST HOUSE for CYCLES & ACCESSORIES,
Agents for "MIFA" CYCLES
THANAWALLA & CO.,
432-434, Kalbadevi Road, BOMBAY.

SENTA TYPEWRITER
FOR

OFFICE TRAVELLING
SPARE PARTS IN STOCK NEW IMPROVEMENTS.
Price with Oak Case Rs. 170/- net.
Sole Agents:—S. NAVALKAR & SONS
43, Princess Street Bombay 2.

LODGE FAITH, NO. 2438, E. C. (KIAMARI) KARACHI.

UNVEILING OF PORTRAIT AND MARBLE TABLET.

On Saturday, the 12th inst. Lodge Faith, No. 2438, E. C., held their Regular Monthly Election Meeting at Freemason's Hall, "Avan" Building, Kiamari.

After proceeding with the business of the Lodge, the Election of the Wor. Master, Treasurer, and Tyler were proceeded with, Bro. Nandlall Hiranand Bajaj was elected Rt. Wor. Master for the ensuing year and Wor. Bro. K. N. Modi Treasurer.

The next business was the unveiling of the protrait and marble tablet, erected by members of Lodge Faith, in honor of their Senior Past-master, Wor. Bro. Burjorjee Cowasjee Dubash. The Wor. Master gave a long history, as to how the thoughts came to the Brethren of paying the best honor to their Senior Past-master, who had rendered not only unique services to Lodge Faith, but to Masons and Non-Masons alike, during the term of his membership for 28 years. Building a Masonic Hall, at his own expense he gave for the use of Members of Lodge Faith, at a nominal rent of rupee one per mensem etc., and declared the portrait and marble tablet unveiled.

Wor. Bro. Burjorjee Cowasjee Dubash got up and thanked the Brethren in a suitable manner, and gave a short history of Lodge Faith at Manora, and how it was turned into a Cosmopolitan Lodge.

On the 10th December 1897, he (Wor. Bro. B. C. Dubash) joined Lodge Faith, and the meetings were being held at Manora, but during the last great War in 1914, the military authorities put restrictions on the public to go to Manora, and the Lodge was ordered to be removed. It was brought to Kiamari, and the meetings were held in several places from time to time. The Masons of Lodge Faith, approached the Karachi Port Trust Authorities for a piece of land at Kiamari. The land was granted but the conditions imposed were very severe, i.e. in case the Port Trust required the land it should be given to them within 3 months' notice. In the meantime all the Stevedores and Dubashes were given notice by the Port Trust, to remove their Offices (wooden cabins in those days) from the Wharf, and amongst the Stevedores and Dubashes Wor. Bro. B. C. Dubash was also one of them. He built his Office at Kiamari, and with an additional second floor, gave it to the Members of Lodge Faith for their use etc., etc. Wor. Bro. B. C. Dubash thanked the Members of Lodge Faith once again for the honour they had done him and said that he had done nothing, beyond doing his duty as a Mason, and resumed his seat amidst loud applause.

Wor. Bro. D. S. Dalal, the Seniormost Past-master of Sind, and a Member of Lodge Harmony, No. 485, S. C. Karachi, rose, on behalf of his Mother Lodge Harmony which lodge is also the Mother Lodge of Wor. Bro. B. C. Dubash who is also one of the Senior Past-masters of that Lodge, and congratulated the Members of Lodge Faith for their true Masonic spirit, in which they had come forward so generously, and put up a marble tablet and an oil painting portrait, in honor of their worthy and distinguished Senior Past-master, Wor. Bro. Burjorjee Cowasjee Dubash.

SURAT CITY PRESS CO.

The Directors' report for the year ended 30th June 1925, says that the Company has during the year under report, suffered a net loss of Rs. 3,833-3-10. The main reason for this is the increasing keen and unhealthy competition and lowering of working rates both at Surat and Banosa; at Surat, this year also an association of press factories could not be brought about and the press in spite of turning out 3,255 bales does not show any profit.

The conditions at Banosa are the most deplorable on record. Since your gin factory was purchased in the year 1912-13, it has almost without a break made decent profits, —in 1921-22 as much as Rs. 30,000 and over—and the outturn of pallas 1969 this year is the lowest on record. At Sania kapas bhars 1745 were ginned this year against 3415 last year.

Deducting Rs. 1,510-11-7 the last year's credit balance in Profit and Loss a/c from this year's loss of Rs. 3,833-3-10, there remains a balance of Rs. 2,322-8-3 to the debit of Profit and Loss a/c.

The Directors have taken Rs. 4,500/- from the Equalization of Dividend Fund Account to 32nd Dividend Fund Account and recommend that out of it a dividend at the rate of Rs. 12/- per share, being Rs. 6/- per cent. per annum on the capital, free of income tax, be paid to the shareholders absorbing the said amount of Rs. 4,500/-.

The interesting question whether a weapon used for sacrificial purposes in public temple requires a licence under the Arms Act was, on Thursday, raised in a case before the Joint Magistrate of Allahabad who was of opinion that the fact of the weapon being used for the purposes of worship did not exempt it from the provision of the Arms Act.—A.P.

FOR SALE OF THE COPIES OF THE
BOMBAY CHRONICLE.
AT
SECUNDERABAD
Apply to the
DISTRIBUTING AGENT
for
H. E. H. NIZAM'S DOMINIONS
B. V. MUTHANNA, B. Com.
Ramakrishna Stores,
Market Street, SECUNDERABAD.

Don't be a Slave to BACKACHE

WATCH someone suffering with Backache and you will certainly do all in your power to prevent this ailment getting the upper hand of you. But don't make a mistake and experiment with unsuitable methods of treatment. Get De Witt's Pills from the Chemist and take them as directed. That is the right and proper thing to do, for De Witt's Pills contain ingredients which help your kidneys to extract the harmful uric acid from your blood—just as Nature intended they should—and, when you get rid of this harmful acid, your back will cease aching.

Writing from 12, Southgate Grove, London, N. 1., Mrs. A. Gattiker says:—"I suffered with Backache for over a year, enduring pain which I find difficult to describe, and then a friend recommended De Witt's Pills to me. These helped me a lot and in a few days the dragging pains in my back had disappeared."

Don't wait, or the pain may get worse until it makes a slave or a cripple of you. Get De Witt's Pills to-day! All Chemists stock them. Heed the good advice of those who have already used the remedy and proved it's value—

TAKE

DE WITT'S

KIDNEY AND BLADDER

TAKE TWO TO-NIGHT
Take two of De Witt's Pills to-night and in the morning you will see and feel and know for certain that they must do you good.

PILLS

Watch for such symptoms as *puffiness under the eyes, heaviness of the limbs, swollen feet or ankles, foul breath, scalding pains, gravel or stone.* These symptoms usually precede attacks of Rheumatism, Backache, Lumbago, Sciatica or serious Kidney Trouble, and much suffering and expense may be saved by quickly getting a box of De Witt's Pills from the Chemist and taking them as directed. Small bottle (40 pills) Rs. 2; large bottle (100 pills) Rs. 3 8.

ESTABLISHED 1858.

FOR HEADACHE, COLD AND RHEUMATISM USE

GANDIV ANTI Rheumatism BALM

Price per Bot. As. 8 and for Pot As. 12.

Manufactured by

Bhicka Cullianjee & Co.

Chemists and Druggists

BOMBAY 2.

Telephone No. 21954. Telegraph Add: APOTHECARY.

ARIOLINE

CHAPOTEAUT

LADIES SAFE REMEDY for functional troubles, delay, pain and those irregularities peculiar to the sex.

WHOLESALE:
8, Rue Vivienne
PARIS—FRANCE

Sold by all Chemists

ESTABLISHED 1876, 49 YEARS AGO.

The Daily Newspaper with the largest circulation in South India.

The Hindu.

THEREFORE

THE BEST MEDIUM FOR ADVERTISEMENTS.

For rates apply to:—The MANAGER,
100, Mount Road, Madras, (P. Box 516.)

An Annual SUPPLEMENT is also published every year at the time of the Xmas, with useful information for reference at all times.

POONA HORSE SHOW.

WINNERS.

POONA, Sept. 24.

Judging in connection with the Poona Horse Show began this morning on the Hospital Corps Hockey Ground. There has been good all round entry this year and fair average class is showing in most events. The cups presented by H. H. the Maharaja of Kolhapur in the class for English and Colonial horses was won by Mr. Tom Harrison's Rakings. The cup presented by His Excellency the Governor's Staff in the class for English and Colonial ponies went to Major H. De N. Lucas's Robina. Major H. J. Glendenning's Melwood carried off H.H. the Aga Khan's Cup in the country-bred class and also won the Silver Medal presented by the National Horse Breeding and Show Society of India for the winner in this class. No. 2 team of the Royal West Kents came first in the Machine Gun Class in which all teams were well turned out and No. 1 team of the Shropshire Light Infantry were adjudged winners in the Lewis Gun Team class. In the Indian Units class for troop horses No. 1 entry from 3rd Cavalry was adjudged best. After an exhaustive trial the judges awarded first place in the Hack class to Mr. J. F. Sanderson's Bazozi, at the same time greatly commending several other exhibits.

The other results were as follows: Jumping for horses British ranks No. 128, 72nd Field Battery R.F.A. Jumping for Horses, Indian Ranks, No. 25, 3rd Cavalry. English and Colonian Polo ponies light weight: Capt. G. L. Hasting's Norma Chargers. Dismounter units: Capt. R. B. Perce's Potiphar. Open chargers:- Lt.-Col. R. Johnston's Brocade, Arab and C. B. Polo Ponies: 2nd Lieut. Saugster's Marconi.—A.P.

BURMA COUNCIL.

NO WITHDRAWAL OF CR. L. A. ACT NOTIFICATION.

RANGOON, Sept. 24.

At the Burma Legislative Council yesterday the House divided for the first time in this session over a non-official resolution, which recommended cancellation of the notification under the Criminal Law Amendment Act. It evoked long and lively debate and resulted in the defeat of the resolution by thirty-nine votes to thirty-seven.

The Government attitude was one of uncompromising opposition to th resolution.

Another important resolution moved by the leader of the Nationalist Party, recommended to Government to urge the India Government to allocate to Burma export duty on rice and excise duty on petrol and kerosine oil.

The resolution was carried.—A. P.

VILLAGE PANCHAYAT IN C. P.

YEOTMAL, Sept. 24.

In pursuance of the announcement made by His Excellency the Governor in his speech at the recent session of the C. P. Legislative Council, a committee of officials and non-officials is in the course of being formed with a view to examine and report on the policy which should be adopted by Government with regard to the working of the Village Panchayet Act, 1920. The Committee will be asked to report on the policy to be followed by Government particularly with regard to the type of villages in which punchayets should be formed and the comparative importance which should be attached to the judicial and administrative functions of the punchayets, respectively and to consider and report on the steps, if any, which should be taken by Government in order to bring the Act into practical working.

Mr. D. K. Kane, M. L. C., who has been asked to work on the Committee is understood to have signified his assent.—A.P.

FIRST CO-OPERATIVE FILM SOCIETY

LAHORE, Sept. 24.

The Registrar of Co-operative Societies (Punjab) has registered Topical and Educational Films Cooperative Society Limited, Lahore, under Act 2 of 1912. The Society is the only film-producing society in India registered under the Co-operative Societies Act and is the first society for producing Indian films in the Punjab. The Society hopes to put its first programme on the market in the ensuing cold weather. It will include films on topical and educational subjects, also such films as will be useful to agriculturists, businessmen and manufacturer in general.—A.P.

BIG PRICE REDUCTION IN SECOND HAND CARS

1. A 30 H. P. 1920 model, Daimler. Double landaulette, beautifully fitted and upholstered. Rudge Withworth wire wheels, 2 spare. C. A. V. Dynamo lighting and Starter. In splendid order. Price Rs. 15,000/-.
2. A 10 H. P. 1922 model, Wolseley with luxurious Coupe' body upholstered. Bedford cord. C. A. V. Dynamo lighting and Starter. Condition perfect. Price Rs. 2,500/-.
3. A. Willys Knight, Sedan, beautifully fitted and upholstered. Practically new. Price Rs. 6,000/-.
4. Five Overland Cars model "4" 1920 in perfect running order. Price Rs. 1,500/- each.

Apply to:—

THE HAKIM GARAGE,
Alwar.

2619

Gives freshness to the skin

If you use Icilma Cream regularly you will find your skin fresh and smooth—complexion clear and free from blemishes. This is because Icilma Cream *is entirely different from all others*—it works in a different way, for it alone contains the famous natural water, and this *stimulates* the skin to beauty.

For sunburn and prickly heat there is nothing so beneficial as Icilma. Icilma *contains no animal fat*, and is untouched by hand

Icilma Cream

Of all good Chemists and Stores. British made—British owned—and best. Manufactured by International Icilma Trading Co., Ltd., London, ENGLAND.

Good for sunburn and prickly heat

I.C.18

Ride a Guaranteed-for-Ever

RALEIGH

THE ALL-STEEL BICYCLE

With Sturmey-Archer 3-speed gear, Dunlop tyres and the best of everything.

Send for "The Book of the Raleigh" free.

WELLINGTON CYCLE AND MOTOR COMPANY,
313, Hornby Road, Fort, BOMBAY.

"As True as Steel."

FANCY SILVERWARE AND ARTISTIC IVORYWORK

SUITABLE FOR

DIVALI PRESENTATION.

THE

BOMBAY SWADESHI Co-op. STORES Co. Ltd.,

TIMES BUILDING, FORT, - - - - BOMBAY.

EXIT Sleepless nights and restless days

Those sharp, shooting knife-thrusts of misery that rob you of your sleep by night and ease by day, must disappear when you use the World's Best Remedy.

LITTLE'S ORIENTAL BALM

has been found of inestimable value in the cure of Rheumatism, Sciatica, Neuralgia, Headaches, Sprains, Strains—all Aches and Pains.

Keep a bottle handy. — It is sold everywhere.

(13-L-25)

COTTON TELEGRAPHIC INFORMATION SERVICE

EST. UNDER THE GUIDANCE OF SETH VRAJLAL RANCHHORDAS TARWALA.

BOON TO COTTON MERCHANTS

We have pleasure in announcing that having had wide experience as Commission Agents for 15 years in Cotton, Linseeds, bullion, etc., markets, we have now organised a Special Service for giving instantaneous and effective information as to the prevailing rates for these markets and as to the tone of the markets of the important world centres, and the fluctuations thereto, and have carefully and at great cost selected a staff of experienced and able hands for the purpose.

We have experienced and influential Agents in the New York, Liverpool and London Markets, who supply us by cable hourly information relating the tone and fluctuations in the markets there, and we undertake to transmit them to our constituents promptly through our efficient staff together with any information that may be desired by them with regard to the Bombay markets.

In addition to telegraphic information, we also furnish weekly reports regarding the general condition of the market and the forecasts for the week to follow.

We charge a comparatively very moderate commission of Annas Eight per telegram relating to (1) Bombay markets rates or (2) Liverpool opening quotations and fluctuations; or (3) New York futures—opening, closing etc.—and any information relating to the tendency of the markets.

Information as to the rates of Liverpool and New York, and the fluctuations there upto 8 and 10 points respectively, will be supplied immediately by telephone service to the Local constituents as also to those at outside stations such as Ahmedabad, Surat, Sholapur, Poona etc.—having trunk telephone connections, at rates which would be quoted on application.

Constituents desiring to have direct telegrams from our foreign Agents should negotiate with us.

Our Private Code will be supplied to those who desire to use it for communications.

N. B.—The Service will only be commenced on receipt of sufficient deposits, to be replenished from time to time, to meet the charges.

MANAGER
COTTON T. INFORMATION SERVICE,
Ismail Building, Hornby Road,
Fort, BOMBAY.

Tel. 21788 and 23582 — Telegrams "Comealong"

"COTTON INDUSTRY IN INDIA"

JAPANESE COMPETITION

SERIES OF SPECIAL ARTICLES

Reprinted from the

"BOMBAY CHRONICLE"

Price As. -/8/- per Book

Can be had from the

"BOMBAY CHRONICLE" PRESS,

139, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay.

PRIMAPHONE

CABINET-GRAND

ELECTRIC MOTOR

MOTOPHONE Patented Direct drive, non-fluctuating ELECTRIC MOTOR, the only successful electric gramophone motor adopted by the World's leading gramophone manufacturers.

Absolutely universal on all Volts. Currents and Periods without resistence, giving uniform speed from start to finish.

Price: No. 245 Rs. 200 delivered free at any Railway Station in India.

BOMBAY PHONO GENERAL AGENCY.

520—22, Kalbadevi Road, BOMBAY. 1

THE SIMPLICITY
with which it is prepared for an infant's feeding is an exceptionally commendable feature in the use of—

Mellin's Food

and a mother or a nurse can readily comply with the doctor's directions without error or confusion. Simply dissolve MELLIN'S FOOD in hot water and add FRESH MILK.

UNTOUCHED BY HAND.

Of all Chemists and Storekeepers throughout INDIA

GERMAN GIN-PARTS

EQUAL TO THE BEST!
YET CHEAPER than any Competitor!
SINCE 5 YEARS IN THE MARKET!
NO AGENTS, NO MIDDLEMEN, HENCE CHEAPER!

MANUFACTURERS:

Pioneer Mill-Stores Trading Co

NAGDEVI STREET, BOMBAY.

(While writing use only this address: Post Box No. 661 Bombay).

Before you purchase any gin parts or gin stores, you will surely be the gainer if you take care to consult the manufacturers themselves at their Nagdevi Office,

A WATCH IS A NECESSITY OF MODERN LIFE.....
THERE ARE MORE SMALL THAN LARGE PURSES.....
A SCHOOL BOY REQUIRES TO PLEASE HIS MASTER....
AN OFFICE CLERK IS IN NEED TO PLEASE HIS SUPERIORS

THEREFORE PURCHASE TO-DAY

Fine silver wrist Watch Gent size 12" fully-jewelled lever movement STRONG & ACCURATE timekeeper "LODI" @ Rs. 12/- each.

Guaranteed for five years.

THE ONLY ADDRESS,

MOHANDAS KAMALSY

WATCH AND CLOCK DEALERS
NEXT TO MUMBADEVI POST

BOMBAY 2. : : : : Post Box 2138
Established 1883. Telephone : 25625.
Telegrams :-CLOCKTOWER.

IF YOU ARE WEARING SPECTACLES OR EYEGLASSES INSIST THAT THE LENSES ARE MADE OF VITREX GLASSES.

The Vitrex is the latest optical Glass absolutely colourless but which by its Chemical Composition, absorbs all those rays which irritate the eyes, and consequently comfort your eyes, imparting to them a very cooling sensation.

Reports confirming the wonderful properties of the Vitrex have been received from the following Scientists, and Scientific institutions, and will be sent to you for the asking.

Sir Oliver Lodge, F. R. S., F. I. C., F. A. C., National Physical Laboratory (Teddington), Bureau of Standards (Washington) U. S. A., Institute D'Optique, (Paris), France, Physikalish-Technische Reichsanstalt, (Germany), etc. etc.

—:o:—

BALIWALA & HOMI,

MAKERS OF DISTINCTIVE SPECTACLES & EYEGLASSES

279, HORNBY ROAD AND 361, KALBADEVI ROAD,
OPP. WHITEAWAY LAIDLAW BOMBAY CORNER HANUMAN STREET.

THE WAR IN MOROCCO.

ABDEL KARIM'S CHANCES.

Sir Charles Hobhouse, writing in the "Manchester Guardian" about the war in Morocco says:—

Long years of warfare have taught the leader (Abdel Karim) and his followers the wisdom of organisation. One-third of the fighting men are kept mobilised; the remainder are employed in agriculture. Bands move with extreme rapidity, and carry only rifle, cartridges, and bread, this last being so hard that it can only be eaten when soaked in water, and sustaining that no other commissariat is necessary. One example of their mobility will suffice. Recently the French located one of the few strongly fortified and garrisoned Riffi posts. With great labour they brought guns and men to bear upon it, only to find the garrison had slipped round their flank and raised the tribes to a depth of forty miles behind their lines. The Riffi are well armed, are excellent shots and, partly by illicit purchase in the past from venal and short-sighted Spanish troops and partly also by purchase from Hamburg of some 25,000 tons of war material, they are well equipped with munitions. Captures from the French of large stocks of rifles, cartridges, and uniforms, and even of some heavy guns, are also equipping them for a prolonged struggle. The same sources of supply appear to be open for the future. The really efficient blockade of the littoral by France and Spain has been rendered more difficult owing to the capture of the big guns just mentioned. The Spanish forces in Morocco, despite the efforts of the Directory, continue the sale of cartridges and connive at other traffic. The French are losing isolated posts by direct attack, and independent columns are being surprised. Both yield invaluable stores of all kinds to the victors, while a repulse or defeat of the Riffi entails on the vanquished merely the loss of the ground fought over.

The Riffi have, moreover, the military advantages of interior lines, of a rugged mountain fortress, with a terrain screened from observation by scrub and boulders. Their political and military command is "unified" and their military plan and political purpose simple and single-hearted, neither of which can be said of their opponents. Their dangers will begin, no doubt, after the war itself is over. When once the perils and efforts which have forced cohesion upon them are past, will the ambition and genius of their leader avail to overcome tribal traditions of independence? Abdel Krim has proved himself extraordinarily successful as a military leader. Starting with no other support than the indomitable racial pride of his fellow-countrymen he has supplied his country's and his people's wants from the funds and storehouses of both domestic and foreign enemies. The late Moroccan chieftain Raisuli, the Spanish Governments and generals, Marshal Lyautey, and the higher war command in Paris have all alike contributed to the wealth and military resources of this adventurous Riffi. His is a most remarkable story, and but for the remoteness of the theatre in which the drama has been developed and for the obscurity in which the defeated Spanish and French leaders have striven to hide their failures the achievements of this partisan leader would have a world-wide circulation and appreciation.

It is thought that he will have difficulty in the actual conduct of negotiations, and even greater subsequent difficulty in controlling the dominions surrendered to him. But who taught him the art of war? Certainly not the Europeans, who only deserted to him after he had won victory at their expense. Our knowledge of the events in the Riff points to an organised rationing of the population, to an organised use of forces in strength proportioned to the manpower and to the purpose to be achieved, to the organised use of the captured artillery against the blockading ships, and to the reasonable care of the captured French and Spanish soldiery, as far as the refusal by those countries to permit of a supply of medical comforts allow of even the most elementary treatment. The organiser in war should develop into the organise in peace. His difficulty will lie in restraining his own ambition and in his willingness to be a real ruler in a smaller sphere, with a lesser title, rather than a temporary despot in a country only part of which is native to him, and the remainder of which, by long tradition, has been alien and even hostile.

CHANCES OF SUCCESS.

Apart from his own resources, what are his chances of final success? They seem considerable. Both the French and Spanish Governments are well aware that the Moroccan War is unpopular with their electorates. It is no less unpopular in the armies at the front. Reputations are losable by the higher officers, and so far none has been gained. For the rank and file there is a trying climate, malaria, a skilful, brave, and elusive foe who allows no rest, while there is no objective which, once gained, ensures victory. The Spanish are withdrawn to their bases on the sea, and support with sardonic lethargy the movements of their French rivals, under whose criticising harrow they conducted their own operations for these past twelve years. The French, who have probably 30,000 European and probably 120,000 native troops in the field, are stretched along a frontier of about 160 miles. The Europeans are by their youth and want of training unfitted immediately to sustain the fatigues of a campaign in a country so hot, so barren, and so mountainous as the Riff. Their losses of killed, wounded, sick, and prisoners are serious, and are never reported in full. The political situation in France denies to the Government the power of calling up the French reserves, while it operates in Tunis, Syria, and Morocco, and even in Algeria itself, to forbid a much larger employment of native troops.

A CASE FOR GENEVA.

It looks, then, as if the Riffi could hold the French until the external situation forced the latter to acquire—and I use the words deliberately—an early peace. The Spanish also have every interest in an early and final peace.

England and Italy desire an unobstructable entrance to the Mediterranean. Spain wishes to prevent any further encirclement by France. France desires undisputed entrance to the Mediterranean and the absence of any European competitor in North-west Africa. The Riffi representing their universal though silent desire of their compatriots, hope for the elimination of European control over Morocco. Here, surely, if ever there be one, is an "international" problem. Europe collectively stands to lose seriously if France and Spain fail in their campaigns, and their chances of success are none too good. The international territory at Tangier is neither satisfactory in extent nor rightly governed. Commercial interests of all European countries trading with Morocco are at a standstill, and yet the hinterland is rich.

A conference under the League of Nations to reconsider the whole problem could not be unfair to any interest concerned. Mr. Austen Chamberlain has done at the Foreign Office a supremely wise thing in refusing to be concerned in the blokade of the Riff. Let him complete his work by carrying the Anglo-French declaration of April, 1904 which has ever since governed international relations in Morocco, to Geneva for reconsideration on the lines of general reciprocal renunciation in North-west Morocco.

THE STANDARD TREATMENT FOR

ASTHMA

AND

BRONCHITIS

PRESCRIBED BY THE MEDICAL PROFESSION

One of our most eminent Asthma Specialists says:—"I have not seen one who, if there were no serious complications, no matter how long the duration of the Asthma, could not be cured."

THE GREATEST OF ENGLAND'S PHYSICIANS have used and prescribed DR. HAIR'S ASTHMA CURE, and doctors are everywhere prescribing it for their patients, acknowledging its phenomenal success and sound principles.

THE ROYAL PHYSICIAN Sir Morell MACKENZIE, who said he knew many people benefited by using Dr. Hair's asthma cure,

PROFESSOR G. J ALLMAN, M.D., F.R.S., LL.D., late President of the British Association (the greatest scientific society in the world) and himself a sufferer, from Asthma, said he had used DR. HAIR'S ASTHMA CURE with "Marked success."

DR. HAIR explains in his booklet how his treatment "Will enable the patient in two or three days to sleep in bed without suffering, and if the directions are followed, Health, Strength and Flesh will be rapidly restored."

To-day the General Public are equally emphatic. Countless grateful testimony speaks more for the efficacy of Dr. Hair's Asthma Cure than anything else that can be said.

A few extracts from recent testimonials:—

A Doctor writes, 16th August, 1924:—

"The sick should not be allowed to suffer when we have your excellent Asthma Cure. My patients who have suffered five to fifteen years ask me why I have not given them this remedy before. I can only recommend it and congratulate you."

Mrs. P. Wallace Writes, "It is a sure cure in my case. Can now go upstairs and need not sit down until I get my breath."

H. M. Barucha writes, "My brother was cured and recommended the Mixture to me. I have taken only a few doses of it and feel the beneficial effects."

A. E. Kopti, Surat, writes, "I have tried many other medicines and consulted Doctors also, but no satisfactory results received. After reading the advertisement in the papers I tried Dr. Hair's "Asthma Cure" and now I am quite well."

DR. HAIR'S BOOKLET ON ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS AND CATARRH, WHICH CONTAINS MUCH HELPFUL INFORMATION AND TESTIMONY, CAN BE OBTAINED FREE FROM THE ADDRESS BELOW.

Remember, with delay, asthma may become chronic. A simple case may at any time become a complicated one. Ask your chemist for a bottle of Dr. Hair's Asthma Cure (it is packed in a green carton) and prove the happy experience of countless others.

Dr. HAIR'S ASTHMA CURE.

Estd. 1876.

THE PROVED LIQUID CURE.

A helpful booklet will be sent free to all persons filling in and sending the coupon to—

Dr. HAIR'S INDIAN DEPOT, POST BOX No. 431, BOMBAY.

Please send me gratis and post free a copy of Dr. Hair's Booklet on Asthma and Bronchitis:—

Name .....

Address .....

B O. .....

WONDER! A New Novel invention WONDER!!! in Indian Clothing!!

NEW FASHION IN ONE COAT SPORTING & UNSPORTING

"DOUBLING COAT"

Price Cotton Rs. 6-8-0. Woollen Rs. 12-8-0. Two Dresses in one day!!!

For Daily use:—TILAK COAT Rs. 2-4-0. Lok. Shirt Rs. 1-4-0 RAO SAHEB COAT Rs. 4-4-0 Twill Shirt Rs. 1-8-0. LOKMANYA COAT Rs. 3-8-0.

All sorts of Readymade Clothes and cloth are available for sale at comparatively moderate rates at our

GRAND SHOP:—

SANGHAVI BROTHERS

Girgaum, Khatao Building, BOMBAY.

Branch;—AT BUDHWAR PETH, POONA.

Mhatre's Art Studio.

Photograph of the Memorial bust of the late

RAI PANNALALJI MEHTA.

C. I. E., Dewan of Udaipur State.

(by G. K. Mhatre.)

Works in Marble and Bronze Statues both Ideal and Memorial as well as Portraits, Designs, etc. executed to order.

Proprietor:—

G. K. MHATRE,

Sculptor.

Sandhurst Bridge, Chowpatty.

BOMBAY 7.

When Trifles .. ..
Worry You .. ..
You are run down and need

NERVINUS

(WITH GOLD)

AN AMAZING ELIXIR OF LIFE Indicated in HEAT LASSITUDE; TROPICAL DEBILITY; DYSPEPSIA; KIDNEY AND LIVER TROUBLES; ANAEMIA; BLOOD IMPURITIES, IMPOTENCY; Sexual or Seminal weakness, Loss of flesh, female disorders, etc. Month's use bottle Rs. 5. Ext Musk Liniment for Local Weakness Rs. 2-8. Both together Rs. 7. Guaranteed Harmless. V. P. charges extra. Lieut. G. Thoy, General Hospital, Landikatal—Patient derived great benefit by the use of Nervinus and Liniment. Dr. N. Massey, Ahmedabad—good to Neurasthenic patient. Mr. H. darter, Bombay.—quite a marvel. S. A. Rao, Esq. B. A. Deputy Collector, Vellore—Done me considerable good. S. Lone, Esq., Rangoon—I cannot live without Nervinus. Obtainable from Behar Chemical Works, Bhagalpur and Mihijam Tel: "CHEMISTS"—BHAGALPUR or direct from Agents: Thomson and Taylor Ltd., and Treacher and Co., Bombay, E. Speechly, Esqr Karachi, and Chemists and Druggists everywhere.

22-Ct. ROLLED WRIST WATCHES

This is a very new style watch fitted with high grade Swiss mechanism. Its design and finish will satisfy the most critical test. Very charming to look at and perfect timekeeper. Guaranteed for 5 years, Rs. 12-8,

18 Carat Rolled gold wrist watch Rs. 7.

Write to:—V. S. WATCH Co.,
Post Box 105 MADRAS.

PRICES REDUCED.

All kinds of stove prices have been reduced and Selling Primus No. 100 (folding) Stove complete for Rs. 9 only. Postage extra

D. R. WAGLE. STOVE SPECIALIST.

Tram Terminus, Girgaum.

FREE! FREE!!

Do you want "Secret of Happiness from conjugal encounter and "Good luck." If so apply for the Illustrated literature.

D. H. HOME.

P. O. Box No. 11416. Calcutta (Br. India.)

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 11 April, 2017

Blanket time is coming!

We manufacture Woollen Goods of every description :—

Tweeds,
Serges,
Flannels,
Overcoatings,
Unshrinkable Underwear,
Sweaters etc.,
and each article is guaranteed entirely Pure Wool.

LALIMLI Blankets give the maximum of warmth and wear because they are woven of Pure Wool.

They are made in a variety of weights and whether you live in Calcutta, Lucknow or Quetta we have just the right weight blanket for you.

LALIMLI
PURE WOOL

Superfine	8′ × 6½′	From Rs. **15-8**	to Rs. **21-12** each
No. 1	6′ × 5′	upwards From	Rs. **10- 0** each
No. 350	6′ × 5′	upwards From	Rs. **7- 8** each
No. 275	6′ × 5′	upwards From	Rs. **7- 0** each
No. 300	87″ × 54″	In Scarlet, Brown and Fawn	Rs. **11-8** each

Write direct for samples or enquire at our Local Agents.

For a light weight covering when sleeping beneath a punkah in the hot weather use a Lalimli Lohi.

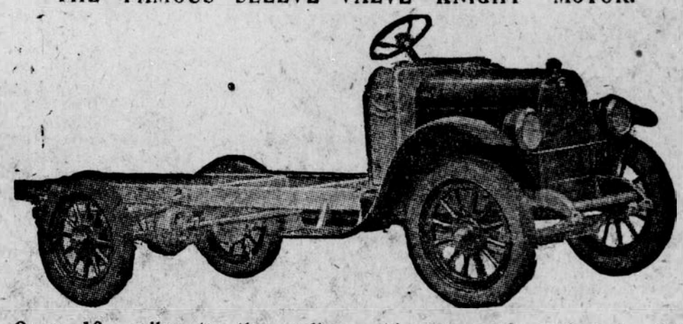
The CAWNPORE WOOLLEN MILLS Co
(BRANCH OF THE BRITISH INDIA CORPORATION LTD.)
CAWNPORE

L 155

Get Your Requirements
FROM
FOR DEVALI FESTIVALS
THE BOMBAY SWADESHI CO-OP. STORES Co., Ltd.
TIMES BUILDING, FORT, BOMBAY.

THE
FAMOUS
FEDERAL-KNIGHT

NO VALVES TO GRIND. NO CARBON CLEANING. 50 PER CENT SAVING IN UPKEEP. GREATER STRENGTH. LIGHT WEIGHT.
THE ONLY TRUCK IN THE WORLD POWERED BY THE FAMOUS SLEEVE VALVE KNIGHT MOTOR.



Over 18 miles to the gallon. 46 per cent saving in Oil consumption. 50 per cent economy. 50 per cent more power

CALL in
We will give you a trial run.
CHASSIS:
Price Rs. 4,750
FRENCH MOTOR CAR Co., Ltd.,
Telephone: 21717 — NEW QUEEN'S ROAD, — Telegrams: "DIAMOTO"
BOMBAY.

The Watch Adjusted to Temperatures & Timed in positions.

Guaranteed 3 Years

			Rs.
—Full Jewelled—			
Nickel	O. F.	19″	35
,,	,,	18″	37
,,	,,	17″	42
,,	,,	16″	42
Silver	L.	18″	48
,,	,,	17″	54
,,	,,	16″	51

Sole Agents :—
ABRECHT & Co.
199, Hornby Rd., Bombay.

MORINAGA CONFECTIONERY

DEMAND
ONLY

MORINAGA
"MILK CARAMEL"
A SPECIALITY

RUN TO
STOCKISTS :
Messrs. ABDULHUSSEIN NAZARALLI & COMPANY.
115, BAJIPALA LANE, BOMBAY.

SOLE AGENTS :—
MITSUI BUSSAN KAISHA Ltd.

BETTER BABIES.

There is nothing that brings such a happiness to family as a bright, healthy child, and nothing causes more sorrow than to see a Deformed child, or to have one who is not healthy, as such child is a living disgrace to the family.

We have such facts before us, yet we neglect. Therefore, anything that will improve the condition of Deformed Children must be welcomed by all of us. If your child is suffering from any Deformity, such as Spinal Curvature, Infantile Paralyses, Cure Legs or any other defects please do not fail to call at our place, and you will see how hundreds of Deformed children are attended to by us.

In addition to treating Deformed Children we take X-Ray Photographs in cases requiring same.

Our qualified Consulting Specialist has wide practical experience and enjoys the advantages of extensive studies in various subjects relating to Deformities.

From the 1st of January 1924. our House has been appointed by the SECRETARY OF STATE for India in Council to treat all cases of DEFORMITY and to prepare ARTIFICIAL LIMBS and ORTHOPAEDIC APPLIANCES for all deformed patients belonging to the Civil and Military Hospitals in India.

For information, please apply to the Superintendent, Zander Orthopaedic and Medico-Electric Institute.

N. POWELL & Co., BOMBAY.

SELF-SUPPORTING STEPS & LADDERS

These steps are well made in Birchwood and are the firmest and strongest. They are unsurpassed for lightness. When folded they occupy very little space, their extreme thickness being only 2¾ inches. The treads rise 10 inches and are 6 inches deep. The top tread is 7½ in. deep by 13 in. wide. All moving parts are rivetted.

PRICES ON APPLICATION.

CLUBWALLA & COMPANY,
44, Bastion Road, Fort, BOMBAY.

Printed and published for the Indian Newspaper Co., Ltd., by SORAB P. KAPADIA and edited by SYED ABDULLAH BRELVI at the "Bombay Chronicle" Press, Madows Street, Fort, Bombay.